

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of DMI Finance Private Limited

Report on the Audit of Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Standalone Financial Statements of DMI Finance Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Standalone Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025 and the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss, including the Standalone Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Standalone Statement of Cash Flows and the Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the Standalone Financial Statements, including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information for the year ended on that date ("the Standalone Financial Statement").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") prescribed under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the Standalone state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025 and its Standalone profit including Other Comprehensive Income, its Standalone Cash Flows and its Standalone Statement Changes in Equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("the ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements.

Emphasis of Matters

We draw attention to the following matters

Note 59 of the accompanying Standalone Financial Statements, which describes the event subsequent to the balance sheet date relating to the search operation conducted by the Income Tax Department under Section 132 of the Incometax Act, 1961 at the premises of the Company, in April 2025. The management has represented that it is in the process of evaluating the implications of the said proceedings, and that the outcome and the consequential financial impact, if any, are currently not ascertainable.

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Emphasis of Matters (Continued)

Note 58 of the accompanying Standalone Financial Statements, which describes that Reserve Bank of India ("RBI") on January 08, 2025 lifted the restrictions made on October 17, 2024 through supervisory action, to cease and desist from sanction or disbursements of loans.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of above matters.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2025. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report. We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying Standalone Financial Statements.

Key audit matters

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

(a) Impairment of loan assets as at balance sheet date (Expected credit losses) As described in note 7.1 of the Standalone Financial Statements

Ind AS 109: Financial Instruments ("Ind AS 109") requires the Company to provide for impairment of its loan assets using the expected credit loss (ECL) approach. ECL involves an estimation of probability-weighted loss on financial instruments over their life, considering reasonable and supportable information about past events, current conditions, and forecasts of future economic conditions which could impact the credit quality of the Company's loans and advances. As part of our risk assessment, we determined that the ECL on such loan assets has a high degree of estimation uncertainty. In this process, a significant degree of judgement has been applied by the management for:

- a) Defining Staging of loans (i.e. classification in 'significant increase in credit risk' ("SICR") and 'default' categories);
- b) Grouping of borrowers based on homogeneity by using appropriate statistical techniques;

Our audit procedures included the following:

- Evaluated the Company's accounting policies for impairment of loan assets and assessed compliance with the policies in terms of Ind AS 109 and with the governance framework approved by the Board of Directors pursuant to Reserve Bank of India guidelines issued on March 13, 2020.
- Evaluated the management estimates by understanding the process of ECL estimation and related assumptions and tested the controls around data extraction and validation
- Assessed the criteria for staging of loans based on their past-due status to evaluate compliance with requirement of Ind AS 109.
- Tested the ECL model, including assumptions and underlying computation. Tested the input data used for determining the Probability of default and

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- c) Estimation of behavioural life;
- Estimation of losses for loan products with no / minimal historical default; and
- e) Adjustments to model driven ECL results to address emerging trends and macro-economic factors and estimation of their impact on the credit quality.

In the view of such high degree of management's judgement involved in estimation of ECL, it is identified as key audit matter.

- loss given default rates and agreed the data with the underlying books of account and records.
- Tested the arithmetical accuracy of computation of ECL provision performed by the Company.
- Read and assessed adequacy of the disclosures included in the Standalone Financial Statements in respect of ECL with the requirements of Ind AS 107 Financial Instruments: Disclosure ("Ind AS 107") and Ind AS 109.

(b) Information technology ('IT') systems and controls

The financial accounting and reporting systems of the Company are fundamentally reliant on IT systems and IT controls to process significant transaction volumes. Automated accounting procedures and IT environment controls, which include IT governance, general IT controls over program development and changes, access to programs and data and IT operations, are required to be designed and to operate effectively to ensure appropriate financial reporting

Therefore, due to the pervasive nature and complexity of the IT environment, the assessment of the general IT controls and the application controls specific to the accounting and preparation of the financial information is considered to be a key audit matter.

Our audit procedures, with support from IT specialists, included the following:

- Tested the design and operating effectiveness of IT access controls over the information systems that are critical to financial reporting.
- Tested IT general controls (such as logical access, changes management and aspects of IT operational controls). This included testing that requests for access to systems were appropriately reviewed and authorised.
- Tested the Company's periodic review of access rights. We inspected requests of changes to systems for appropriate approval and authorisation.
- In addition to the above, we tested the design and operating effectiveness of certain application controls (automated and IT dependent manual controls) that were considered as key internal controls over financial reporting.
- Where deficiencies were identified, we tested compensating controls or performed alternate procedures.

Other Information

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report and Annual Report ("other information"), but does not include the Standalone Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Board's Report and Annual Report, is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



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Other Information (Continued)

In connection with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Responsibility of Management and those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including Other Comprehensive Income, Cash Flows and Changes in Equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone Financial Statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Standalone Financial Statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SA's will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements, whether due to
fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement
resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,
intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements (Continued)

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system with reference to Standalone Financial Statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Standalone Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Standalone Financial Statements, including the disclosures and whether the Standalone Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Standalone Financial Statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2025 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because of the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matter

The comparative financial information of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2024 were audited by predecessor auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those Standalone Financial Statements dated May 16, 2024. Accordingly, we do not express any opinion, as the case may be, on the figures reported in the Standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of above matter.



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Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure 1" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books except for the matters stated in the paragraph 2(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014;
 - (c) The Standalone Balance Sheet, the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss including the Standalone Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, and the Standalone Statement of Cash Flow and Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
 - (f) The modifications relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in the paragraph 2(b) above on reporting under Section 143(3)(b) of the Act and paragraph 2(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014;
 - (g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company with reference to Standalone Financial Statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 2" to this report;
 - (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements Refer Note 44(a) to the Standalone financial statements;
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material unforeseeable losses, other than those disclosed in the Standalone financial statements Refer Note 44(e) to the Standalone financial statements;



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Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements (Continued)

- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 57(vii) to the Standalone financial statements, during the year no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 57(vii) to the Standalone financial statements, during the year no funds have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (c) Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to the notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) of Rule 11(e) contain any material misstatement.
- v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year.
- vi. Based on our examination, which included test checks, and as per the information and explanations provided to us, except for the instances mentioned below, the Company has used various accounting software, namely Microsoft Navision and Salesforce for maintaining its books of accounts. These software has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) and the same has been operational throughout the year for all transactions recorded in the said software:

Instances when the feature of audit trail (edit log) in Microsoft Navision was not enabled:

- a) The audit trail feature at the application level was not enabled during the period from April 1, 2024 to April 18, 2024.
- b) The audit trail feature at the database level was not enabled during the following periods from April 1, 2024 to May 30, 2024 and August 12, 2024 to August 22, 2024.



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Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements (Continued)

Further, for the periods during which the audit trail (edit log) feature was enabled at the application level and remained operational, we did not come across any instance of the audit trail feature being tampered with. Additionally, as represented by the management, Microsoft Navision has inherent feature that entry once posted cannot be edited/deleted. The audit trail has been preserved by the Company in accordance with the statutory requirements for the record retention except for the audit trail feature not enabled during preceding financial year 2023-24.

For Nangia & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 002391C/N500069

Jaspreet Singh Bedi

Partner

Membership Number: 601788 UDIN: 25601788BMKSDT7459

Place: Mumbai Date: May 23, 2025

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"ANNEXURE 1" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF DMI FINANCE PRIVATE LIMITED

[Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section in Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of DMI Finance Private Limited on the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2025]

- (i) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and the situation of Property, Plant and Equipment and relevant details of right of use assets.
 - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets
 - (b) The Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its property, plant and equipment designed to cover all the assets over a period of one year which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to this programme all property, plant and equipment were physically verified during the current year. Accordingly, to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) There is no immovable property (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), held by the Company. Accordingly, reporting under clause (i)(c) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) and intangible assets during the year ended March 31, 2025. Accordingly, reporting under clause (i)(d) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (e) According to information and explanations given to us, there are no proceedings initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and Rules made thereunder.
- (ii) (a) The Company's business does not require maintenance of inventories and, accordingly, reporting under clause (ii)(a) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. The quarterly returns or statements filed by the company with such banks or financial institutions are in agreement with the books of account of the Company.
- (iii) (a) The Company's principal business is to give loans. Accordingly, reporting under clause (iii)(a) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the investments made, guarantees provided, security given, and the terms and conditions of the grant of all loans and advances in the nature of loans and guarantees provided are not prejudicial to the Company's interest.



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(c) According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of loans and advances in the nature of loans, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated by the company. Disclosures in respect of such loans have been provided in note no. 7.1 to the standalone financial statements. Having regard to the nature of company's business and voluminous nature of loan transactions, it is not practicable to furnish entity wise details of amount due, due date for repayment or receipt and the extent of delay in repayment.

Category of Ioan (gross)	Amount (In Rs. Millions)	Due date	Extent of delay (In days)	Remarks, If any
Consumer Loans	7,396.86	Various due dates	More than one day	-
Corporate Loans (Including credit substitute)	3,973.19	Various due dates	More than one day	-

Further, except for the instances where there are delays or defaults in repayment of principal and / or interest as at the balance sheet date, the parties are regular in repaying the principal and interest.

(d) In respect of loans and advances in the nature of loans (Including credit substitute), the aggregate amount of loans overdue for more than 90 days as at March 31, 2025 is Rs. 3,865.76 Millions and according to the information and explanation given to us, reasonable steps are being taken by the Company for recovery of the overdue amount of principal and interest. Disclosures in respect of such loans have been provided in note no. 7.1 to the standalone financial statements.

(In rupees Millions)

No. of cases	Principal overdue	Interest overdue	Total Overdue	Remarks, If any
14,960	3,608.71	257.04	3,865.76	-

- (e) The Company's principal business is to give loans and, accordingly, reporting under clause (iii)(e) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable.
- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us, and based on the audit procedures performed, the Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment to Promoters, related parties as defined in (76) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (iv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has complied with the provisions of sections 185 and 186(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, in respect of loans granted, investments made and guarantees issued and securities provided, as applicable and the other provisions of section 186 of the Act are not applicable to the company.
- (v) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has neither accepted any deposits from the public nor accepted any amounts which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013, and the Rules made thereunder, to the extent applicable. Accordingly, reporting under clause (v) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable.



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- (vi) The Company is not in the business of sale of any goods or provision of such services as prescribed u/s 148 (1) of Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, reporting under clause (v) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is generally regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, provident fund, cess, income-tax and other statutory dues applicable to it.

Further undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund which were outstanding at the yearend for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable are as follows:

Name of the statue	Nature of dues	Amount involved (Rs. In Millions)	Period to which the amount relates	Due Date	Date of Payment	Remarks, if any
The Employees Provident Funds & Miscellaneous provision Act, 1952	Employee Provident Fund	2.04	April 2022 to March 2025	Various	Not Applicable	-

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the dues of goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, service tax, and other statutory dues have not been deposited on account of any dispute, are as follows:

Name of the statute	Nature of the dues	Amount involved (Rs. In Millions)	Amount paid under protest (Rs. In Millions)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where the dispute is pending
The Central Goods & Services Tax Act, 2017	Goods & Services Tax	3.57	0.32	April 2019 to March 2020	Appellate Authority – (Commissioner)
The Central Goods & Services Tax Act, 2017	Goods & Services Tax	7.87	-	April 2020 to March 2021	Assistant Commissioner (GST)

- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transaction, previously unrecorded in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause (viii) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable.
- (ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender during the year.

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- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, we report that the Company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
- (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the term loans availed by the company were applied for the purposes for which the loans were obtained, though idle and surplus funds which were not required for immediate utilization were temporarily invested in liquid funds.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us, we report that the company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.
- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us, we report that the company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies.
- (x) (a) The Company has not raised any money during the year ended March 31, 2025, by way of initial public offer / further public offer (including debt instruments) and, accordingly, reporting under clause
 (x) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year ended March 31, 2025. Accordingly, reporting under clause (x)(b) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable.
- (xi) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year ended March 31, 2025, other than the instances of fraud amounting to Rs. 6.24 millions comprising of 93 instances noticed and reported by the management in terms of the regulatory provisions applicable to the Company, as mentioned in note 52(B)(V) of Standalone Financial Statements.
 - (b) During the year, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 has been filed by a secretarial auditor or by us in Form ADT 4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given and as represented to us, by the management, there are no whistle-blower complaints received by the company during the year.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company as per the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, reporting under clause (xii) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable.



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- (xiii) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with the Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, wherever applicable, and the details have been disclosed in the Standalone Financial Statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
 - (b) The internal audit reports of the Company issued till the date of the audit report, for the period under audit have been considered by us.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any noncash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors and accordingly, reporting under clause (xv) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvi) (a) According to the Information and explanations given to us and audit procedures performed by us, the Company has registered as Non-Banking Financial Institution as a Non-Deposit taking Systemically Important (NBFC-ND-SI) Company under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
 - (b) The Company has conducted Non-Banking Financial activities during the year and the company holds a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
 - (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, reporting under clause (xvi)(c) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable.
 - (d) According to the Information and explanations given to us, there is no Core Investment Company as a part of the Group, accordingly, reporting under clause (xvi)(d) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses in the current financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year ended March 31, 2025. Accordingly, reporting under clause (xviii) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable.
- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios disclosed in note 56 to the Standalone Financial Statements, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the Standalone Financial Statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

Registered office: 2nd Floor, B-27 Soami Nagar, New Delhi-110017, India

Corporate Office: Fourth Floor, Iconic Tower, URMI Estate, Ganpat Rao Kadam Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai – 400013, India



- (xx) (a) In respect of other than ongoing projects, there are no unspent amounts that are required to be transferred to a fund specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013, in compliance with second proviso to sub section 5 of section 135 of the said Act. This matter has been disclosed in note 36.2 to the Standalone Financial Statements.
 - (b) There are no unspent amounts in respect of ongoing projects, that are required to be transferred to a special account in compliance of provision of sub section (6) of section 135 of Companies Act. This matter has been disclosed in note 36.2 to the Standalone Financial Statements.

For Nangia & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm's Registration Number: 002391C/N500069

Jaspreet Singh Bedi

Partner

Membership No: 601788 UDIN: 25601788BMKSDT7459

Place: Mumbai Date: May 23, 2025

Registered office: 2nd Floor, B-27 Soami Nagar, New Delhi-110017, India

Corporate Office: Fourth Floor, Iconic Tower, URMI Estate, Ganpat Rao Kadam Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai – 400013, India



"ANNEXURE 2" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF DMI FINANCE PRIVATE LIMITED

[Referred to in paragraph 2(g) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section in our Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of DMI Finance Private Limited on the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2025]

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

To
The Members of
DMI Finance Private Limited

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to Standalone Financial Statements of DMI Finance Private Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on internal control over financial reporting with reference to Standalone Financial Statement criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to Standalone Financial Statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to Standalone Financial Statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.



Registered office: 2nd Floor, B-27 Soami Nagar, New Delhi-110017, India

Corporate Office: Fourth Floor, Iconic Tower, URMI Estate, Ganpat Rao Kadam Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai –

400013, India

Ph.: +91 22 4474 3400 | email: query@nangia.com | website: www.nangia.com

LLP Registration NO. AAJ-1379 (registered with limited liability)
Noida - New Delhi - Gurugram - Mumbai - Bengaluru - Chennai - Pune - Dehradun



Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to Standalone Financial Statement and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to Standalone Financial Statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to Standalone Financial Statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to Standalone Financial Statement is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Standalone Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to Standalone Financial Statement includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Standalone Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Standalone Financial Statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to Financial Statement, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to Standalone Financial Statement to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to Financial Statement may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.



Registered office: 2nd Floor, B-27 Soami Nagar, New Delhi-110017, India

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Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to Standalone Financial Statement were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025 based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

For **Nangia & Co. LLP** Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm's Registration Number: 002391C/N500069

Jaspreet Singh Bedi

Partner

Membership Number: 601788 UDIN: 25601788BMKSDT7459

Place: Mumbai Date: May 23, 2025

Registered office: 2nd Floor, B-27 Soami Nagar, New Delhi-110017, India

Corporate Office: Fourth Floor, Iconic Tower, URMI Estate, Ganpat Rao Kadam Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai –

400013, India

DMI Finance Private Limited Standalone Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025 (All Amount in Rs. millions, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
ASSETS			
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	8,939.10	10,259.51
Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents	5	2,482.26	1,151.79
Trade receivables	6	88.78	64.57
Loans	7	75,354.34	1,18,427.96
Investments	8	23,640.43	6,290.31
Other financial assets	9	598.58	1,171.09
Total financial assets		1,11,103.49	1,37,365.23
Non-financial assets			
Current tax assets (net)	10	1,434.05	128.56
Deferred tax assets (net)	11	2,171.07	2,043.48
Property, plant and equipment	12	142.53	141.04
Right of use assets	14	398.51	219.48
Capital work in progress	13 (a)	330.31	4.68
Intangible assets under development	13 (b)	3.71	2.54
Other intangible assets	15	35.73	
Other non-financial assets	16		30.97
Total non-financial assets	10	299.40	223.13
Assets held for sale		4,485.00	2,793.88
	17	75.00	75.00
TOTAL ASSETS		1,15,663.49	1,40,234.11
Financial liabilities Payables A) Trade payables	10/->		
A) Trade payables	18 (a)		
(i) total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises		8.11	25.33
(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and		1,054.16	1,573.33
small enterprises			
B) Other payables	18 (b)		
(i) total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises			
(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises		858.26	730.36
Debt securities .	19	9,267.30	8,862.16
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	20	34,664.21	59,509.28
Lease liabilities	21	460.69	265.29
Other financial liabilities	22	496.14	682.09
Total financial liabilities		46,808.87	71,647.84
Non financial liabilities			
Provisions	23	174.56	131.65
Other non-financial liabilities	24	148.07	295.34
Total non-financial liabilities		322.63	426.99
EQUITY			
Equity share capital	25	7,426.32	7,424.87
Other equity	26	61,105.67	60,734.41
Total equity	2.0	68,531.99	68,159.28
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	-	1,15,663.49	1,40,234.11
CONTROL AND STONE MODEL CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT	-	2,13,003.43	1,40,234,11

See accompanying notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statement.

In terms of our report attached

For Nangia & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 002391C/N500069

Jaspreet Singh Bedi

Partner

Membership Number: 601788

Place: Mumbai Date: May 23, 2025 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of DMI Finance Private Limited

CIN: U64990DL2008PTC182749

Shivashish Chatterjee (Managing Director) DIN: 02623460

Place: New York Date: May 23, 2025

Arpit Babeti (Interim Chief Financial Officer)

Place: New Delhi Date: May 23, 2025 Reena Jayara (Company Secretary)

Place New Delhi

Dates May 23, 2025

NEW DELHI

Place: New Delhi Date: May 23, 2025

Yuvra(a Chanakya Singh (Director) DIN 02601179

DMI Finance Private Limited Standalone Statement of profit and loss for the year ended March 31, 2025 (All Amount in Rs. millions, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Revenue from operations			
Interest income	27	25 440 40	20122
Dividend Income	27A	26,419.10	22,533.06
Fees and commission income	28		16.00
Net gain on fair value changes	29	3,712.55	3,409.14
Total revenue from operations	23	840.78 30,972.43	508.97
Other income	30	The second second	26,467.17
Total income	30	169.70 31,142.13	219.50 26,686.67
Expenses		- Jajardias	20,000.07
Finance costs			
Fees and commission expense	31	7,037.10	4,867.48
Impairment on financial instruments	32	2,026.11	1,584.00
Employee benefits expense	33	14,811.50	9,148.66
Oepreciation, amortization and impairment	34	2,015.46	1,634.04
Other expenses	35	157.93	116.40
Total expenses	36	5,016.77	3,860.03
A TOTAL CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF TH		31,064.87	21,210.61
Profit before tax		77.26	5,476.06
Tax expense/ (credit):			
(1) Current tax	47	152.30	2,226,12
(2) Deferred tax	47	(128.15)	(916.44)
Income tax expense		24.15	1,309.68
Net profit after tax for the year		53.11	4,166.38
Other comprehensive income			7,000,000
a) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
(I) Re-measurement gains/(loss) on gratuity		(3.68)	
(ii) Net gain/(loss) on fair value of equity instruments through		5.89	0.26
other comprehensive Income		3.69	0.23
(iii) Income tax relating to above Subtotal (a)		(0.56)	(0.12)
suototai (a)		1.65	0.37
b) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss			
(i) Gain/(loss) on Fair Value changes		1.0	
(II) Income tax relating to above			
obtotal (b)	-		
Nharan and a training to the state of the st			
Other comprehensive income (a+b), net of tax		1.65	0.37
Total comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		54.76	4,166.75
Earnings per equity share (face value of Rs. 10 per share)	37		
Basic (Rs.)	\$400	0.07	5.64
Diluted (Rs.)		0.07	5.57
		0.07	5.57

See accompanying notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statement.

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In terms of our report attached

For Nangia & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: 002391C/NS00069

Membership Number: 601788

Place: Mumbal Date: May 23, 2025

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For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of DMI Finance Private Umited

CIN: U64990DL2008PTC182749

Shivashish Chatterjee (Managing Director) DIN: 02623460

Place: New York Date: May 23, 2025

Arpit Baheti (Interim Chief Financial Officer)

(Company Secretary)

Place: New Delhi Date: May 23, 2025

(D)rector) D/N: 02601179

: New Delhi

May 23, 2025

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NEW DELHI

Place: New Delhi Date: May 23, 2025

DMI Finance Private Limited Standalone Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended March 31, 2025 (All Amount in Rs. millions, unless stated otherwise)

	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
A Cash flow from operating activities: Profit before tax Adjustments for	77.26	5,476.06
Depreciation and amortisation	157.93	116.40
Net gain on fair value changes	(840.78)	(508.97
impairment on financial instruments	16,330.27	10,523.23
Interest expense for leasing arrangements	43.74	23.73
Effective interest rate adjustment for financial instruments	(5,761.07)	v 400 - 500 M
Interest income	(26,262.82)	(6,295.24
Finance cost		(22,476.56
Dividend income	6,966.11	4,829.02
Liabilites no longer required written back	-	(16.00
Gratuity and compensation absences	52.04	(139.20
Interest income deposits with bank	63.91	37.87
Employee stock option/share warrant expense	(156.28)	(56.50
	309.66	345,39
Operating profit/(loss) before working capital changes	(9,072.07)	(8,140.77
(Increase)/Decrease in financial and other assets	32,966.11	(55,789.66
Increase/(Decrease) in financial and other liabilities	(324.49)	855,14
(Increase)/Decrease in non financial assets	(76.27)	(57.47
Increase/(Decrease) in non financial liabilities	(171.95)	56,99
Cash flow from/ (used in) from operations before adjustment of Interest paid and received	23,321.33	(63,065.77
Interest received	26,480.76	22,737.00
Interest (paid)	(7,236.03)	
		(4,624.26
Cash flow from/ (used in) from operations	42,566.06	(44,953.03
Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)	(1,457.79)	(2,168.90
Net cash flow generated from / (used in) operating activities (A)	41,108.27	(47,121.93
B Cash flow from Investing activities: Inflow (outflow) on account of: Purchase of Property, plant and equipment (including capital work-in-progress)/ intangible	(77.32)	(69.87
assets		
Purchase of investment	(1,39,321.82)	(78,645.31
Sale of investment	1,22,818.37	82,042.94
Dividend income		16.00
Movement of fixed deposits (net)	(1,330.47)	(591.69
Interest income deposits with bank	133.77	45.03
Net cash flow from / (used in) investing activities (B)	(17,777.47)	2,797.10
C Cash flow from financing activities: Proceed from issue of equity shares (including share premium)	8.29	21,585.97
Proceeds from borrowings		
Proceeds from borrowings (other than debt securities)	42,048.77	62,808.56
Repayment of borrowings (other than debt securities)	(66,997.00)	(27,369.22
Proceeds from debt securities	10,900.72	11,888.82
Repayment of debt securities	(10,501.25)	(19,879.53
Lease payments	(110.75)	(78.65
Net cash flow from/(used in) generated from financing activities (C)	(24,651.21)	48,955.95
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(1,320.41)	4,631.12
하는 사용하는 경기를 하면 하면 가게 되었다면 한 경기를 하는 것이 없었다. 그렇게 되었다는 것은 하는 것이 하는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없는 것이 없다면 하는 것이다.		
Cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the year	10,259.51	5,628.39
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	8,939.10	10,259.51
Notes:		
Components of cash and cash equivalents	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 202
Cook on hand		
Cash on hand	0.07	0.08
Balance with banks		
In current accounts and overdraft accounts	8,589.03	9,759.43
deposits with original maturity of less than 3 months	350,00	500.00
Total cash and cash equivalents	8,939.10	10,759.51

- 2) Statement of Cash Flows has been prepared under indirect method as set out in the IND AS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows"
- 3) For disclosure of investing and financing activities that do not require the use of cash and cash equivalents, refer note 45.

See accompanying notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statement.

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In terms of our report attached

For Nangia & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants

ICAl Firm Registration Number: 002391.C/N500069

Jasereet Singh Bedi Partner

Membership Number: 601788

Place: Mumbai Date: May 23, 2025 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of DMI Finance Private Limited

CIN: U64990DL2008PTC182749

Shivashish Chatteriee (Managing Director) DIN: 02623460

Place: New York
Date: May 23, 2025

Place: New York
Date: May 23, 2025
Arpit Baheti

(Interim Chief Financial Officer)

Place: New Delhi Date: May 23, 2025 Yuvraja Chanakya Singh (Director) DIN: 02603179

Place: New Delhi Dath: May 23, 2025

NEW DELHI

W

(Company Secretary)

Place: New Delhi Date: May 23, 2025

DMI Finance Private Limited Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2025 (All Amount in Rs. millions, unless otherwise stated)

A. Equityshare capital (refer note 25)

For the year ended March 31, 2025
Equity shere of IRR 10 each itsued, subscribed and fully paid
A April 0, 2028
Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors
Rezaded belin on at April 01, 2024
Issue of shure capital (Mote 25)
Reduction and cancellation of partly paid up phares
A March 31, 2025

For the year ended March 31, 2024
Advised cellby shares of IRR 10 each issued, subscribed and fully paid
Advised 12, 2023
Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period strors
Estated ebasinon: at April 101, 2023
Issue of share capital (Note 25)
At March 31, 2024

3. Other Equity (refer note 26)

res	500	900	423	262	7,426.32	Amount		•	142	998	800
Number of shar	79,81,80,008	79,81,80,008	1,45,423	5,56,93,262	74,25,32,169	Number of shares	71,24,58,1		71,24,68,142	8,57,11,866	79.81.80.008

			ACCEPTION OF THE PERSON OF THE	Acceptives and parpiles					Other Comprehensive Income	ensive Income		No. of Contract of	
Particulars	Statutory reserve u/s 45-IC of RBI Act	Securities premium	Share based payment outstanding reserve	Share warrant reserves	Capital redemption reserve	Upfront monies received on Share warrants	Retained earning:	Remeasurement received on Starre Retained earnings pain/lloss) on defined warrants benefit plan	Gain/{loss} on fair Value changes (Debt and Equity)	Realised Gain on Investments	Total other comprehensive income	Share application money pending allotment	Total other equity
de as on April 01, 2023	1,741.05	25,711.77	305.07	74.80	81.21	0.72	6,742.67	5.31	813.85	16.97	836.13		25.483.42
fortheyear	+	180	*	2.5			4,166.38						4 166 38
Comprehensive income for the year				*				0.19	(79630)	795.48	037		0.37
fer to special reserve	833 28	. *					(833.28)		*			•	•
dditions to share options during the year	*	*	291.50	1	9	•							291.50
options exercised during the year	14		(94.92)					-					[96.92]
application money received during the year				٠								1.84	1.84
warrants granted during the year			•	53 89				*	*				53.89
warrants exercised during the year	9	.*		(27.76)	7.								127.761
urn on issue of equity shares	*	20,849.69	(4.7)	*	9	•		*	٠			119	20,849.69
ice as on March 31, 2024	2,574.33	46,561.46	501.65	100.93	81.21	0,72	10,075.77	5.50	17.55	813.45	836,50	1.54	80,734.41
fortheyear	4			4	*	5	58.11					,	53.11
Comprehensive Income for the yearinet of tax)		•	,				*	[2,76]	4,41		1,65	,	1.65
for to special reserve	10.62		*	*	9		(1062)	9			i	•	
dditions to share options during the year			274.58		-	*							274 58
options exercised during the year			(2.58)	9	+	(it					,		17 581
application money received during the year		•	*	٠	*	4	*					000	
allotment from upfront money received in our year	9	27	*		3	100	(#	100		20	*	(1.84)	(1.84)
warrants granted during the year	*	*		35.08		*	*	*		*	(8)		30.08
warrants exercised during the year	*	.*	*		(+)	•	*		*				,
urm on issue of equity shares	+	1126	*		98	104				- ()*			11.26
ce as on March 31, 2025	2,584,95	46,572,72	773.65	136.01	81.21	0.72	10,118.26	2.74	21.96	813.45	838.15		61.105.67

See accompanying notes forming part of the Standa one Financial Statement.

in terms of our report attached

mber: 002391C/N500069 For Nangia & Co. LIP Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Num

Aembership Number 601788 Jaseppert Singh Bedi Place: Mumbai Date: May 23, 2025

Arpit Baheru (Interim Chief Financial Officer) Shivaship erattir jee (Managing Director) DRI 02623460 Place: New York Date: May 23, 2025

Place: New Delhi Date: May 23, 2025

NEW DELHI Reena wars (Company Secretary) Flace: New Delix Date: May 23, 2325 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of DMI Finance Private Jimited

DMI Finance Private Limited

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

DMI Finance Private Limited is a Private Limited Company ("The Company") incorporated on September 02, 2008 under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 having Corporate Identification Number is (CIN) U64990DI.2008PTC182749.

The Company is engaged in lending activities as a middle layered Non-Banking Finance Company (NBFC) regulated by the Reserve Bank of India ('RBI'). The Company had obtained its licence from Reserve Bank of India ('RBI') to operate as Non deposit Accepting Non Banking Financial Company (NBFC-ND) on January 05, 2009 vide registration No. RBI N-14.03176

The registered office of the Company is located at Express Building, 3rd Floor 9-10, Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg New Delhi.

These financial statements were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors on May 23, 2025.

Basis of preparation of Financial Statements

a) Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as prescribed in the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time and notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) along with other relevant provisions of the Act, the updated Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company – Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023 as amended from time to time and other applicable

The financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis as a going concern and under the historical cost convention except for the assets and liabilities measured at fair value as follows:

- certain financial assets and liabilities and contingent consideration is measured at fair value;
 assets held for sale measured at fair value less cost to sell;
- defined benefit plans plan assets measured at fair value; and
- share-based payments measured at fair value.

b) Presentation of financial statements

Presentation or financial statements
The Company presents its blaince sheet in order of liquidity. Financial assets and financial liabilities are generally reported gross in the belonce sheet. They are unly offset
and reported net when, in addition to having an unconditional legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts without being contingent on a future event, the parties also intend to settle on a net basis in all of the following circur

- . The normal course of business
- . The event of insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company and/or its counterparties.

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR) and all values are rounded to the millions, except when otherwise indicated

Summary of material accounting policies

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the Ind AS requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the accompanying disclosure and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, as at the reporting date. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the year in which the estimates are reviewed estimates are reviewed on the management's best knowledge of Current events and actions, uncertainty about those accomplions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future years.

In particular, information about material areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most material effects on the amounts recognized in the financial statements is included in the following notes:

I. Business Model Assessment

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the Solely Payments of Principle and Interest ("SPPI") and the business model test. The Company determines the business model at a level that reflects how Company's financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed. The Company monitors financial assets measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income that are derecognised prior to their maturity to understand the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held. Monitoring is part of the Company's continuous assessment of whether the business model for which the remaining financial assets are held continues to be appropriate and if it is not appropriate whether there has been a change in business model and so a prospectionage to the classification of those assets.

II. Impairment of financial assets

Judgement is required by management in the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows when determining an impairment allowance for loans and advances. In estimating these cash flows, the Company makes judgments about the borrower's financial situation. These estimates are based on assumptions about a number of factors such as credit quality, level of arrears etc. and actual results may differ, resulting in future changes to the impairment allowance.

Estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions requires determination of the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This estimate also requires determination of the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the share option, volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them

ly. Fair value measurement of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principle (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e. the exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.





DMI Finance Private Limited

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended March 33, 2025

v. Effective interest Rate ('EIR') method

The Company's Elit methodology, recognises interest income / expense using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected behavioral life of loans given / taken and recognises the offset of potentially different interest rates at various stages and other characteristics of the product life cycle (including prepayments and penalty interest and charges).

This estimation, by nature, requires an element of judgement regarding the expected behavior and life-cycle of the instruments, as well expected changes to India's base rate and other fee income/expense that are integral parts of the instrument.

vi. Defined employee benefit assets and liabilities

The cost of the defined benefit gratuity plan and other post-employment benefits and the present value of the gratuity obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its lung-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

b) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to immaterial risk of changes in value. In the balance sheet, any bank overdrafts, if applicable, are included as a component of borrowings.

c) Recognition of Income & Expenses

i. Interest income

Interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate ("EIR") method for all financial instruments measured at amortised cost, debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") and debt instruments designated at fair value through profit and loss ("FVPTL").

The EIR (and therefore, the amortised cost of the assets) is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter year, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. The calculation of the effective interest rate takes into account all contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment options) and includes transaction costs and fees that are an integral part of the contract but not future credit losses. Tansaction costs include incremental costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of financial asset.

The Company calculates interest income by applying the EIR to the gross carrying amount of financial assets, other than credit-impaired assets under stage 3. When a financial asset becomes credit-impaired and is, therefore, regarded as 'Stage 3', the Company calculates the interest to the extant recoverable. If the financial assets cures and is no longer credit-impaired, the Company reverts to calculating interest income.

il. Interest Expense

Interact expanse includes issue costs that are initially recognized as part of the carrying value of the financial liability and amortized over the expected life using the effective interest method. These include fees and commissions payable to arrangers and other expenses such as external legal costs, provided these are incremental costs that are directly related to the issue of a financial liability.

iii. Income other than interest

Revenue (other than for those items to which ind AS 109 Financial instruments are applicable) is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Ind AS 115 - "Revenue from contracts with customers" outlines a single comprehensive model of accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers.

A. Fee and commission income

All other financial charges such as late payment fee, legal charges, collection charges etc are recognized on receipt basis. These charges are treated to accrue on realization, due the uncertainty of their realization.

B. Net rain/loss on fair value changes

Any changes between the fair values of financial assets classified as fair value through the profit or loss, held by the Company on the balance sheet date is recognised as an unrealised gein/loss. In cases there is a net gain in the aggregate, the same is recognised in "Net gains on fair value changes" under Revenue from operations and if there is a net loss the same is disclosed under "Net loss on fair value changes" in the statement of profit and loss.

C. Dividend Income

Dividend income is recognized when the Company's right to receive the payment is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend.

D. Other Income

Income on units of mutual funds is recognized as and when redeemed based on the Net Asset Value on redemption date. The company also recognizes gain on fair value change of mutual fund measured at EVIPL. All Other income is recognized on accrual basis of accounting principle.





d) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at acquisition cost (including incidental expenses directly attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use) less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises the purchase price, non-rebundable taxes or levies, borrowing costs if capitalization criteria are met and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Subsequent expenditure related to PPE is capitalized only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with these will flow to the Company and the cost of item can be measured reliably. Other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed of as and when incurred.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any material part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is included in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

e) Intangible Assets

Intangible Assets are recognized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to assets will flow to the enterprise and the cost of the assets can be measured reliably. Computer software which is not an integral part of the related hardware is classified as an intangible asset, intangible asset, are measured and recorded at cost and carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any,

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intengible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

f) Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment's is calculated on written down value (WDV) basis. Depreciation is provided based on useful life of the assets as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 as under:

Particulars	Useful Life (years)
Furniture and Fixtures	10
Vehicle	8
Computer, printers & Servers	3-6
Office Equipment	5

Leasehold improvements and allied office equipment's are amortized on a straight-line basis over useful life estimated by management

Salvage Value of the assets has been taken five percent of Original Cost (except intangible assets) as prescribed in Schedule II.

Depreciation on assets acquired/ sold during the period is recognized on a pro-rata basis to the statement of profit and loss from/ upto the date of acquisition/ sale.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial period end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Amertization

Intangible assets are amortized on a Written Down Value (WDV) bacis. The Company estimates that useful life of an intangible asset will not exceed five years from the date when the asset is available for use. If the persusaive evidence exists to the effect that useful life of an intangible asset averands flue years, the Company amortizes the intangible asset over the best estimate of its useful life. The amortization period and the amortization that are reviewed at least at each financial year end. If the expected useful life of the asset is materially different from previous estimates, the amortization period is changed accordingly.

g) Leases

i. Company as a lessee:

The Company's lease asset classes primarily consist of leases for land and buildings. The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether:

- The contract involves the use of an identified asset
- The Company has substantially all the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and
- The Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

ii. Measurement and recognition:

At lease commencement date, the Company recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability on the balance sheet. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which is made up of the initial measurement of the lease liability, any initial direct costs incurred by the Company, an estimate of any costs to dismantle and remove the asset at the end of the lease, and any lease payments made in advance of the lease commencement date (net of any incentives received).

The Company amortize the right-of-use assets on a straight-line basis from the lease commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The Company also assesses the right-of-use asset for impairment when such indicators exist. At the commencement date, the Company measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments unpaid at that date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease if that rate is readily available or the Company's incremental borrowing rate.

Subsequent to initial measurement, the liability will be reduced for payments made and increased for interest. It is remeasured to reflect any reassessment or modification, or if there are changes in in-substance fixed payments. When the lease liability is remeasured, the corresponding adjustment is reflected in the right-of use asset, or profit and loss if the right-of-use asset is already reduced to zero.

Short term Lease

The Company has elected not to recognise right of use asset and lease liabilities for short term leases of property that has lease term of less than 12 months. The Company recognises lease payment associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over lease term.

Iil. Company as a lessor

As a lessor the Company classifies its leases as either operating or finance leases. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset, and classified as an operating lease if it does not.



h) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When scounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

I) Contingent liabilities and assets

I. Contingent liabilities

The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements Contingent liability is disclosed in the case of:

- A present obligation arising from past events, when it is not probable that an outflow of resources will not be required to settle the obligation.
- A present obligation arising from past events, when no reliable estimate is possible.
- A possible obligation arising from past events, unless the probability of outflow of resources is remote.

Contingent liabilities are reviewed at each halance sheet date

II. Contingent assets

Contingent assets are not recognised. A contingent asset is disclosed, as required by Ind AS 37, where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

I. Defined contribution plan

The Company pays provident fund contributions to publicly administered provident funds as per local regulations. The Company has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are accounted for as defined contribution plans and the contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If the contribution payable to the scheme for service received before the balance sheet date exceeds the contribution plansable. deficit payable to the scheme is recognized as a liability after deducting the contribution already paid. If the contribution already paid exceeds the contribution due for services received before the balance sheet date, then excess is recognized as an asset to the extent that the pre-payment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payment or a cash refund

The Company has unfunded defined benefit plans Gratuity plan for all eligible employees. The plan provides for lump sum payments to employees upon death while in employment or on separation from employment after serving for the stipulated years mentioned under 'The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972'. Liabilities with regard to the Gratulty Plan are determined by actuarial valuation at each Balance Sheet date using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in not interest on the net defined benefit

liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the nest defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to related earnings through OCI in the year in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent years.

Past service costs are recognised in statement of profit or loss on the earlier of: The date of the plan amendment or curtailment, and the date that the Company recognises related restructuring costs.

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset. The Company recognises the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation as an expense in the statement of profit and loss: Service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, gains and losses on curtailments and non-routine settlements; and Net interest expense or income.

Entitlements to annual leave are recognized when they accrue to the employees. Leave entitlements can be availed while in service of employment subject to restriction on the maximum number of accumulations. The Company determines the liability for such accumulated leave entitlements on the basis of actuarial valuation carried out by an independent actuary at the Year end

k) Taxes

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax

Current tax

Current tax is recognised based on tax rates and tax laws enacted, or substantively enacted, at the reporting date and on any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years. It is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the tax is recognised in the same statement as the related item appears.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised for temporary differences between the accounting base of assets and liabilities in the Balance Sheet, and their tax bases. Deferred tax is calculated using the tax rates expected to apply in the periods in which the assets will be realised or the liabilities settled. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date by the Company and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset basis the criteria given under Ind AS 12 'Income Taxes'





I) Earning per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss attributable to equity shareholders of the company (after deducting preference dividends and attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

authorized saves) of the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Parify paid equity shares are freated as a fraction of an equity share to the extent that they are entitled to participate in dividends relative to a fully paid equity share during the reporting period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as shared based payments, bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue, share spit, and reverse share split (consolidation of shares) that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings fer share, the net profit or loss for the period altributable to equity shareholders of the company and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity charge

A financial instrument is any contract that gives ise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

i. Financial Assets

A. Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets, with the exception of loans and advances to customers, are initially recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Lears and advances to usustiness are recognised on the trace date, i.e., the date that the company decimes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Lears and advances to customers are recognised when funds are disbursed to the customers. The classification of financial instruments at initial recognition depends on their purpose and characteristics and the management's intention when acquiring them. All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the

B. Classification and subsequent measurement

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in three categories:

- Debt instrument at amortised cost
- Debt instrument and equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)
- Debt instrument and equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss(FVTPL)

The classification depends on the contractual terms of the cash flows of the financial assets, the Company's business model for managing financial assets and, in case of equity instruments and the intention of the Company whether strategic or non-strategic. The seid dassification methodology is detailed below

Business model: The business model reflects how the Company manages the assets in order to generate cash flows. That is, where the Company's objective is solely to collect the contractual cash flows from the assets, the same is measured at amortized cost or where the Company's objective is to collect both the contractual cash To confect the contractions can move thom we assets, the same is measured as annual records or where the company a dispersive is to direct bounded to the contraction can be applicable (a.g. financial assets are held for trading purposes), then the financial assets are classified as part of 'other' business model and measured at FVTPL.

SPPI Assessment: The Company assesses the contractual terms of the financial assets to identify whether they meet the SPPI test. In making this assessment, the Company considers whether the contractual cash flows represent sole payments of principal and interest which means that whether the cash flows are consistent with a basic lending arrangement i.e. interest includes only consideration for the time value of money, credit risk, other basic lending risks and a profit margin that is consistent with a basic lending arrangement. Principal for the purpose of this test refers to the fair value of the financial asset at initial recognition

C. Debt Instruments at amortised costs

A debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- . Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method less impairment. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in interest income in the statement of profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

D. Debt instruments at FVTOCI

- A 'debt instrument' is classified as at the FVFOCI if both of the following criteria are met:
- The objective of the business model is activeed both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and
 The asset's contractual cash flows represent SPPI.

Debt instruments included within the FVTOCI category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value, Fair value movements are recognized in Debt instruments included within one PV DUC category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at rair value. Pair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI). However, the Company recognized interest income, impainment losses & reversals and foreign exchange gain or loss in the profit and loss. On derecognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to P&L. Interest earned whilst holding FVTOCI debt instrument is reported as interest income using the EIR method.





DMI Finance Private Limited

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

E. Debt Instruments at EVTDI

FVTPL is a residual category for debt instruments. Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as at FVTPL.

In addition, the Company may elect to designate a debt instrument, which otherwise meets amortized cost or FVTOCI criteria, as at FVTPL. However, such election is allowed only if doing so reduces or eliminates a measurement or recognition inconsistency (referred to as 'accounting mismatch'). Debt instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the P&L.

f. Derecognition

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party. If the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Company recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Company continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in profit or loss if such gain or loss would have otherwise been recognised in profit or loss on disposal of that financial asset.

On derecognition of a financial asset other than in its entirety (e.g. when the Company retains an option to repurchase part of a transferred asset), the Company allecates the previous carrying amount of the financial asset between the part it continues to recognise under continuing involvement, and the part it no longer recognises on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts on the date of the transfer. The difference between the carrying amount allocated to the part that is no longer recognised and the sum of the consideration received for the part no longer recognised and crudinative gain or loss allocated to it that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss or disposal of that financial asset. A cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is allocated between the part that continues to be recognised and the part that is no longer recognised on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts.

II. Equity Investments and Mutual funds

All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as held at FVIPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value. The Company makes such election on an instrument-by- instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at EVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI.
There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to Statement of profit and loss, even on sale of investment. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain
or loss within equity.

III. Financial Liabilities

A. Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified and measured at amortised cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for trading or it is designated as on initial recognition. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of base and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense are recognised in Statement of profit and loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognised in Statement of profit and loss.

The Company's financial liabilities include loans, debentures and borrowings including bank overdrafts and trade & other payables.

B. Loans, Debenture and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the Statement of profit and loss.

C. Financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortised cost

Financial liabilities that are not held-for-trading and are not designated as at FYTPL are measured at amortised cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. The carrying amounts of financial liabilities that are subsequently measured at amortised cost are determined based on the effective interest method. Interest expense that is not capitalised as part of costs of an asset is included in the 'Finance costs' line item.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.





DMI Finance Private Limited

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025

D. Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payments when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company are initially measured at their fair values and, if not designated as at FVTPL, are subsequently measured at the higher of:

- the amount of loss allowance determined in accordance with impairment requirements of Ind AS 109; and
- the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, the cumulative amount of income recognised.

E. Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired, An excharge between with a lender of debt instruments with substantially different terms is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability, similarly, a substantial modification of the terms of an existing financial liability, similarly, a substantial modification of the terms of an existing financial liability (whether or not attributable to the financial difficulty of the debtor) is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

G. Reclassification of financial assets and liabilities

The Company doesn't reclassify its financial assets subsequent to their initial recognition, apart from the exceptional circumstances in which the Company acquires, disposes of, or terminates a business line. Financial liabilities are never reclassified.

H. Impairment of financial assets

i. Overview of the impairment principles ('ECL')

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company is required to measure expected credit losses on its financial instruments designated at amortized cost and fair value through other comprehensive income. Accordingly, the Company is required to determine lifetime losses on financial instruments where credit risk has increased materially since its origination. For other instruments, the Company is required to recognize credit losses over next 12 month period. The Company has an option to determine such losses on individual basis or collectively depending upon the nature of underlying portfolio. The Company has a process to assess credit risk of all exposures at each year end as follows:

Stage I

These represent exposures where there has not been a material increase in credit risk since initial recognition or that has low credit risk at the reporting date. The Company has assessed that all standard exposures (i.e., exposures with no overdues) and exposure upto 30 day overdues fall under this category. In accordance with ind AS 109, the Company measures ECL on south assets over next 12 months.

Stage

Financial instruments that have had a material increase in credit risk since initial recognition are classified under this stage. Based on empirical evidence, material increase in credit risk is witnessed after the overdues on an exposure exceed for a period more than 30 days. Accordingly, the Company classifies all exposures with overdues exceeding 30 days at each reporting date under this Stage. The Company measures lifetime ECL on stage II loans.

Stage II

All exposures having overdue balances for a period exceeding 90 days are considered to be defaults and are classified under this stage. Accordingly, the Company measures lifetime losses on such exposure.

When estimating ECL on a collective basis for a group of similar assets, the Company applies the same principles for assessing whether there has been a material increase in credit risk since initial recognition.

II. The calculation of ECLs

The mechanics of the ECL calculation involve the use of following key elements:

Probability of default (PD) - The probability of default is an estimate of the likelihood of default over a given time horizon.

Exposure at default (EAD) – The Exposure at Default is an exposure at a default date.

Loss given default (LGD) – It represents an estimate of the loss expected to be incurred when the event of default occurs. The Company uses historical loss data/external agency LGD for identified pools for the purpose of calculating LGD.

lii. Definition of Default and cure

The Company considers a financial instrument as defaulted and classifies it as Stege III (credit impaired) for ECL calculations typically when the borrower bordays past due on contractual payments. The Company may also classify a loan in Stage III if there is material deterioration in the linear land is continuous an assessment that adverse market conditions may have a disproportionately detrimental effect on the loar payment. Thus, as a part of the qualitative assessment of whether an instrument is in default, the Company also considers a variety of instances that may indicate delay in or non-repayment of the loan. When such events occur, the Company carefully considers whether the event should result in treating the borrower as defaulted and therefore assessed as Stage III for ECL calculations or whether Stage II is appropriate.

Classification of accounts into Stage II is done when there is a material increase in credit risk since initial recognition, typically when contractual repayments are more than 30 days past due.

It is the Company's policy to consider a financial instrument as 'cured' and therefore re-classified out of Stage III or Stage III when none of the default criteria which resulted in their downgrade are present.

iv. Forward looking Information

While estimating the expected credit losses, the Company reviews macro-economic developments occurring in the economy and market it operates in. On a periodic basis, the Company analyses if there is any relationship between key economic trends like GDP, Unemployment rates, Benchmark rates set by the Reserve Bank of India, inflation etc. with the estimate of PD. LGD determined by the Company based on its internal data. While the internal estimates of PD, LGD rates by the Company may not be always reflective of such relationships, temporary overlays are embedded in the methodology to reflect such macro-economic trends reasonably.





v. Write-offs

Financial assets are written off either partially or in their entirety only when the Company has no reasonable expectation of recovery. If the amount to be written off is greater than the accumulated loss allowance, the difference recorded as an expense in the period of write off. Any subsequent recoveries are credited to impairment on financial instrument on statement of profit and loss.

vi.Collateral repossessed

The Company's policy is to sell repossessed assets. Non-financial assets repossessed are transferred to asset held for sale at fair value less cost to sell or principal outstanding whichever is less at repossession date.

n) Share based payments

Equity-settled share based payments to employees and others providing similar services are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date.

The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity settled share based payments is expensed on a straight line basis over the vecting year, based on the Company's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity. At the end of each reporting year, the Company revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The Impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss such that the cumulative expenses reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the Share Based Payments Reserve.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of diluted earnings per share.

o) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The Company's primary business segments are reflected based on the principal business carried out, i.e. lending activities as Non-Banking Finance Company (NBFC) regulated by the Reserve Bank of India ('RBI'). The risk and returns of the business of the Company is not associated with geographical segmentation, hence there is no secondary segment.

p) Interest in Subsidiaries, associate and Joint venture entities

Investment in subsidiaries and associate entities are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any, Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of the investment is assessed and written down value immediately to its recoverable amount. On disposal of investment in subsidiaries or the loss of material influence over jointly controlled entities, the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

q) Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

In the principal market for the asset or liability, or

In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is material to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is material to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.

Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is material to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is material to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting year.

3.2 New and Ammended Standards

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. For the year ended March 31, 2025, MCA has notified ind A5 – 117 Insurance Contracts and amendments to Ind AS 116 – Leases, relating to sale and leaseback transactions, applicable to the Company w.e.f. April 1, 2024. The Company has reviewed the new pronouncements and based on its evaluation has determined that it does not have any significant impact in its financial statements.





4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash on hand Balance with banks - balance in current accounts and overdraft accounts - balance in current accounts and overdraft accounts Deposits with original maturity of 3 months or less 5 Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents Deposit with original maturity of more than 3 months* 2,482.26 1,151.79 *Deposits being lien marked against corporate credit cards, overdraft, cash credit, WCDL accounts and pledged for PTC borrowings as external credit enhancement 6 Trade receivables Considered good - Unsecured Considered good - Secured Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk Receivables - credit impaired Less: Impairment loss allowance Total			As at March 31,	As at March 31, 2024
- balance in current accounts and overdraft accounts Deposits with original maturity of 3 morths or less Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents Deposit with original maturity of more than 3 months* Deposit with original maturity of more than 3 months* Deposits being lien marked against corporate credit cards, overdraft, cash credit, WCDL accounts and pledged for PTC borrowings as external credit enhancement Considered good - Unsecured Considered good - Secured Receivables — credit impaired Receivables — credit impaired East: Impairment loss allowance 88.78 64.57 64.57 64.57			0.07	0.08
Deposits with original maturity of 3 morths or less 350.00 500.00 8,939.10 10,259.51 5 Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents Deposit with original maturity of more than 3 months* 2,482.26 1,151.79 *Deposits being lien marked against corporate credit cards, overdraft, cash credit, WCDL accounts and pledged for PTC borrowings as external credit enhancement 6 Trade receivables Considered good - Unsecured 88.78 64.57 Considered good - Secured Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk Receivables - credit impaired Less: Impairment loss allowance 88.78 64.57				57055
5 Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents Deposit with original maturity of more than 3 months* *Deposits being lien marked against corporate credit cards, overdraft, cash credit, WCDL accounts and pledged for PTC borrowings as external credit enhancement 6 Trade receivables Considered good - Unsecured Considered good - Secured Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk Receivables - credit impaired 88.78 64.57 64.57 65.50 68.939.10 10,259.51			8,589.03	9,759.43
5 Bank balance other than cash and cashequivalents Deposit with original maturity of more than 3 months* *Deposits being lien marked against corporate credit cards, overdraft, cash credit, WCDL accounts and pledged for PTC borrowings as external credit enhancement 6 Trade receivables Considered good - Unsecured Considered good - Secured Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk Receivables - credit impaired 88.78 64.57 64.57 64.57 65.51		beposits with drightal maturity of 3 months of less	350.00	500.00
Deposit with original maturity of more than 3 months* 2,482.26 1,151.79 *Deposits being lien marked against corporate credit cards, overdraft, cash credit, WCDL accounts and pledged for PTC borrowings as external credit enhancement 6 Trade receivables Considered good - Unsecured Considered good - Secured Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk Receivables - credit impaired Less: Impairment loss allowance 88.78 64.57			8,939.10	10,259.51
Deposit with original maturity of more than 3 months* 2,482.26 1,151.79 *Deposits being lien marked against corporate credit cards, overdraft, cash credit, WCDL accounts and pledged for PTC borrowings as external credit enhancement 6 Trade receivables Considered good - Unsecured Considered good - Secured Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk Receivables - credit impaired Less: Impairment loss allowance 88.78 64.57	5	Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents		
*Deposits being lien marked against corporate credit cards, overdraft, cash credit, WCDL accounts and pledged for PTC borrowings as external credit enhancement 6 Trade receivables Considered good - Unsecured Considered good - Secured Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk Receivables - credit impaired Less: Impairment loss allowance				
Deposits being lien marked against corporate credit cards, overdraft, cash credit, WCDL accounts and pledged for PTC borrowings as external credit enhancement 6 Trade receivables Considered good - Unsecured Considered good - Secured Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk Receivables – credit impaired Less: Impairment loss allowance 88.78 64.57		Deposit with original maturity of more than 3 months	2,482.26	1,151,79
6 Trade receivables Considered good - Unsecured Considered good - Secured Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk Receivables - credit impaired Less: Impairment loss allowance 88.78 64.57			2,482.26	1,151.79
Considered good - Unsecured Considered good - Secured Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk Receivables – credit impaired Less: Impairment loss allowance 88.78 64.57		*Deposits being lien marked against corporate credit cards, overdraft, cash credit, WCDL accounts and pledged for PTC borrowings as external credit enhancement		
Considered good - Secured Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk Receivables – credit impaired Less: Impairment loss allowance 88.78 64.57	6	Trade receivables		
Considered good - Secured Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk Receivables – credit impaired Less: Impairment loss allowance 88.78 64.57		Considered good - Unsecured	88.78	64 57
Receivables – credit Impaired Less: Impairment loss allowance 88.78 64.57		Considered good - Secured		
Less: Impairment loss allowance 88.78 64.57		Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	-	·
Less: Impairment loss allowance		Receivables – credit impaired		
			88.78	64.57
Total88.7864.57			14	
		Total	88.78	64.57

Trade receivables from related parties (refer note 40)

Trade receivables ageing schedule

As at 31 March 2025

Particulars	Less than 6 Months	6 months 1 year	1 -2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good	88.78					88.78
Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit						-
risk						
Undisputed Trade receivable – credit impaired	2				-	
Disputed Trade receivables - considered good	2		-		2	
Disputed Trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk						
	4	4	21	19.1	¥	
Disputed Trade receivables - credit impaired			- 2	- 4		
	88.78	•				88.78

As at 31 March 2024

Particulars	Less than 6 Months	6 months- 1 year	1 -2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered good	64.57	9	*	(4)	*	64.57
Undisputed Trade Receivables - which have significant increase in credit						
risk						
Undisputed Trade receivable – credit impaired			41	4		
Disputed Trade receivables - considered good			*			
Disputed Trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk						
N (2)	3(5)			9		
Disputed Trade receivables – credit impaired						
	64.57	- 3	*			64.57

Note: The ageing of trade receivables has been determined from the transaction date





7 Loans

		s at March 31, 2025		A	s at March 31, 2024	
	Amortised cost	Fair value through other comprehensive income	Total	Amortised cost	Fair value through other comprehensive	Total
(A) Term loans					încome	
Corporate loans*	3,773.58	72.33	3,845.91	5.381.03		-
Consumer loans	77,423.34	*	77,423.34	117,500.40	104.87	5,485.90
Total (A) Gross	81,196.92	72.33	81,269.25	122,881.43		117,500.40
Less: Impairment loss allowance	5,904.81	10.10	5,914.91	4,546.53	104.87 11.81	122,986.30 4,558.34
Total (A) Net	75,292.11	62.23	75,354.34	118,334.90	93.06	118,427.96
(B)						
Secured by tangible assets and intangible assets	19,021.07	72.33	19,093.40	35,820.07	104.87	25 25 4 5 4
Unsecured	62,175.85		62,175.85	87,061.36	104.87	35,924.94
Total (B) Gross	81,196.92	72.33	81,269.25	122,881.43	104.87	87,061.36
Less: Impairment loss allowance	5,904.81	10.10	5,914.91	4,546.53	11.81	122,986.30 4,558.34
Total (B) Net	75,292.11	62.23	75,354.34	118,334.90	93.06	118,427.96
(C) Sector						
Public sector		191				
Others	81,196.92	72.33	81,269.25	122,881.43	104.87	122,986.30
Total (C) Gross	81,196.92	72.33	81,269.25	122,881.43	104.87	122,986.30
Less: Impairment loss allowance	5,904.81	10.10	5,914.91	4,546.53	11.81	4,558.34
Total (C) Net	75,292.11	62.23	75,354.34	118,334.90	93.06	118,427.96
(D)						
In India	81,196.92	72.33	81,269.25	122,881.43	104.87	122,986.30
Outside India			34,403.43	122,001.43	104.87	122,986.30
Total (D) Gross	81,196.92	72.33	81,269.25	122,881.43	104.87	122,986.30
Less: Impairment loss allowance	5,904.81	10.10	5,914.91	4,546.53	11.81	4,558.34
Total (D) Net	75,292.11	62.23			1000,700	The state of the s

^{*}The company does not have any loans outstanding from employees as on March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024.

Notes:

- 1) Loans are non-derivative financial assets which generate a fixed or variable interest income for the Company. The carrying value may be affected by changes in the credit risk of the counterparties.
- Ii) Secured Loans granted by the Company are secured by equitable mortgage/registered mortgage of the property and/or undertaking to create a security and/or personal guarantees and/or hypothecation of assets and/or receivables and/or pledge of shares/debenture units and other securities.
- iii) Corporate loan portfolio includes non-convertible debentures of Rs. 830.61 millions (previous year: Rs. 1,085.87 millions)
- (kMP) are provided in Note 40. There is no outstanding balance as on March 31,2025 and March 31,2024.





7.1 Impairment allowance for loans and advances to borrowers

Summary of loans by stage distribution is as follows:

Consumer loans		March 31, 2025				March 31, 2024				
Frank stands	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total		
Gross carrying amount	73,013.04	3,741.18	669.12	77,423.34		3.075.86	306.20	117,500.4		
Less: Impairment loss allowance	2,073.63	2,350.74	511.74	4,936.11	1,795.57	1.628.45	228.80			
Net carrying amount	70,939.41	1,390,44	157.38	72,487.23		1,447,41	77.40	3,652.8		

Corporate loans		March 31, 2025				March 31, 2024			
Construction of the Constr	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	
Gross carrying amount	679.87	776.56	2,389.48	3,845.91	2.489.14	883.86	2.112.90	5,485.90	
Less: Impairment loss allowance	12.72	175.73	790.35	978.80	132.64	111.32	661.56	905.52	
Net carrying amount	667,15	600.83	1,599.13	2,867.11	2.356.50	772.54	1,451,34	4.580.38	

Summary of credit substitutes and compulsory convertible debentures by stage distribution is as follows:

Credit substitutes and compulsory convertible debentures		March	31, 2025		March 31, 2024				
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	
Gross carrying amount			807.16	807.16			807.16	807.16	
Less: Impairment loss allowance	TA.		403.57	403.57			403.57	403.57	
Net carrying amount		*	403.59	403.59	+ .		403.59	403.57	

An analysis of changes in the gross carrying amount in relation to consumer and corporate lending (except credit substitutes and compulsory convertible debentures) is, as follows:

Consumer loans		March 3	1, 2025			March 31	. 2024	
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Gross carrying amount opening balance	114,118.34	3,075.86	305.20	117,500,40	57,309.78	1,690.44	113.81	59.114.03
New Assets originated, Netted off for repayments and loans derecognised during the year	(36,389,27)	(3,319.84)	(367.95)	(40,077.06)	59,073.22	(654,92)	(31.93)	58,386.37
Transfers from Stage 1	(4,759.32)	4,069.59	689.73		(2,400.26)	2,195.71	204.55	
Transfers from Stage 2	39.55	(86.62)	47.07	- 1	130.86	(156.05)	25.19	-
Transfers from Stage 3	3.74	2.19	(5.93)		4.74	0.68	(5.42)	-
Gross carrying amount closing balance	73,013.04	3,741.18	669,12	77,423.34	114,118.34	3,075.86	306.20	117,500,40

Corporate loans		March 3	1, 2025			March 31	, 2024	
10.50.00	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Gross carrying amount opening balance	2,489,14	883.86	2,112.90	5,485.90	8,153.99	1.784.28	2,240.59	12,178.86
New Assets originated, Netted off for repayments and loans derecognised during the year	(1,032.71)	(316.58)	(290.70)	(1,639.99)	(4,348.50)	(1,722.97)	(621.49)	(6,692.96
Transfers from Stage 1	(776.56)	776.56	4		(1,316.35)	822.55	493.80	-
Transfers from Stage 2		(567.28)	567.28		-		********	
Transfers from Stage 3		14		- 4				
Gross carrying amount closing balance	679.87	776,56	2.389.48	3,845.91	2,489,14	883.86	2.112.90	5.485.90

An analysis of changes in the gross carrying amount of Investments in relation to Credit Substitutes and Compulsory Convertible Debentures is, as follows:

Particulars		March	31, 2025		March 31, 2024				
Paroculars	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	
Gross carrying amount opening balance	+	-	807.16	807.16	3,462.35		351,99	3,814.34	
New Assets originated, Netted off for repayments and loans							newspringer (100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
derecognised during the year					(2,655.19)		(351.99)	(3,007.18	
Transfers from Stage 1					(807.16)	* 1	807.16		
Transfers from Stage 2		5+			-	9			
Transfers from Stage 3	190						+:		
Gross carrying amount closing balance	-	-	807.16	807.16		-	807.16	807,16	





An analysis of changes in the ECL allowances in relation to consumer and corporate lending (except Credit Substitutes and Compulsory Convertible Debentures) is, as follows:

Consumer loans*		March 3	1, 2025			March 31	2024	
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Expected credit loss allowance opening balance	1,795.57	1,628,45	228.80	3,652,82	619.78	493.24	113.81	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE
Change in ECL due to change in ECL model rate	1,351.69	304.25	5.38	1,661.32	272.39	393.19	THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF	1,226.83
New Assets originated, Netted off for repayments and loans			2.30	1,001.32	212.39	393.19	(28.77)	636.81
derecognised/write offs during the year	2,009.79	(2,103.35)	(284,47)	(378.03)	2,188.47	(371.80)	(27.49)	1,789,18
Transfers from Stage 1	(3,084.61)	2,557.10	527.51		(1,287.14)	1,234.29	16700	
Transfers from Stage 2	1.09	(37.09)	36.00				152.85	
Transfers from Stage 3	0.10			-	2.01	(20.83)	18.82	
Expected credit loss allowance closing balance		1.38	(1.48)	-	0.07	0.35	(0.43)	
expected credit ioss andwance closing balance	2,073.63	2,350.74	511.74	4.936.11	1.795.57	1.628.45	229.90	3 (52 02

Corporate loans		March 3	1, 2025		March 31, 2024				
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	
Expected credit loss allowance opening balance	132.64	111.32	661.56	905.52	256.96	1,338.45	1.139.31	2,734.73	
Change in ECL due to change in ECL model rate	1.65		177.41	179.06	60.22	16.97	78.20	155.39	
New Assets originated, Netted off for repayments and loans derecognised/write offs during the year	54.16	(32 07)	(127.87)	(105.78)	(37.63)	(1,336.69)	(610.28)	(1,984.60	
Transfers from Stage 1	(175.73)	175.73			(146.91)	92.59	54.32		
Transfers from Stage 2		(79.25)	79.25		1140.51	32.33	34.32	-	
Transfers from Stage 3	90							+	
Expected credit loss allowance closing balance	12.72	175.73	790.35	978.80	132.64	111.32	661.56	905.52	

An analysis of changes in the ECL allowances of investment in relation to Credit Substitutes and Compulsory Convertible Debentures (refer note 8) is, as follows:

Credit Substitutes		March ?	11, 2025			March 3	1, 2024	
PARTICLE CONTROL CONTR	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
Expected credit loss allowance opening balance			403.57	403.57	765.18	-	351.99	1,117.17
Change in ECL due to change in ECL model rate	K/1	-				2		2,227,27
New Assets originated, Netted off for repayments and loans derecognised/write offs during the year	45	N.			(361,61)	*	(351,99)	(713.60
Transfers from Stage 1	-				(403.57)	-	403.57	- 4
Transfers from Stage 2								-
Transfers from Stage 3	74					-		
Expected credit loss allowance closing balance		12	403.57	403.57			403,57	403,57

^{*}The increase in ECL is due to increase in the amount of loans classified as Stage II & III as on 31 March 25 as compared to 31 March 24.

7.2 Collateral

Collateral in case of corporate term loans the Company is in the business of extending secured loans mainly backed by mortgage of property (residential or commercial). In addition to the above mentioned collateral, the Company holds other types of collateral and credit enhancements, such as cross-collateralisation on other assets of the borrower, share pledge, guarantees of parent/holding/group companies, personal guarantees of promoters/partners/proprietors, hypothecation of receivables via escrow account and others.

Consumer secured loans are hypothecated by first and exclusive charge on the product financed by the Company,
In its normal course of business, the Company does not physically repossess properties or other assets, but recovery efforts are made on delinquent loans through collection executives, along

with legal means to recover due loan repayments.

Once contractual loan repayments are more than 90 days past due, repossessed property may be initiated under the provisions of the SARFAESI Act 2002. Re-possessed property is disposed off in the manner prescribed in the SARFAESI Act 2002 to recover outstanding debt.





B Investments

As at Mar 21, 2025	Amortised cost	At fair value through profit and loss	At fair value through other comprehensive income	Subtotal	Others*	Total
(A) Equity instruments						
Investments in Subsidiaries						
Equity shares in DMI Capital Private Limited		- 0	200		200.55	
Equity shares in Appnit Technologies Private Limited		- 1	- 2		386,55 663.03	386.55 663.03
Equity shares in DMI Infotech Solutions Private Limited				2	1.093.48	
Subtotal					2,143.06	1,093.48
Others					2,143.00	2,143.06
Equity shares in Alchemist Asset Reconstruction Company Limited			226.20	226.70		****
Subtotal			226.20	226.20		226.20
Preference shares				220,20	-	226.20
Investments in Subsidiaries / Joint Venture Compulsorily convertible preference shares in Appnit Technologies					21 97	21.97
Private Limited					21.97	21,97
Compulsorily convertible preference shares in Ampverse DMI Private	91		-		237.80	237.80
Limited					237.00	237,80
Subtotal	- 4				259.77	259.77
Others					103.11	139.77
Compulsorily convertible preference shares in Saarathi Finbiz Private Limited		*	160.01	160.01	7.85	160.01
Subtotal			160.01	160.01		160.01
Mutual funds		tower stooms				100.01
5,23,991.11 units of Baroda BNP Paribas Liquid Fund - Direct Growth		1,567.09		1,567.09		1.567.09
5,35,776.29 units of HDFC Liquid Fund - Direct Plan - Growth Option	2	2,723.52		2,723.52		2,723.52
9,974.52 units of SBI Liquid Fund Direct Growth	- 8	40.46		40.46		40.46
6,32,509.46 units of DSP Liquidity Fund - Direct Plan - Growth		2,345.52		2,345.52	-	2,345.52
4,28,015.35 units of UTI Liquid Cash Plan - Direct Plan - Growth		1,819.58		1,819.58		1,819.58
42,85,260.84 units of Aditya - Direct Plan - Growth	9	1,789 07	2	1,789.07	4	1,789.07
63,873.88 units of ICICI Liquid Fund - DP Growth	25	24.52	2	24.52		24.52
10,40,537.02 units of Axis Liquid Fund - Direct Growth		3,000.49		3,000.49		3,000.49
5,57,780.86 units of Nippon - Direct Plan - Growth Option		3,540.18		3,540.18		3,540.18
Subtotal		16,850.43		16,850.43		16,850.43
Compulsory or Optionally Convertible Debentures		- 100		375/00/00/00		10,000,00
Optionally convertible debentures in DMI Infotech Solutions Private Limited((Formerly known as DMI Consumer Credit Private Limited) of		4	\$	*	**	
face value of Rs 1,00,000 each						
5ubtotal Subtotal				4		1.0
Credit Substitutes						
805 units of Saha Estate Developer Private Limited of face value its	593,77		213,39	207.16		807.16
1,090,000 fully paid up			-			
Subtotal	593.77		213.39	807.16		807.16
Investment in Pass through certificates(unquoted) Other Instruments	3,592.61	*5	*:	3,592.61	× .	3,592.61
Security receipts in Alchemist XV Trust			2			
Units of DMI AIF Special Opportunities Scheme	*					770
Subtotal		- :	4.76	4.76	- :	4.76
Suulbiai			4.76	4.76	-	4.76
Total (A) Gross	4,186.38	16,850.43	604.36	21,641.17	3.601.03	24 044 00
Less: Impairment loss allowance	296.88	10,030.43			2,402.83	24,044.00
Total (A) Net	3,889.50	16 850 43	106 69	403.57	2 402 42	403.57
rotal (A) Net	3,889.50	16,850.43	497.67	21,237.60	2,402.83	23,640.43
B) Investments outside India						
Investments in India	4,185.38	16,850.43	604.36	21,641.17	2,402.83	24,044.00
Total (8) Gross	4,186.38	16,850.43	604.36	21,641.17	2,402.83	24,044.00
Less: Impairment loss allowance	295.88		106.69	403.57		403.57
Total (8) Net	3,889.50	16,850.43	497.67	21,237.60	2,402.83	23,640.43

^{*} At cost





As at March 31, 2024	Amortised cost	At fair value through profit and loss	At fair value through other comprehensive income	Subtotal	Others*	Total
(A) Equity Instruments			Income			
Investments in Subsidiaries						
Equity shares in DMI Capital Private Limited					0.00	10.00000
Equity shares in Appnit Technologies Private Limited			4.		0.99	0.99
Subtotal					532.03	532.03
Others					533.02	533.02
Equity shares in DM! Consumer Credit Private Limited			3.58	3.58		115009
Equity shares in Alchemist Asset Reconstruction Company Limited			219.24	219.24		3.58
Subtotal			222.82	222.82		219.24
Preference shares			200.02	275.07		222.82
Investments in Subsidiaries / Joint Venture						
Compulsorily convertible preference shares in DMI Capital Private Limited	. 24	385.56		385.56	100	385.56
Compulsorily convertible preference shares in Appnit Technologies Private Limited	,	**			21.97	21.97
Compulsorily convertible preference shares in Ampverse DMI Private Limited		-21		3.1	131.20	131.20
Subtotal		385,56	- 10	385.56	152.17	***
Others		303130		383.36	153.17	538.73
Compulsorily convertible preference shares in Saarathi Finbiz Private Limited			160.01	160.01		160.01
Compulsory or Optionally Convertible Debentures	72	1.5	160.01	160.01		160.01
7,500 Optionally convertible debentures in DMI Infotech Solutions Private Limited((Formerly known as DMI Consumer Credit Private			752.88	752.88	4	752.88
Subtotal Subtotal	-		-			
Credit Substitutes -		-	752.88	752.88		752.88
805 units of Saha Estate Developer Private Limited of face value Rs 1,000,000 fully paid up	593,77		213.39	807.16	(4)	807.16
Subtotal	593.77	- 1	213.39	807.16		807.16
Investment in Pass through certificates(unquoted)	3,673.46		181	3,673.46		3,673.46
Other instruments						
Units of DMI AIF Special Opportunities Scheme			1200			
Subtotal		-	5.80	5.80	- 3	5.80
Total (A) - Gross	4.267.23	385.56	1,354.00	5.80		5.80
Less: Impairment loss allowance	296.88	485.56	106.69	403.57	686.19	0,093.88
Total (A) Net	3,970.35	385,56	1,248.21	5,604.12	686.19	6,290.31
			0.000		7011	- Marian and a
3) Investments outside India						
Investments in India	4,267.21	385.56	1,354.90	6,007.69	686.19	6,693.88
Total (B) - Gross	4,267.23	385.56	1,354.90	6,007.69	686.19	6,693.88
Less: Impairment loss allowance	296.88	-	106.69	403.57		403.57
Total (B) - Net	3,970.35	385.56	1,248.21	5,604.12	586.19	6,290.31

Notes:
(i) For movement of impairment loss allowance refer note 7.1
(ii) Information of subsidiaries, associate and joint venture

		Principal place of	Proportion of the ownership	
Principal Activity			C. Water School of the Control of th	As at March 31,
2000-0222-0000-0	Incorporation	business	2025	2024
Financial Service (Asset	Delhi	Delhi	0.00%	0.009
Management)				
Financial Service	Delhi	Delhi	100.00%	100.009
				100,007
Financial Services(Prepaid	Lucknow, Uttar	NOIDA, Uttar	95.77%	94.789
Instrument Issuer)	Pradesh	Pradesh		
Information Technology services	Delhi		97.14%	N/
Investment Manager	Delhi	Delhi	0.00%	0.009
0110-1447-0476-2444-041-041-041			4,400	200
Promotion of experts	Delhi	Delhi	40 rints	49.005
	Financial Service (Asset Management) Financial Service Financial Services(Prepaid Instrument Issuer) Information Technology services	Financial Service (Asset Delhi Management) Financial Service Delhi Financial Services(Prepaid Lucknow, Uttar Instrument Issuer) Information Technology services Delhi Investment Manager Delhi	Financial Service (Asset Delhi Delhi Management) Financial Service (Asset Delhi Delhi Management) Financial Service Delhi Delhi Financial Services (Prepaid Lucknow, Uttar Instrument Issuer) Information Technology services Delhi Delhi Investment Manager Delhi Delhi	Principal Activity Place of Incorporation Principal Place of Principal Place of Sea to Mar 31, 2025 Place of Principal Place of Plac





9 Other financial assets (At amortized cost)

	As at	As at
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Security deposit	45.00	
First loss default guarantee recoverable		33.68
Interest accrued on fixed deposits	7,1777	130.13
Unbilled revenue and recoverables		22.50
Others		1,015.79
	The state of the s	31.99
less: Impairment loss allowance		1,234.09
		63.00
	598.58	1,171.09
Current tax assets (net)		
Advance Income-tax (net)	1 434 05	128.56
Total	1,434.05	128.56
Deferred the accept		
		103.37
		55.24
	235.11	158.61
	43.93	34.06
	18.08	16.17
	622.35	771.95
Liability against leases	115.95	66.26
Impairment loss allowance	1.602.87	1,264.67
Notional Interest on Market linked debentures	1	48.98
Carry forward of interest disallowed u/s 94B of Income Tax Act, 1961	3.00	40.50
Total deferred tax asset	2,406.18	2,202.09
Net deferred tax asset Note: For Tax expense (refer Note no 47)	2,171.07	2,043.48
	First loss default guarantee recoverable Interest accrued on fixed deposits Unbilled revenue and recoverables Others Less: Impairment loss allowance Total Current tax assets (net) Advance Income-tax (net) Total Deferred tax liability Fair value of financial instruments Leased assets Total deferred tax liabilities Deferred tax assets Leased assets Total deferred tax liabilities Deferred tax massets Deferred tax liabilities Deferred tax massets Leased assets Total deferred tax liabilities Deferred tax masset Provision for employee benefits Difference in written down value as per Companies Act, 2013 and Income-tax Act, 1961 EIR adjustment for processing fee Liability against leases Impairment loss allowance Notional Interest on Market linked debentures	Security deposit 45.82 First loss default guarantee recoverable interest accrued on fixed deposits 348.27 Interest accrued on fixed deposits 45.01 Unbilled revenue and recoverables 204.59 Others 35.99 Less: Impairment loss allowance 679.78 Less: Impairment loss allowance 81.20 Total 598.58 Current tax assets (net) 1,434.05 Advance income-tax (net) 1,434.05 Total 1,434.05 Deferred tax assets 1 Deferred tax liability 134.81 Leased assets 100.30 Total deferred tax liabilities 235.11 Deferred tax asset 18.08 Els adjustment for processing fee 43.93 Difference in written down value as per Companies Act, 2013 and Income-tax Act, 1961 18.08 Els adjustment for processing fee 622.35 Liability against leases 115.95 Impairment loss allowance 1,602.87 Notional Interest on Market linked debentures 2,406.18 Carry forward of interest disallowed u/s 948 of Incom





Movement of deferred tax assets	As at March 31, 2024	Recognised in statement of profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	As at March 31, 2025
Liabilities				
Fair value of financial instruments Leased assets	103.37 55.24	29.96 45.06	1.48	134.81
Gross Deferred tax liabilities	158.61	75.02	1.48	100.30 235.11
Assets Provision for employee benefits Difference in written down value as per Companies Act, 2013 and Income-tax Act, 1961	34.06 16.17	8.95	0.92	43.93
EIR adjustment for processing fee Liability against leases Impairment loss allowance	771.95 66.26	1,91 (149.60) 49.69	*	18.08 622.35 115.95
imparment ioss allowance Notional Interest on Market linked debentures Carry forward of interest disallowed u/s 94B of Income Tax Act, 1961	1,264.67 48.98	338.20 (48.98) 3.00		1,602.87
Gross Deferred tax assets Net deferred tax asset	2,202.09	203.17	0.92	3.00 2,406.18
mer perentap tay asset	2,043.48	128.15	(0.56)	2,171.07

Movement of deferred tax assets	As at March 31, 2023	Recognised in statement of profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	As at March 31, 2024
Liabilities			24X (2)110=	
Fair value of financial instruments Leased assets	402.77 49.42	(299.46) 5.82	0.06	103,37
Gross Deferred tax liabilities	452.19	(293.64)	0.06	55.24 158.61
Assets				130.01
Provision for employee benefits	29.11	5.01	(0.06)	34.06
Difference in written down value as per Companies Act, 2013 and Income-tax Act, 1961	14.54	1.63		16.17
EIR adjustment for processing fee	260.36	511.59		771.95
Liability against leases	60.47	5.79		66.26
Impairment loss allowance	1,200.30	64.37		1,264.67
Notional Interest on Market linked debentures	14.57	34.41		48.98
Gross Deferred tax assets	1,579.35	622.80	(0.06)	2,202.09
Net deferred tax asset	1,127.16	916.44	(0.12)	2,043.48





12 Property, plant and equipment (at cost)

-	Furniture and fixtures	Computers	Vehicles	Office equipment	Lease hold Improvements	Total
Gross carrying amount						
Balance as at April 01, 2023	1.94	85.92	5,36	38.80	181.25	313.27
Additions	0.02	21.19	6.41	7.96	15.45	51.03
Disposals		(13.08)	(4.11)		13,43	(17.19)
Balance as at March 31, 2024	1.96	94.03	7.66	46.76	196,70	
Additions		36.16		7.79	11.45	347.11
Disposals	(0.20)	(5.63)		(3.84)	11.45	55.40
Balance as at March 31, 2025	1.76	124.56	7.66	50.71	208.15	392.84
Accumulated depreciation Balance as at April 01, 2023	1.33	12.00				
Charge for the year		57.08	4.80	31.31	78.22	172.74
Disposals	0.15	22.47	1.11	5.30	20.40	49.43
Balance as at March 31, 2024	- 222	(12.41)	(3.69)			(16.10)
	1.48	67.14	2.22	36.61	98.62	206.07
Charge for the year	0.12	22 80	1.68	6.50	22.29	53.38
Disposals	(0.19)	(S.31)		(3.64)		(9.14)
Balance as at March 31, 2025	1.41	84.63	3.90	39.47	120.91	250.31
Net carrying amount						
As at March 31, 2023	0.61	28.84	0.56	7.49	103.03	140.53
As at March 31, 2024	0.48	26.89	5.44	10.15	98.08	141.04
As at March 31, 2025	0.35	39.94	3.76	11.74	87.24	142.53

Notes

- 1) Leasehold improvements comprises expenditure incurred for the construction on the property obtained on lease as disclosed in Note 14 Right of use assets.
- II) During the current financial year and in the previous financial year there is no revaluation of Property, plants and equipment.
- III) There is no proceeding initiated against the Company for the properties under the Banami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1908 and the rules made thereunder,
- IV) Title deeds of all immovable properties and lease agreements for all the leased premises are held in the name of the Company.

13 (a) Capital work in progress

				March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Capital work in progress					4.68
					4.68
As at 31 March, 2025	V	Amor	unt in CWIP for a p	eriod	
	Less than	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than	Total
	1 year			3 years	2027 (5302)
Projects in progress	9				
		- 4			
As at 31 March, 2024		Amoi	unt in CWIP for a p	eriod	
	Less than	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than	Total
	1 year		V.H.I.DMASSIV = 1	3 years	
Projects in progress	4.68		191		4.68
	4.68	- 0	- 10		4.68

Contractual commitments to be executed on capital account amounting to Nil (previous year; Rs. 7.17 millions)





11	(All An (b) intangible assets under development	nount in Rs. millions, unle	ess otherwise sta	ted)		
-	o (o) mangine assets under development				As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
	Intangible assets under development				N 10-000	March 31, 2024
	de religion de la constitución d				3.71	2.54
					3.71	2.54
	As at 31 March, 2025	A	mount in Intangible	assets under devi	elopment for a period	
		Less than	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than	Total
	Projects in progress	2.53			3 years	
		3,71				3.71
		3.71				3.71
	As at 31 March, 2024	Ar	mount in intangible	assets under deve	clopment for a period	
		Less than	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
	Projects in progress				3 years	92.00
	Projects in progress	2.54		•	3	2.54
	Note:	2.54	- ×	- 4	72	2.54
	Contractual commitments to be executed on capital according	ount amounting to Rs. 0.58 r	millione Insovious	non Do O 47 III	. V	
	or the second continuents to be executed on capital acc	ount amounting to As. U.Sa I	nillions. (previous y	ear: Rs. 0.47 millior	ns)	
14	Right of use assets					
					Right of use	Total
	Gross carrying amount				assets	
	Balance as at April 01, 2023 Additions				379.26	379.26
	Disposals				77.92	77.92
	Balance as at March 31, 2024				457.18	457.18
	Additions				263.29	263.29
	Disposals Bálánce as at March 31, 2025				(1.42)	(1.42
					719.05	719.05
	Accumulated Amortization					
	Balance as at April 01, 2023				182.91	182.91
	Additions Disposals				54.79	54.79
	Balance as at March 31, 2024				237.70	237.70
	Additions				83.35	83.35
	Disposals				(0.51)	(0.51
	Balance as at March 31, 2025				320.54	320.54
	Net carrying amount					
	As at March 31, 2023				196.35	196.35
	As at March 31, 2024				219.48	219.48
	As at March 31, 2025				398.51	398.51
	Note: For other details please refer. Note 46					
5	Other Intangible assets					
					Software	Total
	Gross carrying amount					
	Balance as at April 01, 2023 Additions				70.55 21.64	70.55 21.64
	Disposals				(3.21)	(3.21
	Balance as at March 31, 2024				88.98	88,98
	Additions				25.96	25.96
	Disposals Balance as at March 31, 2025				114.94	114.94
	Accumulated Amortization					
	Balance as at April 01, 2023				48.89	48.89
	Additions				12 18	12.18
	Disposals				(3.06)	(3,06
	Balance as at March 31, 2024 Additions				58.01 21.20	58.01 21.20
	Disposals					- 1
	Balance as at March 31, 2025				79.21	79.21
	Net carrying amount					
	As at March 31, 2023 As at March 31, 2024				21.66	21.66
	As at March 31, 2024 As at March 31, 2025				30.97	30.97
	As at March 31, 2025				35.73	35.7





16	Other non-financial assets	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
	Prepaid expenses Other non-financial assets	269.35	217.39
	ATMANA ATMANGSTONIA MAGAMAN III	30.05	5.74
	Total	299.40	223.13
17	Assets held for sale		
	Assets held for sale (see note below)	75.00	75.00
		75.00	75,00

Note

- 1. These assets represent assets acquired from the Company's borrowers as a part of Company's risk management strategy. In these cases, the Company had entered into settlement agreement as a prudent measure by the management wherein the borrower was approached and there was a mutual consensus between the Company and borrower to transfer the asset in the name of the Company towards settlement of the loan amount.
- 2. Title deeds of all immovable properties and lease agreements for all the leased premises are held in the name of the Company.





		As at March 31,	As at March 31, 2024
18	Payables		
a.	Trade payables		
	 Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises (See note "B" below) 	8.11	25.33
İ	 Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises 	1,054.16	1,573.33
		1,062.27	1,598.66
b.	Other payables		7.
	 Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises (See note "B" below) 	*	300
i	. Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	858.26	730.36
		858.26	730.36
	Total	1,920.53	2,329.02

A) Trade payable and other payable ageing schedule

Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises	8.11	81	*		8.11
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	1,333.74	424.09	67.78	86.81	1,912.42
Disputed dues of micro and small enterprises		*	*		
Disputed dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises			*	2	*
Total	1,341.85	424.09	67.78	86.81	1,920.53
As at 31 March 2024					
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Particulars		1-2 years	2-3 years		
Particulars Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small	year			years	Total 25.33 2,303.69
Particulars Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	year 25.33			years	25.33
Particulars Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises Disputed dues of micro and small enterprises Disputed dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	year 25.33 2,128.21	113.48	49.53	years - 12.47	25.33





B) Amount outstanding of micro and small enterprises

Based on the responses received from certain suppliers, the Company has certain dues to suppliers registered under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ('MSMED Act'). The disclosures pursuant to the said MSMED Act are as follows:

		As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
i) The Principal amount and the interest do	ue thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the year end		
- Principal amount		8.03	25.33
- Interest thereon		0.08	
ii) the amount of interest paid by the bu amounts of the payment	yer in terms of section 16 of MSMED Act, along with the		
iii) the amount of interest due and payable but beyond the appointed day during the MSMED Act	for the year of delay in making payment (which has been paid he year) but without adding the interest specified under the		•
iv) the amount of interest accrued and rema	aining unpaid	0.08	
v) the amount of further interest remaining date when the interest dues above are a	ng due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such ctually paid to the small enterprises	8	
19 Debt securities (at amortised cost)			
Non convertible debentures (refer note 1	.9.1)	9,023.44	7,122.07
Commercial paper (refer note 19.2)		243.86	245.44
Market linked debentures (refer note 19.	3)	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	1,494.65
		9,267.30	8,862.16
Secured **		3,687.74	3,976.72
Unsecured		5,579.56	4,885.44
Total		9,267.30	8,862.16
Debt securities in India		9,267.30	8,862.16
Debt securities outside India		*	0,002:10
Total		9,267.30	8,862.16

** Secured against exclusive floating charge by way of hypothecation of loans and receivables of the Company of Rs. 4,981.25 millions (previous year Rs. 5,320.00 millions) to the extent as stated in the respective information memorandum.

The Company has not created the Debenture redemption reserve as it is not mandatorily required in accordance with provisions of the Companies Act 2013.

The Company has, at all times, for the secured NCDs, maintained sufficient asset cover as stated in the respective information memorandum





19.1 Terms of redeemable non-convertible debentures (NCD's) A Secured

NSI	Date of allotment	Date of redemption	Nominal value Number of per debenture	Number of Debenture	Rate of interest	Face value (Amount)	Amount outstanding as at ou	Amount Amount Outstanding as at outstanding as at March 31 2025 March 31 2020	Terms of redemption
NE604007175	November 28, 2023 August 22, 2025	August 22, 2025	100,000	20,000	9.75%	2,000.00	1,995.73	1,982.69	10 4
NE604007183	January 24, 2024	July 24, 2026	100,000	2,000	9.80%	200.00	299.78	499.38	
NE604007191	September 30, 2024 January 12, 2027	January 12, 2027	100,000	14,000	9.70%	1,400.00	1,392.23	*	y incipal payment frequency is half-yearly 834 Days from the date of allotment. Coupon payment
Je							3,687.74	2.482.07	rrequency is annually

Unsecured									
NISI	Date of allotment	Date of allotment Date of redemption	Nominal value Number of perdebenture	Number of Debenture	Rate of interest	Face value (Amount)	Amount Amount outstanding as at March 31, 2025 March 31, 2025	Amount outstanding as at March 31, 2024	Terms of redemption
NE604008132	March 12, 2024	March 12, 2027	100,000	46,400	9.80%	4,540.00	4,640.00	4,640.00	36 months from date of allotment. Coupon payment
INE604C08157	October 18, 2024	April 18, 2027	100,000	5,617	9.75%	561.70	561,70		30 months from date of allotment. Coupon payment
INE604008140	June 4, 2024	June 4, 2027	100,000	1,340	%0 % 0	134.00	134.00		Semonths from date of allotment. Caupon payment
Total							5.335.70	4 640 00	requency is quarterly.

19.2 Terms of Commercial Paper Unsecured

INEGG4014049 March 28, 2024 June 14, 2024 500,000 500 500 500 500 500 500 245,44 78 days from the date of allorment Total Total 243,86 July 17,2025 500,000 500 8,94% 250.00 243,86 273 days from the date of allorment	NISI	Date of illotment	Date of allotment Date of redemption	Nominal value per unit/ per commercial paper	Number	Amount Amount Amount Amount Number Rate of interest Face value outstanding as at March 31, 2025 March 31, 2021	Face value	Amount outstanding as at March 31, 2025*	Amount outstanding as at March 31, 2024	Terms of redemption
243.86 345.44	INE604014049 INE604014148	March 28,2024 October 17,2024	June 14,2024 July 17,2025	500,000	500	9.05%	250.00	241.85	245,44 78 days	s from the date of allotment
	Total							243.86	245.44	ya irom the pare of addiment

Includes discount accretion of INR 6.14 million (previous year INR 4.56 million) as at March 31, 2025

19.3 Terms of redeemable Market Linked Debentures (MLD's) Secured ISIN No. Date of allokment Date of rede

N NO.	ate of allotment	Date of redemption	Nominal value per debenture	Number	Nominal value Number Rate of interest Face value Amount per debenture outstanding as at outst	Face value	Amount Amount outstanding as at March 31, 2025 March 31, 2024	Amount outstanding as at March 31, 2024	Amount Terms of redemption untstanding as at March 31, 2014
E604007167 D	October 21, 2022 C	October 21, 2024	1,000,000	- 1	1,500 As per Table Below * 1,500.00	1,500.00		1,494.65	1,494.65 24 Months from the date of Allotment Coupon is payable

Is <= 18% 8.75% XIRR Is <= 24% and >18% 8.70% XIRR	 If Yield of GSEC 2032 on Redemption Date 	Coupon(XIRR)
- 5	Is <= 18%	8.75% XIRR
	Is <= 24% and >18%	8.70% XIRR





Borrowings (other than debt securities) (at amortised cost)	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
borrowings (other than bebt securities) (at amortised cost)		
Secured		
Term loans		
From banks and financial institutions (See note i,iv and vi below)	23,581,95	52,377.03
Other loans	20,002123	52,577.05
Securitisation - PTC Borrowings (See note iii and v below)	11,082,26	7,019.37
Cash credit and overdraft	715	7,013.37
From banks (See note (and ii below)		112.88
	34,664.21	59,509.28
Borrowings in India	34,664,21	59,509,28
Borrowings outside India	0 1,00 1.21	33,303.20
Total	34,664.21	59,509,28

Notes

- i) Secured against exclusive floating charge by way of hypothecation of loans and receivables of the Company to the extent of Rs, 38,744.28 millions (Previous year: Rs, 70,552.22 millions),
- ii) Secured against exclusive hypothecation charge on the standard receivables of the Company at all times and cash credit is repayable on demand.
- iii) Secured against exclusive fixed charge by way of hypothecation of loans and receivables of the Company to the extent of Rs 15,607,10 millions (Previous year: Rs 8,988.54 millions)
- lv) Terms of repayment of borrowings are as follows:

Lender	Disbursement Amount	Repayment terms	Outstanding as on March 31,2025	Outstanding as on March 31, 2024
Bank of Baroda-2	500	16 quarterly installments		124.80
Bank of Baroda-3	500	16 quarterly installments	124.82	249.3
Bank of Baroda-4	1,000	12 quarterly Installments	166.48	498.4
Bank of Baroda-5	1,000	12 quarterly Installments	332,66	664.1
Bank of Baroda-6	3,000	12 quarterly Installments	1,742,10	2,730,8
Karnataka Bank Limited -1	200	11 quarterly installments		18.18
Karnataka Bank Limited -2	250	11 quarterly installments		4.5
Karnataka Bank Limited -3	500	11 quarterly installments	(4	181.1
Karnataka Bank Limited -4	250	34 monthly installments		205.4
Karnataka Bank Limited -5	1,000	34 monthly installments	473_83	909_8
Bank of Maharashtra-1	500	42 monthly installments	22.61	178.2
Bank of Maharashtra-2	2,000	42 monthly installments	657,80	1,279.7
Bank of Maharashtra-3	2,000	33 monthly installments	572.32	1,747.98
Bank of Maharashtra-4	3,000	33 monthly installments	1,350.93	
HDFC Bank Limited-4	1,000	8 quarterly installments		249.8
HDFC Bank Limited-S	1,000	6 quarterly installments		166.59
HDFC Bank Limited-6	2,000	8 quarterly installments		997.66
HDFC Bank Limited-7	2,000	12 quarterly installments		1,661.09
HDFC Bank Limited-8	1,000	12 quarterly installments	- 3	830.35
HDFC Bank Limited-9	2,930	8 quarterly installments		2,917.79
State Bank Of India-1	1,000	15 quarterly installments	66.59	332.17
State Bank Of India-2	2,000	15 quarterly installments	532.33	1,062.82
State Bank of India -3	2,000	15 quarterly installments	931_13	1,460.89
State Bank of India -4	7,500	15 quarterly installments	4,961,95	6,926.12
Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited-2	750	24 monthly installments	,,,,,,,,,	93.74
Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited-3	750	24 monthly installments	93.74	468.30
Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited 3	250	24 monthly installments	34.09	170.28
Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited 5	1,500	24 monthly installments	45_64	1,310.93
Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited-6	500	24 monthly installments	249,83	499.31
Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited-7	2,000	24 monthly installment	748.43	455.3.
Industrid Bank Limited -1	500		746.43	164.36
	500	12 quarterly installments		
IndusInd Bank Limited -2		12 quarterly installments	045.70	329.80
IndusInd Bank Limited -3	2,500	12 quarterly installments	815,79	2,055.88
IndusInd Bank Limited -4	500	12 quarterly installments	327,75	491.49
Punjab National Bank-1	500	35 monthly installments		140.60
Punjab National Bank-2	500	14 quarterly installments	387.59	496.27
South Indian Bank Limited -2	500	15 quarterly installments	128.63	263.12
South Indian Bank Limited - 3	1,000	7 quarterly installments	395.32	996.84
Indian Bank-1	750	16 quarterly installments	234.12	420.92
Indian Bank-2	500	11 quarterly installments	*	362.55
Indian Bank-3	500	16 quarterly installments		497.70
ndian Bank-4	500	8 quarterly installments	373.68	
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation - 2	2,000	Upto 3 Months		1,999.45
MUFG Bank Limited	4,000	upto 6 months		4,000.00
CSB Bank Limited-1	500	12 quarterly installments		205.3.
CSB Bank Limited - 2	250	12 quarterly installments		206.59
CSB Bank Limited - 3	500	12 quarterly installments	413.09	
DCB Bank	250	11 quarterly installments	66.37	157.9:
Bandhan Bank-1	500	45 monthly installments		364.8
Bandhan Bank-2	1,000	45 monthly installments		996,7
Utkarsh Small Finance Bank Limited-1	300	37 monthly installments	81,00	178,1
Utkarsh Small Finance Bank Limited - 2	380	37 monthly installments	100.83	338.39
Jammu & Kashmir Bank Limited	500	14 quarterly installments	177.11	424.58
Canara Bank	1,000	14 quarterly installments	408.53	922.3





DMI Finance Private Limited

Notes to the standalone financial statements

(All Amount in Rs. millions, unless otherwise stated)

		stated)	
1,000	3 quarterly installments	18	621.08
2,000	8 quarterly installments	792.56	1,994.02
500	36 monthly installments		388.04
500	14 quarterly installments	237.87	494.84
1,000	36 monthly installments	554.61	886.42
1,000	36 monthly installments	347.42	-
500	10 quarterly installments		445.56
500	10 quarterly installments		445,50
500	12 quarterly installments		456.63
500	12 quarterly installments		430.03
500	36 Monthly installments		473,68
500	36 Monthly installments		475,00
2,000	12 quarterly installments		1,812.62
450	Upto 90 days		450.00
250	upto 360 days		249.81
150	Upto 1 year		150.00
1,500	24 quarterly installments		
1,000			
			•
-			52,377.03
	1,000 2,000 500 1,000 1,000 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500	1,000 & quarterly installments 2,000 & quarterly installments 36 monthly installments 1,000 & monthly installments 1,000 & monthly installments 1,000 & monthly installments 1,000 & monthly installments 500 & quarterly installments 500 & Monthly installments 500 & Monthly installments 2,000 & quarterly installments 450 & Qpto 90 days 250 & Qpto 350 days 150 & Qpto 1 year 1,500 & 24 quarterly installments 1,000 & 14 quarterly installments	2,000 3 quarterly installments 792.56 500 36 monthly installments 237.87 1,000 36 monthly installments 554.61 1,000 36 monthly installments 347.42 500 10 quarterly installments 246.09 500 10 quarterly installments 79.29 500 12 quarterly installments 72.73 500 12 quarterly installments 407.54 500 36 Monthly installments 320.93 500 36 Monthly installments 132.40 2,000 12 quarterly installments 1,150.43 450 Upto 90 days 4 250 upto 360 days 4 150 Upto 1 year 5 1,500 14 quarterly installments 652.94 1,000 14 quarterly installments 699.26

-Interest rate ranges from 8.40% p.a to 10.90% p.a

-Security cover ratio ranges from 1.10 times to 1.25 times

v) Terms of repayment of Securitization- PTC borrowings are as follows:

Securitisation	Total Amount	Payment Terms	Outstanding as on March 31,2025	Outstanding as on March 31, 2024
PLUM II	772.70	Monthly Payout to the Trust on the Pay in Date	•	21.20
PLUM I	905.30	Monthly Payout to the Trust on the Pay in Date	*	201,57
PLUM III	1,491.20	Monthly Payout to the Trust on the Pay in Date	*	483.65
PLUM 24-1	830.02	Monthly Payout to the Trust on the Pay in Date		213.53
PLUM 24-2	649.09	Monthly Payout to the Trust on the Pay in Date		171.88
PLUM 24-3	1,504_46	Monthly Payout to the Trust on the Pay in Date	141.28	811.56
PLUM 24-4	1,272.38	Monthly Payout to the Trust on the Pay in Date	109,04	773.37
PLUM 24-5	977.60	Monthly Payout to the Trust on the Pay In Date	212,83	715.54
PLUM 24-6	514.28	Monthly Payout to the Trust on the Pay In Date	99.47	406.99
PLUM 24-7	1,862.79	Monthly Payout to the Trust on the Pay in Date	632.84	1,713.79
PLUM 24-10	483.34	Monthly Payout to the Trust on the Pay in Date	168.77	481,17
PLUM 24-11	1,028.20	Monthly Payout to the Trust on the Pay In Date	340.55	1,025,12
PLUM 24-8	2,155.20	Monthly Payout to the Trust on the Pay in Date	656.36	
PLUM 24-9	1,460.00	Monthly Payout to the Trust on the Pay In Date	404.32	
PLUM 25-1	2,163.05	Monthly Payout to the Trust on the Pay In Date	1,044.06	(16)
PLUM 25-2	832.52	Monthly Payout to the Trust on the Pay In Date	353.64	883
PLUM 25-3	601.87	Monthly Payout to the Trust on the Pay In Date	326.81	
APRIUM 25-1	2,116.07	Monthly Payout to the Trust on the Pay	1,063.73	
PLUM 25-6	881,28	Monthly Payout to the Trust on the Pay	571.72	
PLUM 25-4	1,869,24	Monthly Payout to the Trust on the Pay	1,032.62	Yac
PLUM 25-7	2,820.66	Monthly Payout to the Trust on the Pay	1,926.91	
PLUM 25-8	1,998.88	Monthly Payout to the Trust on the Pay	1,997.31	
Total			11,082.26	7,019.37

-Interest rate ranges from 8,95% p,a to 9.45% p.a

- vi) Secured term loans from banks amounting to Rs. 23,581.95 millions (Previous Year: 52,377,03 millions) and carry rate of interest in the range of 8.40% p.a to 10,90% p.aa(Previous year: 8.00% p.a to 10,10% p.aa) The loans are having tenure of upto 4 years from the date of disbursement and are repayable in both monthly and quarterly installments.
- vii) The Company has not defaulted in the repayment of dues to its lenders.
- viii)The Company has not been declared as wilful defaulter by any of banks, financial institution or any other lender.
- ix) The Company has been submitting monthly/quarterly receivable/stock data with the lenders as per the provision of sanction letters and there are no discrepancies between receivable/stock data submitted to the lenders and book of accounts.
- x) The Company doesn't have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond statutory period.
- xi) The Company has utilised the funds raised from banks and financial institutions for the specific purpose for which they are borrowed.
- xii) For maturity analysis of borrowings (other than debt securities), refer note no 48.





		As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
21	Lease liabilities		march 31, 2024
	Lease liabilities (refer note 46)	460.69	265.29
		460.69	265.29
22	Other financial liabilities		
	Interest accrued but not due		
	- Debt securities	169.42	282.25
	- Borrowings other than debt securities	49.40	206.49
	Payable for employee benefits	277.32	193.35
		496.14	682.09
23	Provisions		
	Provision for employee benefits		
	-Provision for gratuity (refer note 38)	66.88	52.13
	-Provision for compensated absences	107.68	79.52
		174.56	131.65
24	Other non-financial liabilities		
	Statutory dues payable	146.21	290.63
	Security deposit	1.86	4.71
		148.07	295.34





25 Equity share capital

		As at March 31	, 2025	As at March 31,	2024
A. Authorized share capital	4	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each					
Compulsorily convertible preference shares of Rs. 10 each		1,965,000,000	19,650.00	1,965,000,000	19,650.00
companionly conventible preference shares of Rs. 10 each	_	125,000,000	1,250.00	35,000,000	350.00
	_	2,090,000,000	20,900.00	2,000,000,000	20,000.00
6. Issued, subscribed and paid up			1000		
Fully called-up and paid-up					
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each					
7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7		742,632,169	7,426.32	740,864,608	7,408.65
	Sub total (A)	742,632,169	7,426.32	740,864,608	7,408.65
Partly called-up and pald-up					The state of the state of
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each					
-4-11 20012 20 132 20 48411		Y		57,315,400	16.22
	Sub total (B)		101	57,315,400	16.22
	Total (A+B)	742,632,169	7,426.32	798,180,008	7,424.87
25.1 The reconciliation of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of	of the reporting year				1,424.57
Balance at the beginning of year					
		798,180,008	7,424.87	712,468,142	6,567.75
Changes in equity share capital due to prior period errors Restated balance at the beginning of the period				100000000000000000000000000000000000000	*
Shares Issued during the year		798,180,008	7,424.87	/12,468,142	6,567.75
First call money called on party paid up shares		145,423	1.45	85,711,866	857.12
		72		15	
Reduction and cancellation of partly paid up shares		(55,693,262)			
Balance at the end of year	-	742,632,169	7,426.32	798,180,008	
*The paid up share capital of the Campany was reduced by Hs, 6 on reduction and	concellation of partly paid share		77110132	750,100,000	7,424.87
25.2 Shares held by holding Company					
		As at March 31,	2025	As at March 31, 2	024
22,432,72,3	_	No. of shares	% holding	No. of shares	% holding
DMI Limited		510,792,426	68.78%	519,272,316	69.94%
	* Table 1	510,792,426	68.78%	510 222 216	60.04%

As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.

25.3 Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

Name of the shareholder	As at March 32	, 2025	As at March 31,	2024
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up and partly paid up	No. of shares	% holding	No. of shares	% holding
DMI Limited NIS Ganesha S.A. MUFG Bank Limited	510,792,426 64,735,441 73,830,443	68,78% 8,72% 9,94%	519,272,316 64,735,441 73,830,443	69,94% 8.72% 9.94%

Note: As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.

- (I) During the current year, the Company has issued 1,45,423 equity shares (previous year: 34,43,272 equity shares) of Rs. 10 per share at applicable exercise price under the ESOP plans. The amount received on these issues aggregates to Rs. 2.28 millions (previous year: 285.39 millions).
- (ii) % holding is calculated on the basis of paid up share capital of the Company.
- (III) During the Financial year 2024-25, 84,79,890 equity shares have been transferred by DMI Ltd.





519,272,316

25.4 Details of shares held by promoters

Particulars Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
No. of shares at the beginning of the year Change during the year	519,272,316	519,889,603
No. of shares at the end of the year % of total shares	(8,479,890) 510,792,426	519,272,316
% change during the year	68,78% (1.16%)	
DMI Limited is the promoter of the Company, as defined under Companies Act, 2013		

25.5 Rights, preferences and restrictions

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote pur share. The dividend proposed by the Doord of Directors, if any, is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holder of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of the equity shares held by the shareholders.

25.6 Aggregate number of shares Issued for consideration other than cosh during the five years

The Company has not Issued any shares pursuant to a contract without payment being received in cash nor allotted as fully paid up by the way of bonus shares and there has not been any buy back of shares in the current period and the immediately preceding four years.

25.7 Uncalled and Unpaid Capital

There were 5,73,15,400 partly paid up equity shares issued by the Company. During the year under review, the Company had received an order from the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal ("NCLT") on July 9, 2024 approving the reduction of Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up share Capital of the Company pursuant to which the uncalled share capital and consequent number of shares were cancelled and reduced to 16,22,136 fully paid up shares. Further, the paid up share capital was also reduced by Rs. 6.





26 Other equity

o other equity		
3	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Consisting		
Securities premium	46,572.72	46,561.46
Capital redemption reserve	81.21	81.21
Statutory reserve u/s 45-IC of RBI Act	2,584.95	2,574.33
Share based payment outstanding reserve Share warrant reserve	773.65	501.65
	136.01	100.93
Retained earnings	10,118.26	10,075.77
Other comprehensive income	838.15	836.50
Upfront monies received on share warrant	0.72	0.72
Share application money pending allotment Total	(8)	1.84
1000	61,105.67	60,734.41
Securities premium		
Opening balance	46,561.46	25,711.77
Add: Premium on shares issued during the year (including shares issued under Employees	11.26	20,873.32
Stock Option plan) Less:Expenses related to issue of equity shares*	11.20	20,673.32
Closing balance	46 572 72	(23.63)
• Includes 18.63 millions incurred in financial year 22-23.	46,572.72	46,561.46
Capital redemption reserve		
Opening balance	81.21	81.21
Add : Additions during the year		
Closing balance	81.21	81.21
Statutory reserve u/s 45-IC of RBI Act		
Opening balance	2.574.22	4 744 05
Add: Transfer during the year from Surplus in statement of profit and loss	2,574.33	1,741.05
Closing balance	10.62 2,584.95	833.28 2,574.33
-		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Share based payment outstanding reserve Opening balance	504 S	
Add: Granted/vested during the year	501.65	305.07
Less: Exercised during the year	274.58	291.50
Closing balance	(2.58) 773.65	(94.92) 501.6 5
-	773.03	301.03
Share warrant reserve		
Opening balance	100.93	74.80
Add: Granted/vested during the year	35.08	53.89
Less: Exercised during the year		(27.76)
Closing balance	136.01	100.93
Retained earnings		
Opening balance	10,075.77	6,742.67
Add : Profit for the year	53.11	4,166.38
Less: Transfer to reserve fund as per section 45 IC of RBI Act, 1934	(10.62)	(833.28)
Closing balance	10,118.26	10,075.77
→		





As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
	11141 011 01, 2024
0.72	0.72
	2
0.72	0.72
836.50	836.13
	0.19
, ,	(796.30)
1.71	796.48
838.15	836.50
1.84	
	1.84
	1.84
	836.50 (2.76) 4.41 838.15

Security premium

Securities premium represents premium received on issue of shares. The amount is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2013

Capital redemption reserve

The same had been created in accordance with provisions of the Companies Act 2013 on buy back of shares.

Statutory reserve u/s 45-IC of RBI Act

The reserve is created as per the provision of Section 45 (IC) of Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. This is a restricted reserve and no appropriation can be made from this reserve fund except for the purpose as may be prescribed by Reserve Bank of India.

Share based payment outstanding reserve

The reserve is used to recognise the fair value of the options issued to employees of the Company and subsidiary/group companies under Company's employee stock option plan.

Share warrant reserve

The reserve is used to recognise the fair value of the warrants issued.

Retained earnings

Retained earnings or accumulated surplus represents total of all profits retained since the Company's inception. Retained earnings are credited with current year profits, reduced by losses, if any, dividend payouts, or any such other appropriations to specific reserves.

Upfront monies received on share warrant

Upfront monies received on share warrant represents the upfront monies received against the share warrants issued by the Company.

Share application money pending allotment

The company received Rs. 1.84 millions in previous financial year on which allotment of shares is made in the current financial year,





27 Interest Income

	For th	e Year ended March 31	, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024			
	On financial assets measured at fair value through Profit & Loss	On financial assets measured at Amortised cost	On financial assets measured at fair value through OCI	On financial assets measured at fair value through Profit & Loss	On financial assets measured at Amortised cost	On financial assets measured at fair value through OCI	
Interest income on portfolio loans		35.600.54					
Interest income on investments		25,688,51	14.13	(A)	21,813.72	14.99	
	:*	560.18			504.11	143.74	
Interest on deposits with bank		156.28			56.50		
		26,404.97	14.13	•	22,374.33	158.73	
Total interest income			26,419.10			22,533.06	

27A Dividend Income Dividend Income	For the Year ended March 31,2025	For the Year ended March 31,2024
Dividend income		16.00
		16.00

28 Fees and commission income

	Amount in	voiced	Revenue booked	
	For the Year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31 2024	For the Year ended March 31,2025	For the Year ended
Foreclosure Income	154.87	77,56	154.87	77.56
Service and adminstration income	788.07	313.98	788.07	313.98
Distribution income	160.10	96,71	160.10	96.71
Late Payment fee	2,433.10	944.35	2,433.10	944.35
Others		(4)	176,41	1,976,54
	3,536.14	1,432.60	3,712.55	3,409.14

		3,330.17	1,432
	No. 1. Ch. A. A.		
29	Net gain on fair value changes		
	g		

(A) Net gain on financial instruments at fair value through profit and loss	ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31,2024
On financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss	840.78	508,97
(B) others		
	840.78	508.97
Analysis of fair value changes		
Realised	650.72	408.12
Unrealised	190.06	100.85
	840.78	508.97
30 Other Income		
Cost sharing from group companies	156,50	71.81
Liabilites no longer required written back		139.20
Miscellaneous income	13.20	8.49
	169.70	219.50
31 Finance costs		
Interest on financial liabilities (measured at amortised cost)		
Interest on debt securities		
· on non convertible debentures	808.98	1,017.99
- on market linked debentures	85.14	146.30
- on commercial paper	189.19	48,40
Interest on borrowings (other than debt securities)		
- on bank term loan	4,740.65	3,180.26
- on bank cash credit	0.58	14,66
Other interest expense		
- on delayed deposit of statutory dues	1.00	3 81
- on leasing arrangements	43.74	23,73
- securitisation	1,141.57	421.41
Other borrowing costs		
- Bank charges	9.73	10.92
- other Finance Cost	16.52	
	7,037.10	4,867.48





32	Fees and commission expense	For the Year ended March 31,2025	For the Year ended March 31,2024
	Selling partner commission	2,026.11	1,584.00
		2,026.11	1,584.00
33	Impairment on financial instruments		
- 33	Expected credit loss allowance		
	Write offs	1,356.57 13,454.93	(116.81)
	8	14,811.50	9,265.47 9,148.66
34	Finding has for		3,240.00
34	Employee benefits expense Salaries, wages and bonus		
	Contribution to provident and other funds	1,575.10	1,185.43
	Gratuity expenses (refer note 38)	23.14	17.46
	Share based payment to employees **	21.36	16.50
	Staff welfare expenses	311.64	349.71
	Stan Weiline expenses	84.22	64.94
	** Includes Rs. 9.71 millions (Provious years Rs. 14.41 millions) of words in the first of the f	2,015.46	1,634.04
	** Includes Rs. 9.71 millions (Previous year : Rs. 14.41 millions) of warrants issued by Group Company (DMI Housing Finance) to employees of the Company		
35	Depreciation and amortization		
	Depreciation on property, plant and equipment (refer note 12)	53.38	49.43
	Amortisation of right of use assets (refer note 14)	83.35	54.79
	Amortisation of other intangible assets (refer note 15)	21.20	12_18
		157.93	116.40
36	Other expenses		
	Advertisement expenses	27.80	54,65
	Legal and professional fees*	670.24	388.09
	Travelling and conveyance expenses	59.64	67.41
	Auditor's remuneration (refer note 36.1)	7.90	5_58
	IT expenses	744.71	644.17
	Rates and taxes	8.89	28.14
	Rent	3.64	9.72
	Goods and service tax	813.20	736.43
	Director's sitting fee	1.10	0.84
	Corporate social responsibility (refer note 36.2)	71.01	36.49
	Repair and maintenance	33.03	24.28
	Insurance expense	1.19	1.15
	Credit evaluation fee	613.95	585.48
	Credit rating fee	23.59	18.14
	Customer onboarding expenses	1_12	10.14
	Collection charges	1,898.66	1,170.71
	Miscellaneous expenses	37.10	88.75
		5,016.77	3,860.03
	* includes share warrant expense amounting to Rs. 5.92 millions (previous year Rs. 8.76 millions)		
36.1	Auditor's remuneration (excluding applicable taxes)		
	- as auditors	5,27	3.60
	- for tax audit	0.50	0.35
	- for other services	1,55	1.30
	- out of pocket expenses	0.58	0.33
		7.90	5.58
	a salah s		





36.2 Corporate social responsibility (CSR)

In respect of Corporate Social Responsibility activities, gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year was Rs. 70.91 millions in FY 2024-25 (Previous Year Rs. 36.48 millions) and Company has spent Rs. 71.01 millions in FY 2023-24 (Previous Year Rs. 35.58 millions).

	ne Year ended March 31,2024 0,92 36.48 35.58
Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year 70,91 Amount spent during the year 71,01 Amount of expenditure incurred 71,01 The shortfall amount (i.e. unspent amount), in respect of other than ongoing projects.	36.48 35.58
Amount spent during the year 71.01 Amount of expenditure incurred 71.01 The shortfall amount (i.e. unspent amount), in respect of other than ongoing projects.	35.58
Amount of expenditure incurred 71.01 The shortfall amount (I.e. unspent amount), in respect of other than ongoing projects.	35.58
The shortfall amount (i.e. unspent amount), in respect of other than ongoing projects.	
The shortfall amount (I.e. unspent amount), in respect of other than ongoing projects.	
transferred to a Fund specified in Schedule VIII to the Act, as per carting 135(5cs) of the Act	35_58
The Act of the Act of the Act of the Act of the Act	0.90
Nature of CSR Activities (see note d)	
Education, Nutrition and Women Empowerment	
Promoting and development towards healthcare	21.60
Training and helping Indian Athletes to win Olympic Gold models	0.73
Upliftment of abandoned and poor	2,22
6.30	3.00
Provision of low cost sanitation	2.50
Rural women development 6.80	3.00
Welfare of stray dogs 2.00	1.00
Nourishment of differently abled children 2.70	1.5
Support by providing basic necessities 5.00 Conducting cultural activities 5.00	940
Support in the construction of well	90
1.00	

Notes:

37

- a) There is no transaction with related parties as defined under the IND AS 24 'Related Party Disclosures'
- b) There is a provision of Nil in the books as at March 31, 2025 (Previous year Rs. 0.90 millions)
- c) As per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Schedule VII, unspent amount of Rs. 0.90 million in previous financial year was spent within 6 months from the end of previous FY, i.e. latest by Sept 30, 2024 in the specified fund (Unspent amount in the previous year of Rs 0,90 million was transferred to the specified fund on 09th May, 2024)
- d) The above spent amount of Rs. 71.01 million (previous year: Rs. 35.58 million) includes administrative expenses of Rs. 2.32 million (previous year: Rs. 1.53 million) as allowed as per the CSR Rules.

7 Earning per share (EPS)	For the Year ended March 31,2025	For the Year ended March 31,2024
Net profit attributable to equity shareholders	53.11	4,166,38
Net profit for the year for basic EPS	53.11	4,166.38
Dilutive impact of convertible instruments		
Net profit for the year for dilutive EPS	53.11	4,166.38
Nominal value of equity shares (in Rs.)	10.00	10.00
Weighted-average number of equity shares for basic EPS (Face value of share Rs. 10 each)	74,26,28,313	73,91,39,701
Add: Weighted average number of potential equity shares on exercise of stock option and warrants	81,41,274	82,89,717
Weighted-average number of equity shares for dilutive EPS (Face value of share Rs. 10 each)	75,07,69,587	74,74,29,418
Basic EPS (In Rs.)	0.07	5.64
Dilutive EPS (In Rs.)	0.07	5.57





38 Retirement benefit plan

Defined contribution plan

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions; there is no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions. The assets of the plan are held separately from those of the Company in a fund under the control of trustees.

The total expense charged to statement of profit & loss during the current year Rs. 23.14 millions (previous year: Rs. 17.46 millions) represents contributions payable to these plans by the Company at rates specified in the rules of the plan.

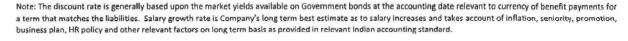
Defined benefit plan

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan. Every employee who has completed five years or more of service gets a gratuity on departure at 15 days salary (last drawn salary) for each completed year of service. The scheme is unfunded.

Provision for unfunded Gratuity for all employees is based upon actuarial valuations carried out at the end of every financial year. Major drivers in actuarial assumptions, typically, are years of service and employee compensation. Pursuant to the issuance of the Indian Accounting Standard (IndAS) 19 on 'Employee Benefits', commitments are actuarially determined using the 'Projected Unit Credit' Method. Gains and losses on changes in actuarial assumptions are accounted for in the "Other comprehensive Income".

The following tables summarise the components of net benefit expense recognised in the statement of profit or loss and the unfunded status and amounts recognised in the balance sheet for the respective plan:

Changes in the defined benefit obligation:	As at	Asat
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Balance at the beginning of the year	52.13	38.20
Current service cost	17.65	13.69
Interest cost	3.71	2.81
Benefits Pald	(10.29)	(2.31)
Remeasurement (Gain)/Loss on obligation	3.68	(0.26)
Balance at the end of the year	66.88	52.13
Amount recognised in the statement of profit and loss is as under:	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Current service cost	17.65	13.69
Interest cost on defined benefit obligation	3.71	2.81
Net Impact on profit before tax	21.36	16.50
Amount recognised in the other comprehensive income: Actuarial changes arising from changes in demographic assumptions Actuarial changes arising from changes in financial assumptions Experience adjustments	1.01 2.67	1.91 (2.17)
Impact on other comprehensive income	3.68	(0.26)
The principal assumptions used in determining gratuity obligation for the company's plans are shown	below:	
Economic assumptions		
Discount rate	7.00%	7.11%
Future salary increases	6.00%	6.00%
Demographic assumptions		
Retirement age	60	60
Mortality rates inclusive of provision for disability	100% of IALM (2012-14)	100% of IALM (2012-14)
Attrition at ages (withdrawal rate)		
	3.00%	3.00%
(i) up to 30 years		
(i) Up to 30 years (ii) From 31 to 44 years (iii) Above 44 years	2.00% 1.00%	2.00% 1.00%







Sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions	As at	Asat
Impact of the change in discount rate	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Impact due to increase of 0.50 %	New York	
Impact due to decrease of 0.50 %	(4.72)	(3.72)
, and a second s	5.23	4.12
Impact of the change in salary increase		
Impact due to increase of 0.50 %	3.05	
Impact due to decrease of 0.50 %	3.95	3.00
	(3.71)	(2.92)
The following is the maturity profile of defined benefit obligation:		
expected payment for future years	As at	As at
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
0 to 1 year	1.20	1.00
to 2 year	0.98	0.74
to 3 year	1.48	0.85
3 to 4 year	1.65	1.19
to 5 year	2.83	1.26
to 6 year	1.35	2.31
ith year onwards	57.39	
Total expected payments	66.88	44.78

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation as at 31 March 2025 is 19.79 years (Previous year : 20.03 years)





39 Employee Stock Option Plan

Stock price on the date 95.49
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Employment Contract - Cott'23
Employment Contract - Jan'24
UM Finance ESOP Plan 2024
Employment Contract - Apr'24
Employment Contract - Jul'36
Total Scheme Name

years S years No years No years S years No years S years S years No years S years S years S ye

Graded vesting period*

1. As per the vesting schedule 30% Options will vest on completion of one-year, 30% on completion of two year and 40% on completion of three year from the grant data respectively.

*2. For Schames Employment Contract - Aug '22 - III, Employment Contract - Jun '22, Employment Contract - Sep'22, Employment Contracts - Aug '22, - III, Employment Contracts - Jun '22, Employment Contracts - Sep'22, Employment Contracts - Jun '22, Employment Contracts - Aug '22, Funder Circle Award 2019-20, Full '12, Employment Contracts - Jun '23, Employment Contracts - Jun '24,
3. For Scheme Founder Circle Award 2022-23 (NBIC Feb 23), Founder Circle Award 2023-24 (NBFC Apr'23) options will vest on completion of five years from the grant date.

** Exercise period - Represents from grant date

Nate for Scheme modified during the period

Deretise period of the following schemes has been extended from 2 years. The fair value of the schemes is calculated as par Black-Scholes Model

Scheme name	Original Fair value Revise	Revised Fair Value-FY'22	Revised Fair Value-5Y'25	if Value-5Y'25 Increme vial Fair Value-5Y'24 Incremental Fair Value-5Y'25	Incremental Fair Value-FY25
DMI ESOP Plan 2019	38.86	43.83		4.96	811
DMI ESOP Plan, Legacy Scheme	15.32			0.67	
DMt ESOP Plan, Management Scheme	49.45	52.62		3.17	5.28
DNII Finance ESOP Plan 2018-1	1.15	3.51	9.32	2.36	583
DMI Finance ESDP Plan 2018-III	1.15	3.53	7.48	2.36	3.97
DMI Finance ESOP Plan 2020	44.51		60 55		10.58
Founder Circle Award 2019-20 [M8FC Apr 20]	40.75		49.84		606
THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON OF THE PE	14.61		24.00		





II. Reconcillation of options

March 31, 2025

Scheme Name	Options outstanding at the beginning of the year	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Lapsed/Cancelled during the year*	Outstanding at the end of the year	Weighted average remaining contractual life (in years)
DMI Finance ESOP Plan 2018-I DMI Finance ESOP Plan 2018-III	407,225			22,020	385,205	1.83
	38,784	1			38,784	0.14
DMI ESOP Plan, Management Scheme - II	71,714		7,073		64,641	150
DMI ESOP Plan, Legacy Scheme DMI ESOP PLAN 2019	138,350	3.	138,350	\$	04,041	1,50
	360,043	2	,	9,105	350,938	
Founder Circle Award 2019-20 (NBFC Apr'20)	395,000		4		395.000	2.00
DMI Finance ESOP Plan 2020 - II	9,228				9,228	1.9
Founder Circle Award 2019-20 (NBFC Apr'20) - I	275,000				275,000	
DMI Finance ESOP Plan 2020	250,644		3.1	10.1	250,644	2.06
DMI Finance ESOP Plan 2020 - III	6,055				6.055	2.00
DMI Finance Plan 2021	460,392	4	311	629	459,763	0.76
Founder Circle Award 2020-21 (NBFC Apr'21)	260,000		1	043	250,000	1.00
Founder Circle Award 2020-21 (NBFC Jul'21)	2,759,000				2,759,000	1.00
Employment Contracts - Jan'22	12,210	(4.7)			12,210	1,32
DMI ESOP Plan, Management Scheme - III	18,315	S. 1		- 1	18,315	1.72
Employment Contracts - Feb'22 - I	6,105				6,105	1,79
Employment Contracts - Feb 22 - III	3,663	2			3,663	1,83
OMI Finance ESOP Plan 2022	447,949		190		447,949	1.93
OMI Finance ESOP Plan 2022 - II	749			0.1	749	2.00
Imployment Contract - Aug'22 - III	1,670				1,670	2.25
imployment Contract - Jun'22	5,945		9.	111		2.40
mployment Contract - Mar'23	29,154			- 21	5,945	2.23
imployment Contract - Sep'22	2,188		20		29,154	2.92
mployment Contracts - Apr'22	1,784			2	2.188 1.784	2.50
mployment Contracts - Jul'22	30,000	7.1		3.1		2.08
mployment Contracts - May 22	30,000	D. 1	201		30,000	2.25
ounder Circle Award 2022-23 (NBFC Feb'23)	9,405,700		-		30,000	2.09
OMI Finance ESOP Plan 2023	480,755				9,405,700	3.84
ounder Circle Award 2023-24 (NBFC Apr'23)	350,000				480,755	3.01
mployment Contract - Jul'23	28,946				350,000	4.01
mployment Contract - Oct'23	11.525				28,946	3.25
mployment Contract - Jan'24	54,388			7.	11,525	3.51
MI Finance ESOP Plan 2024	34,308	339,154		1 6	54,388	3,76
rnployment Contract - Apr'24	3.1	30,901	1		339,154	4.01
mployment Contract - Jul'24	2.4	30,901 83,817			30,901	4.01
otal	16,352,481	453,872	145,423	31,754	83,817 16,629,176	4.25

There are no lapsed options during the FV 2024-25

March 31, 2024

Scheme Name	Options outstanding at the beginning of the year	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Lapsed/Cancelled during the year#	Outstanding at the end of the year	Weighted average remaining contractual life (in years)
DMI Finance ESOP Plan 2018 - II	23,038	143	23,038		- 14	
DMi Finance ESOP Plan 2018-I	1,024,070	1.45	616,845	- 5	407,225	0.00
DMI Finance ESOP Plan 2018-III	38,784	1.0	1,1,5 = (0,15)		38,784	0.50
DMI ESOP Plan, Management Scheme - I	7,073	14	7,073			0.30
DMI ESOP Plan, Management Scheme - II	579,148	143	507,434	- 1	71.714	0.50
DMI ESOP Plan, Legacy Scheme	281,354	(4)	143,004		138,350	0.30
DMI ESOP PLAN 2019	625,248		265,205		360,043	1.00
Founder Circle Award 2019-20 (NBFC Apr'20)	1,335,000	1.0	940,000		395,000	1.06
DMI Finance ESOP Plan 2020 - II	23,068	040	13,840		9,228	188
Founder Circle Award 2019-20 (NBFC Apr'20) - I	275,000	100			275,000	1.06
DMI Finance ESOP Plan 2020	363,094	197	112,450		250,644	1.00
DMI Finance ESOP Plan 2020 - III	9,865	100	3.810	240	6,055	1.76
DMI Finance Plan 2021	552,939	120	88,079	4,458	460,392	2.00
Foundar Circle Award 2020-21 (N9FC Apr'21)	270,000		7,961.0	10,000	260,000	2.00
Founder Circle Award 2020-21 (NBFC Jul'21)	3,011,000		30,000	222,000	2,759,000	2.32
Employment Contracts - Jan'22	12,210	24		4	12,210	2.72
DMI ESOP Plan, Management Scheme - III	18,315	(36)	100	190	18,315	2.79
Employment Contracts - Feb'22 - I	6,105	(4)			6,105	2.83
Employment Contracts - Feb'22 - II	7,326	12		7,326	250	
Employment Contracts - Feb'22 - III	3,663	76.1			3,663	2.93
DMI Finance ESOP Plan 2022	501,364	(4)	33,677	19.538	447,949	3.00
DMI Finance ESOP Plan 2022 - II	2,497	523	1	1,748	749	3.25
Employment Contract - Aue'22 - II	1.670	767	T-1	1,670	2.7	-
Employment Contract - Aug'22 - III	1.670	000			1,670	3.40
Employment Contract - Jun'22	5.945	100		- 1	5,945	3.23
Employment Contract - Mar'23	29,154				29,154	3.92
Employment Contract - Nov'22	2,188			2,188		
Employment Contract - Sep'22	2,188				2,188	3.50
Employment Contracts - Apr'22	1,784	14.1			1,784	3.08
Employment Contracts - Jul'22	30,000				30,000	3.25
Employment Contracts - May'22	30,000	\$ 1	1 31		30,000	3.09
Founder Circle Award 2022-23 (NBFC Feb'23)	10.048,700	lw lw		643.000	9,405,700	4 84
OMI Finance ESOP Plan 2023	15,015,755	507,595		26,840	480,755	4.01
Founder Circle Award 2023-24 (NBFC Apr'23)	1	350,000		1	350,000	5.01
Employment Contract - Jul'23	4	28,946			28,945	4.25
Employment Contract - Oct 23		13,621		2.096	11,525	4.51
Employment Contract - Jan'24		54,388		4,000	54,388	4.76
Total	19,123,460	954,550	2,784,655	940.874	16,352,481	3.73

There are no cancelled options during the FY 2023-24.





III. Computation of fair value

For undertaking fair valuation of ESOP, the Company is using Black-Scholes Model.

Scheme Name	Fair market value of shares (Rs.)	Volatility	Risk free rate	Dividend Yield	Exercise price (Rs.)	Option fair value
DMI ESOP PLAN 2019	95 49	30.00%	7.35%			1000
Founder Circle Award 2019-20 (NBFC Apr'20)	101.87	30 00%	6.50%	7	95.49	38.86
DMI Finance ESOP Plan 2018 - II	22.81	15.00%	6.00%		100,00	40.75
DMI Finance ESOP Plan 2018	24.58	15 00%	7.50%		43.90 46.74	0.67
DMIESOP Plan, Management Scheme - I	24.68	15.00%	7.50%		13/35-31	1.15
DMI ESOP Plan, Management Scheme - II	95.49	15.00%	7.50%		46.74	1.15
DMI ESOP Plan, Legacy Scheme	24.68	15.00%	7.00%		46.74	49.45
DMI Finance ESOP Plan 2020 - II	113 34	30.00%	6.14%		13 29	15.32
Founder Circle Award 2019-20 (NBFC Apr'20) - I	116.36	30.00%	6.14%		113,34	43.35
DMI Finance ESOP Plan 2020	116.36	30.00%	6.14%	1580	115.36	44,51
DMI Finance ESOP Plan 2020 - III	113 34	30.00%	6.14%		116.36	44.51
DMI Finance Plan 2021	113.00	30.00%	6,60%		113.34	43,35
Founder Circle Award 2020-21 (NBFC Apr'21)	113.00	30.00%	6.14%		113.00	43.49
Founder Circle Award 2020-21 (NBFC Jul'21)	112.86	30.00%	6 14%		113.34	43.49
Employment Contracts - Jan'22	209.00	30.00%	6.60%		112.86	43,17
DMI ESOP Plan, Management Scheme - III	209.00	30.00%	6.60%		209.00	81.89
Employment Contracts - Feb'22 - I	209.00	30.00%	6.60%		209.00	81.89
Employment Contracts - Feb'22 - II	209.00	30.00%	6.60%		209.00	81.89
Employment Contracts - Feb'22 - III	209.00	30.00%	6.60%	-	209.00	81.89
DMI Finance ESOP Plan 2022	212.81	29 82%	6.83%	•	209.00	81.89
DMI Finance ESOP Plan 2022 - II	212.81	29.82%	6.83%	1	212.81	84.13
Employment Contract - Aug'22 - II	217.77	29.91%	7.65%		212.81	84.13
Employment Contract - Aug'22 - III	217.77	29.91%	7.65%		217,77	89.63
Employment Contract - Jun'22	212.81	29.82%	6.83%	1.0	217.77	89.83
Employment Contract - Mar'23	225.11	29.91%	7.65%		212.81	84.13
Employment Contract - Nov'22	217.77	29 91%	7.65%	1	225.11	92.86
Imployment Contract - Sep'22	217.77	29.91%	7.65%		221.53	88.32
Employment Contracts - Apr'22	212.81	29.82%	6.83%		221,53	88.32
Imployment Contracts - Jul'22	217.77	29.91%	7.65%		212.81	84,13
imployment Contracts - May'22	212.81	29.82%	6.83%		977333774	89 83
ounder Circle Award 2022-23 (NBFC Feb'23)	225.11	29.91%	7.65%		212 81	84.13
OMI Finance ESOP Plan 2023	259.18	24.15%	7.18%		225.11 259.18	103.28
ounder Circle Award 2023-24 (NBFC Apr'23)	259.18	24.15%	7.18%		259 18	95.57
imployment Contract - Jul'23	259.18	19.29%	7.10%		259.18	107 15 86 09
mployment Contract - Oct'23	276.54	19.09%	7.72%		281.84	95.44
imployment Contract - Jan'24	285.69	18.09%	7.13%		285.69	95.44
OMI Finance ESOP Plan 2024	285.69	16.90%	7.07%		285.00	93.84
mployment Contract - Apr'24	285.69	16.90%	7.07%		285.00	93.84
mployment Contract - Jul'24	283.86	17.05%	7.00%		283.86	93.64

The Company applies the fair value method of accounting to account for stock options issued by it to the employees of the Company. The fair market value of such instruments as at the grant date is recognized as an expense over the period in which the related services are received. Accordingly, fair value of the stock options and restricted stock units is amortized on a straight-line basis over the vesting period of the stock options. The Company recognise share based compensation in the Statement of Profit and Loss with a corresponding credit to Share based payments outstanding reserve.

The employees' compensation expense for Stock options during the year ended 31 March 2025 amounts to Rs. 273,04 millions (previous year Rs. 287,45 millions).

Details of Group ESOP Plan

Options have been given to employees of the Group in accordance with "DMI Employee Stock Option Plan - 2018".

The Company has entered into cost chargeback agreement with the granter and post this agreement the Company would be required to pay the difference of market price of the options and exercise by the employees of the Company, to DMI Housing Finance Private Limited. Therefore, in the current year, share based compensation expense has been recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss with a corresponding credit to a Hability account.

Ouring the Financial year 2014-19, as per the scheme options were granted to employees of the Granter. The Company has recognised the expense of Re. 0.34 Millions (previous year: Rs. 2.81 Millions) as share based compensation expense in relation to these options with a corresponding credit to a (lability account which is Rs. 2.25 millions as on March 31, 2024).





40 Disclosures in respect of Related Parties as per Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) – 24 'Related Party Disclosures

(a) List of related parties

Holding company DMI Limited

Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries
DMI Management Services Private Limited (upto 1 Nov 2023)
DMI Capital Private Limited
Applit Technologies Private Limited
DMI Infotech Solutions Private Limited (w.e.f 26 Aug 2024)

Associate DMI Alternatives Private Limited (upto 25 Sep 2023)

Fellow subsidiaries

DMI Housing Finance Private Limited

Joint Venture

Ampverse DMI Private Limited (w.e.f 05 July 2023)

Key managerial personnel (KMP)

Name
Mr. Yuvraja Chanakya Singh
Mr. Shivashish Chatterjee
Mrs. Bina Singh
Mrs. Jayati Chatterjee
Mr. Gurcharan Das
Mr. Nipendar Kochhar
Mr. Alfred Victor Mendoza
Mr. Mred Victor Mendoza

Mr. Alfred Victor Mendoz Mr. Mazakazu Osawa Ms. Naomi Kolke Hauser Mr. Tammir Amr Ms. Jyoti Kheria Ms. Jyoti Kheria Mr. Niraj Khandelwal Mr. Vicek Wadhera Mr. Jatinder Bhasin Mr. Bana Duzer

Ms. Reena Jayara Mr. Masashige Nakazono

Designation

Designation
Non-Executive Director (Joint Managing Director upto Jan 20, 2025)
Managing Director (Joint Managing Director upto Jan 20, 2025)
Non Executive Director (upto Dec 25, 2024)
Non Executive Director (upto Dec 25, 2024)
Non Executive Director

Non Executive Director

Non Executive Director
Nominee Director (w.e.f May 22, 2023 upto Mar 25, 2025)
Nominee Director (w.e.f May 22, 2023 upto Mar 25, 2025)
Nominee Director (w.e.f Apr 13, 2024)
Independent Director (w.e.f Dec 26, 2024)
Independent Director (w.e.f Dec 26, 2024)
Independent Director (w.e.f May 15, 2024 upto Dec 11, 2024)
Company Secretary (w.e.f May 16, 2024 upto Apr 29, 2025)
Chief Financial Officer (w.e.f Nov 13, 2024 upto Apr 29, 2025)
Chief Financial Officer (w.e.f Apr 25, 2024 upto Nov 12, 2024)
Interim Chief Financial Officer (w.e.f Apr 25, 2024 upto Nov 12, 2024)
Company Secretary (w.e.f Feb 14, 2025)
Nominee Director (w.e.f. Mar 28, 2025)

Mr Arpit Baheti appointed as Interim Chief Financial Officer w.e.f May 23, 2025

Relatives of KMP Relative of Mr. Yuvraja Chanakya Singh Mrs. Bina Singh Relative of Mr. Shivashish Chatterjee

Ms. Promita Chatterjee Mrs. Jayati Chatterjee

Enterprises over which key management personnel and relatives of such personnel exercise significant influence with whom transactions have been undertaken: Quickwork Technologies Private Limited 2022 Revocable Trust of Yuva) C. Singh Shivashich Chatrejee Revocable Trust of University (Shivashich Chatrejee Revocable Trust OMI Alternatives Private Limited (w.e.f 26 Sep 2023) DMI Management Services Private Limited (w.e.f 2 Nov 2023)

Entity with significant influence Ganesha Fixed income Limited





(b) Significant transactions with related parties:

Cost share recovery	Mar 31,2025	
COX SHARE RELEVERY	35.68	March 31, 2024 38 3
Share based expense	10.00	
		17.2
Reimbursement of expense paid by related party on behalf of entity	7.51	1.5
Cost share recovery		0.04
Dividend income		16.00
Cost share recovery	0.60	
Share based expense		0.60
Conversion of CCPS to equity	385.56	1.71
Cost share recovery	6 36	
Reimbursement of expense paid by related party on habilif of antity		
		-
		752.88
compulsarily convertible debentures and interest accrued thereon (net off TDS)		18
		Ψ.
other expense	1.99 30.80	
Cout above becomes	98190	
		44.19
		2,48
Reimbursement of expense paid by related party on behalf of entity	2,62	2.38
Other expenses		38.66
Sale of units of Alternative Investment Fund (Special Opportunities Scheme)	4	1.45
Sale of shares held in DMI Management		4.59
investment in compulsorily convertible preference shares	106.60	131.20
Interest expense	10.79	10.83
Repayment of loan	24	134.00
		14
		25,71
		0.03
		80.17
		69.00
Sale of shares held in DMI Alternatives Sale of units of Alternative Investment Fund (Special Opportunities Scheme)		33.52 1.89
Sale of shares held in DMI Alternatives		33.52
Sale of units of Alternative Investment Fund (Special Opportunities Scheme)	12	1.89
Other Expenses	12.94	10,29
other expense	15.05	
Nature of transactions		For the year ended
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Remuneration		5.59
		7.79 5.20
		0.01
Repayment of loan granted		7.79
Sitting fee	0.16	0.18
Reimbursement of expenses	0.21	0.13
Remuneration	53.40	61.06
	0.29	0.36
		72.
Sitting fee	0.06	
Remuneration	51,24	60.70
Post employment benefits	0.36	0 36
issue of equity shares		
Reimbursement of expenses	10.38	7.56
	Cost share recovery Share based expense Conversion of CCPS to equity Cost share recovery Reimbursement of expense paid by related party on behalf of entity Investment in optionally convertible debentures Investment in compulsory convertible debentures Investment in compulsory convertible debentures Issuance of equity shares pursuant to conversion of optionally convertible debentures, compulsarily convertible debentures and interest occured thereon (net off TDS) Interest income from optionally convertible debentures other expense Cost share recovery Share beade expense Payment received for options and warrants Reimbursement of expense paid by related party on behalf of entity Other expenses Sale of vinits of Alternative Investment Fund (Special Opportunities Scheme) Sale of shares held in DMI Management Investment in compulsority convertible preference shares Interest expense Repsyment of loan Debt raived (NCD) Cost share recovery Reimbursement of expense paid by related party on behalf of entity Other expenses Investment in equity shares Sale of shares held in DMI Alternatives Sale of units of Alternative Investment Fund (Special Opportunities Scheme) Cither Expenses Other expense Nature of transactions Remuneration Luan granted Options exercised Reimbursement of expenses Repsyment of loan granted Sitting fee Reimbursement of expenses Remuneration Post employment benefits Issue of equity shares Sitting fee Remuneration Post employment benefits Issue of equity shares	Amount paid in respect of exercise of warrant/ISOP Reimbursement of expense paid by related party on behalf of entity 7.51 Cost share recovery Dividend income Cost share recovery 3.62 Share based expense Conversion of CCPS to equity 3.65 Reimbursement of expense paid by related party on behalf of entity 3.65 Reimbursement of expense paid by related party on behalf of entity 3.65 Reimbursement in compolonary convertible dehentures 3.00.00 Sissance of equity shares pursuant to conversion of optionally convertible debentures, computantly convertible dehentures 3.00.00 Sissance of equity shares pursuant to conversion of optionally convertible debentures, computantly convertible debentures 3.00.00 Sissance of equity shares pursuant to conversion of optionally convertible debentures, computantly convertible debentures 3.00.00 Sissance of equity shares pursuant to conversion of optionally convertible debentures, computantly convertible debentures 3.00.00 Sissance of equity shares pursuant to conversion of optionally convertible debentures 3.00.00 Sissance of equity shares pursuant to conversion of optionally convertible debentures 3.00.00 Sissance of equity shares 3.00 Sistance of transactions 4.00 Sistance of transactions 5.00 Sistance of equity shares 5.00 Sistance of equity





Mrs. Jayati Chatterjee	Sitting fees	0.26	0.24
Mr. Tammir Amr	Sitting fees	0.26	0.24
	strong rees	0.06	(2)
Mr. Gurcharan Das	Sitting fees	and	
	10000 W 10000	0.20	0.16
Mr. Nipender Kochhar	Sitting fees	***	
	Loan granted	0.34	0.26
	Interest income on loan		5.21
	Warrants exercised		0.02
	Repayment of loan granted	•	5.21
		4	5.23
Mr. Arjun Malhotra	Sitting fees		
		0.02	
Mr. Vivek Wadhera*	Remuneration		
	Reimbursement of expenses	0.68	11.36
	500201 = 50000000 5000 00000 1 0 = 70000	*	0.06
Mr. Krishan Gopal*	Remuneration		3.16
	Loan granted		0.81
	Options exercised		0.67
	Repayment of loan granted		0.81
Ms. Promita Chatterine			
ma. Fromite Chatterjee	Consultancy Fee	1.58	1.48
Ms. Shilpi Varshney*	Remuneration		
and the same	Remuneration		1.00
Ms Jyoti Kheria*	Remuneration		
1000 may 100	TO THE PARTY OF TH	1,44	99.
Mr. Jatinder Bhasin*	Remuneration		
	Remuneration	19.36	19
Ms. Reena Jayara*	Remuneration		
PRODUCTOR ACTOR	Welling ict of Oli	0.83	07
Mr. Niraj Khandelwal*	Remuneration		
The state of the s	WALDRICK STOOL	4.42	3.6

^{*} Remuneration does not include post employment benefits

(c) Outstanding balances with related parties:

Nature of balances	As at	As at
	Werth 31, 2023	March 31, 2024
Employee Stock Option Plan recoverable	2.21	6.58
Trade Receivable	40.27	33.96
Employee Stock Option Plan recoverable	4.00	2.52
Investment in equity	386.55	0.99
Investment in compulsorily convertible preference shares	*	385.56
Employee Stock Option Plan gayable	24.75	39.66
Other payable		39,66
Trade Receivable	10,74	
Borrowings from Non-convertible debentures	134.00	
Interest expense	10.79	
Investment in equity	663.03	532.03
Investment in compulsorily convertible preference shares	21.97	21.97
other payable	0.26	
Investment in equity	1,093.48	3.58
Other payables	3,56	
investment in optionally convertible debentures		752.88
Investment in compulsorily convertible preference shares	237.80	131.20
	Employee Stock Option Plan recoverable Trade Receivable Employee Stock Option Plan recoverable Investment in equity Investment in compulsorily convertible preference shares Employee Stock Option Plan payable Other payable Trade Receivable Borrowings from Non-convertible debentures Interest expense Investment in equity investment in compulsorily convertible preference shares other payable Investment in equity Other payables Investment in equity Other payables Investment in optionally convertible debentures	Employee Stock Option Plan recoverable Trade Receivable Employee Stock Option Plan recoverable Investment in equity Other payable Investment in equity Indexest expense Investment in equity Investment in compulsorily convertible preference shares Employee Stock Option Plan payable Other payable Other payable Other payable Other payable Investment in compulsorily convertible debentures Investment in equity Investment in optionally convertible debentures

(d) Disclosure pursuant to Schedule V of Clause A (2) of Regulation 53(f) of the SEBI (Listing obligations and disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015:

There is no loan or advance given by the Company to either holding company or subsidiary companies.





41 Segment information

The Managing Director (Chief Operating Decision Maker) review the operations at the Company level. The operations of the Company fall under "financing activities" only, which is considered to be the only reportable segment in accordance with the provisions of Ind AS 108 – Operating Segments. The Company operates in a single geographical segment, i.e., domestic.

42 As per Master Direction — Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company — Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023 dated October 19, 2023 (as amended from time to time), Non-banking Financial Companies (NBFCs) are required to create an impairment reserve for any shortfall in impairment allowances under ind AS 109 and income Recognition, Asset classification and provisioning (IRACP) norms (including provision on Standard Asset). The impairment allowances under Ind AS 109 made by Company exceeds the total Provision required under IRACP (including Standard Asset provisioning), as at March 31, 2025 and accordingly no amount is required to be transferred to impairment reserve.

43 Capital

The Company actively manages its capital base to cover risk inherent to its business and meets the capital adequacy requirements of the regulator, Reserve Bank of India (RBI).

(I) Capital management:

Objective

The Company's objective is to maintain appropriate levels of capital to support its business strategy taking into account the regulatory, economic and commercial environment. The Company aims to maintain a strong capital base to support the risks inherent to its business and its growth strategy. The Company endeavours to maintain a higher capital base than the mandated regulatory capital at all times.

Planning

The Company's assessment of capital requirement is aligned to its planned growth which forms part of an annual operating plan which is approved by the Board and also a long range strategy. These growth plans are aligned to assessment of risks- which include credit, liquidity and interest rate.

The Company endeavours to maintain its Capital Risk Adequacy Ratio (CRAR) higher than the mandated regulatory norm. Accordingly, increase in capital is planned well in advance to ensure adequate funding for its growth.

As at March 31, 2024
64,764.42
1,304.96
66,069.38
147,603.48
43.88%
0.88%
44.76%

The CRAR is computed as per Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company – Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023 dated October 19, 2023 (as amended from time to time).

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call loans and borrowings.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024.

44 Contingent liabilities and commitments (to the extent not provided for)

a. Contingent liabilities	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
GST matter in respect of mismatch of GSTR 1 and GSTR 3B	3,57	
GST matter in respect of mismatch of GSTR 2A and Table 8A of GSTR 9	1,14	
GST matter in respect of mismatch of place of supply between the invoice entered by counterparty and the Company	6.73	
b. Commitments		
Commitments for acquisition of property, plant and equipment (net of advances)	9.	7.17
Commitments for Intangible assets under development (net of advances)	0.58	0.47

c. Other

In case of un-disbursed loan facility, the Company has sole and absolute discretion to allow or reject any further drawdown request. Hence, undrawn commitment for the Company are amounting to Nil (previous year Rs. Nii).

d. The Company has other commitments, for purchase of goods and services and employee benefits, in the normal course of business.

e. The Company did not have any long term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.





45 Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

Particulars	Debt securities	Borrowings other than debt securities	Liability against leased	Total
April 01, 2023	16,837.91	23,888.51	assets 242.29	
Cash flows:		23,000.31	242.29	40,968.71
- Repayment	(19,879.53)	(27,369.22)	(30.55)	***********
- Proceeds	11,888.82		(78.65)	(47,327.40)
Non-cash	11,000.02	62,808.56		74,697.38
- Deferment / amortisation of upfront fees and other charges	14,96	181.43	*1	196.39
- Additions during the year			77.92	
- Others			200	77.92
March 31, 2024	8,862.16	59,509.28	23.73	23.73
Cash flows:	5,602.10	39,509.28	265.29	68,636.73
- Repayment	(10,501.25)	(66,997.00)	(110.75)	(77,608.99)
- Proceeds	10,900.72	42.048.77	**************************************	
Non-cash	20,200172	42,046.77		52,949.49
- Deferment / amortisation of upfront fees and other charges	5.67	103.16		108.82
- Additions during the year			263.29	
- Deletions during the year		14		263.29
- Others			(0.88)	(0.88)
March 31, 2025	9,267.30	*	43.74	43,74
	9,267.30	34,664.21	460.69	44,392.20

Note: There is no non cash movement in investing activities except depreciation of Rs. 53.38 millions (previous year Rs. 49.43 millions) in Property, Plant and Equipment,

46 Leases

The Company has lease contracts for office and residential spaces taken on lease. The lease terms are between 1 to 10 years,

The Company also has certain lease with lease terms of 12 months or less. The Company applies the 'short-term lease' recognition exemptions for these leases.

The carrying amounts of right-of-use assets recognized and the movements during the period are as follows:

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Balance at the beginning of the year	219,48	196.35
Additions made during the year	263.29	77.92
Deletions during the year	(0.91)	
Amortisation on right of use assets	83.35	54.79
Balance at the end of the year	398.51	219.48

The carrying amounts of lease liabilities and the movements during the period are as follows:

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Balance at the beginning of the year	265.29	242.29
Additions made during the year	263,29	77.92
Interest accretion for the year	43.74	23.73
Deletions during the year	(0.88)	Language.
Payments made during the year	(110.75)	(78.65)
Balance at the end of the year	460.69	265.29

The effective interest rate for lease liabilities is 10%, with maturity ranging to 2030-31.

The following are the amounts recognized in profit and loss :

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Amortisation expense in respect of right-of-use asset	83.35	54.79
Interest expense in respect of lease liabilities	43.74	23,73
Expense relating to short-term leases (included on other expenses)	3.64	9.72
Total amount recognised in profit or loss	130.73	88.24

The Company's total cash outflows for leases was Rs 110,75 Millions during the year (previous year Rs 78,65 Millions)

Maturity Analysis of Lease Liabilities

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Upto 1 month	6.31	5.02
Over 1month to 2 month	6.56	4.57
Over 2 months to 3 months	6,62	3.75
Over 3 months to 6 months	20.25	10,11
Over 6 months to 1 year	37.82	17.12
Over 1 year to 3 years	143.13	83.74
Over 3 years and upto 5 years	67.96	70.28
Over 5 years	152,04	70.70
Total	460.69	265.29





47 Tax expenses

The major components of income tax expense for the years ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024 are:

	Year ended	Year ended
Current tax	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Deferred tax credit	152.30	2,226.12
	(128.15)	(916.44)
Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss	24.15	1,309.68

The major components of tax expense and its reconciliation to expected tax expense based on the enacted tax rate applicable to the Company is 25.17% (March 31, 2024: 25.17%) and the reported tax expense in statement of profit and loss are as follows:

	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Profit before tax Income-tax rate Expected tax expense	77.26 25.17%	5,476.06 25.17%
	19.44	1,378.22
Expenditure on Corporate Social Responsibility disallowed u/s 37	17.86	9.18
Interest paid to Associated Enterprise disallowed u/s 94B	2.72	2.73
Disallowance/addition u/s 36(1)(va) and 43B	0.18	•
Capital Expenditure disallowed u/s 37	0.25	5.62
Difference between accounting income and taxable income on investments		(62.41)
Differential Tax Rate on Long term capital gains		(24.07)
Others	(16.30)	0.42
Tax expense	24.15	1,309.68





48 Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities:

Daniel and and		at March 31, 202	5	As	at March 31, 202	4
Particulars	Within 12	After 12	Total	Within 12	After 12	Total
Access	months	months		months	months	
ASSETS						
Financial assets					1	
Cash and cash equivalents	8,939.10		8,939.10	10,259.51		10,259.5
Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents	1,433.42	1,048.84	2,482.26	1,003.78	148.01	1,151.7
Trade receivables	88.78		88.78	64.57		64.5
Loans	51,817.75	23,536.59	75.354.34	77,308.04	41,119.92	118,427.9
Investments	20,218.64	3,421.79	23,640.43	2,842.87	3,447.44	6,290.3
Other financial assets	509.91	88.67	598.58	1,139.75	31.34	1,171.0
Non- financial assets			- 1			
Current tax assets (net)	1,434.05	1.0	1,434.05	120 56	= 1	
Deferred tax assets (net)	1,434.03	2,171.07		128.56		128.5
Property, plant and equipment	-	142.53	2,171.07		2,043.48	2,043.4
Capital work in progress		142.53	142.53		141.04	141.0
Right to use assets	94.96	212.55	****	4.68		4.6
Intangible assets	84.86	313.65	398.51	44.49	174.99	219.4
		35.73	35.73		30.97	30.9
Intangible assets under development Other non- financial assets	3.71	(4)	3.71	2.54		2.54
Assets held for sale	297.33	2.07	299.40	220.83	2.30	223.1
Assets neid for sale	75.00		75.00	75.00	*	75.00
-	84,902.55	30,760.94	115,663.49	93,094.62	47,139.49	140,234.1
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				33,034.02	47,133,43	140,234.1
LIABILITIES						
304 VICTO - O CONSTITUTO - CONS		1	9	1		
Financial liabilities			- 1			
A) Trade payables	100000	1	8.7			
(i) total outstanding dues of micro and small	8.11	3 1	8.11	25.33		25.33
enterprises	- 1					
(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	1,054.16	*	1,054.16	1,545.06	28.27	1,573.33
B) Other payables		1	- 1	10		
(i) total outstanding dues of micro and small						
enterprises		.			.51	
(ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than	846.33	11.93	858.26	713.01	17.35	730.36
micro and small enterprises	- 1		3			
Debt securities	2,443.86	6,823.44	9,267.30	1,945.40	6,916.76	8,862.16
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	25,240.55	9,423.66	34,664.21	31,959.05	27,550.23	59,509.28
Lease liabilities	77.56	383.13	450.69	40.57	10.000000000000000000000000000000000000	
Other financial liabilities	393.30	102.84	496.14	682.09	224.72	265.29 682.09
Non financial liabilities				1		
Provisions	3.97	170.59	170 55	2.22	420.47	
Other non-financial liabilities	146.21	1.86	174.56 148.07	3.22 290.63	128.43 4.71	131.65 295.34
Equity						
Equity share capital		7 435 33	7,455.55			
200 C C 100		7,426.32	7,426.32		7,424.87	7,424.87
Other equity		61,105,67	61,105.67	1	60,734.41	60,734.41
	30,214.05	85,449.44	115,663.49	37,204.36	103,029.75	140,234.11





49 Disclosure of expected credit loss and provisions required as per income Recognition and Asset Classification norms;

(Amount in Rs. Crores) Difference **Expected Loss Allowances Provisions Gross Carrying Amount** between Ind AS **Net Carrying** Asset Classification as per RBI Norms classification as (Provisions) as required required as per as per Ind AS* Amount 109 provisions per Ind A5 109 under Ind AS 109 **IRACP** norms and IRACP norms (1) (4) (5)=(3)-(4) (6) 7) = (4)-(6) Performing Assets Standard Stage 1 7,369.29 208.63 7,160.66 29.89 178.74 Stage 2 451.77 252.65 199.12 2.27 250.38 Subtotal 7,821.06 461.28 7,359.78 32.16 429.12 Non-Performing Assets (NPA) Substandard Stage 3 123.64 59.10 64.54 12.36 46.74 Doubtful - up to 1 year Stage 3 80.72 40.36 40.36 16.14 24.22 1 to 3 years Stage 3 182.22 71.11 111.11 54.67 16.44 More than 3 years Stage 3 Subtotal for doubtful 262,94 111.47 151.47 70.B1 40.66 Loss Stage 3 Subtotal for NPA 386.58 170.57 216.01 83.17 87.40 Other items such as guarantees, loan Stage 1 commitments, etc. which are in the scope of Ind AS 109 but not covered under current Income Stage 2 Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning (IRACP) norms Stage 3 Subtotal Stage 1 7,369.29 208.63 7,160.66 29.83 178,74 Stage 2 451.77 252.65 199.12 2.27 250.38 Total Stage 3 386.58 170.57 216.01 83.17 87.40 Total 8,207.64 631.85 7,575.79 115.33 516.52

^{*} This includes credit substitutes of Rs. 807.16 millions





50 Risk management

Introduction and risk profile

The Company is a Non-banking financial company in India and is regulated by the Reserve Bank Of India (RBI). In view of the intrinsic nature of operations, the Company is exposed to a variety of risks, which can be broadly classified as liquidity risk, credit risk, interest rate risk and equity price risk. It is also subject to various regulatory risks.

Risk management structure and policies

As a lending institution, Company is exposed to various risks that are related to lending business and operating environment. The Principal Objective in Company 's risk management processes is to measure and monitor the various risks that Company is subject to follow policies and procedures to address such risks. Company 's risk management framework is driven by Board and its subcommittees including the Audit Committee, the Asset Liability Management Committee and Risk Management Committee. Company gives due importance to prudent lending practices and have implemented suitable measures for risk mitigation, which include verification of credit history from credit information bureaus, personal verifications, conservative loan to value.

(A) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the potential for loss to an institution arising from either its inability to meet its obligations or to fund increases in assets as they fall due without incurring unacceptable cost or losses.

The Company manages liquidity risk by measuring and managing net funding requirements using a maturity ladder and calculation of cumulative surplus or deficit of funds at selected maturity dates which has been adopted as a standard tool. The Company's Assets-Liability Committee (ALCO) is responsible for determining the appropriate mix of available funding sources utilized to ensure Company liquidity is managed prudently and appropriately. With regard to the process of liquidity management, ALCO also considers the current economic and market environment, near-term loan growth projections and long-term strategic business decisions.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the undiscounted cash flows of the Company's financial assets and liabilities

March 31, 2025	upto 1 manth	Over 1month to 2 month	Over 2 months to 3 months	Over 3 months to 6 months	Over 6 months to 1 year	Over 1year to 3 years	Over 3 years to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Financial assets	0000000								
Cash and cash equivalents	8,939.23	1.78							8,941.01
Bank balance other than Cash and cash equivalents	2.89	-	91.70	569,70	864,79	1,055.07	3	180	2,584.15
Trade receivables	48,07	40.31	0.40	0.00					88.78
Loans	7,065.43	7,803.29	7,367.68	18,602.87	25,070.56	27,056.26	4,090.67	1.23	97,057.99
Investments	17,317.74	529.77	378.85	1,071.31	1,235.11	259.69	1,006.80	2,793.80	24,593.06
Other financial assets	3.12	231.51	140.11	27.10	108.06	55.18	10.83	22.67	598.58
Financial liabilities									230.30
Payables	668.17	196.43	198.64	3.55	841.82	11.93	- 3		1,920.53
Debt securities	13.50	1.00	117.92	2,774.60	369.44	7,554.51			10,829.98
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	1,998.74	2,238.01	3,849.88	7,535.95	11,610.47	10,220.15			37,513.18
Lease liabilities	10.15	10,36	10,36	31.13	58.07	206.27	127.81	175.09	629.23
Other financial liabilities	89.54		232.73	71.03		102.84	-	1.505	495.14

March 31, 2024	upto 1 month	Over 1 month to 2 month	Over 2 months to 3 months	Over 3 months to 6 months	Over 6 months to 1 year	Over 1 year to 3 years	Over 3 years to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Financial assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	10,259.93					122	1.0		10,259.93
Bank balance other than Cash and cash equivalents	2.75		245,75	230.08	587.31	160.48			1,226.37
Trade receivables	24.56	6.06	33.95			1.0		V.	64.57
Loans	11,957.34	11,190.64	10,511.66	26,591.65	35,038.58	45,373.32	3,798.98	1,591.20	146,053.37
Investments	321.75	342.48	357.15	979.10	1,213.71	1,847.79	807.16	1,460.38	7,329.52
Other financial assets	25.84	65,77	349.80	68R,95	9.39	0.49	19.93	10.92	1,171.09
Financial liabilities	0.5772-61	(500)	500.700.00	83375-3	1,000,000	550501	10,0658	200000	=58,650,000
Payables	1,014.74	371.00	177,97	731,60	32.35	1.36			2,329.02
Debt securities		- 7, 1,000,000	344.59	230.91	2,049.54	8,021.38		9	10,646,42
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	4,225.10	2,256.30	4,069.62	11,469.92	13,874.13	28,517.25	1,651.53	-	66,063.85
Lease liabilities	7.23	6.74	5.88	16,33	28.84	120.91	90.29	82.64	358.86
Other financial liabilities	219.97	135.62	20,12	8.07	298.31	14			682.09





DMI Finance Private Limited

Notes to the standalone financial statements

(All Amount in Rs. millions, unless otherwise stated)

(B) Credit ris

Credit risk arises from the potential that an obligor is either unwilling to perform on an obligation or its ability to perform such obligation is impaired resulting in economic loss to the Company. The Company's credit risk management framework is categorized into following main components:

- Senior management's oversight
- Organizational structure
- Systems and procedures for identification, acceptance, measurement, monitoring and controlling risks.

It is the overall responsibility of the Company's senior management to approve the Company's credit risk strategy and lending policies relating to credit risk and its management.

To maintain credit discipline and to enunciate credit risk management and control process there is a separate risk management department ladependent of loan origination function. The risk management department performs the function of credit policy formulation, credit limit setting, monitoring of credit exceptions / exposures and review /monitoring of documentation.

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure.

Analysis of risk concentration

The following table shows the risk concentration by industry for the financial assets of the Company:

March 31, 2025	Financial services	Government	Real estate	MSME	Services and manufacturing	Retail	Others	Total
Financial asset					_			
Cash and cash equivalents	8,939.10	180	996		8		8	8,939 10
Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents	2,482.26	-	1001				196	2,482.26
Loans - Corporate*	118.66		2,748.45			-	8	2,867.11
Loans Consumer loans*	1.00		100	4	1 7 1	72,487,23	2 1	/2,48/.23
Trade receivables	88,78		190				9	88.78
investments*	19,015.12		403.59	4	· ·	*	4,221.72	23,640.43
Other financial assets	516.77		0000	1.4	× ×	267	81.81	598.58
Total	31,160.69		3,152.04		-	72,487.23	4,303.53	111,103.49

March 31, 2024	Financial services	Government	Real estate	MSME	Services and manufacturing	Retail	Others	Total
Financial asset								
Cash and cash equivalents	10,259.51	-	2.0			-	0.0	10,259.51
Bank balance other than cash and cash equivalents	1,151.79	141						1,151.79
Loans - Corporate*	472.14		3,643.56				464.68	4,580,38
Loans - Consumer loans*			(4)	793.77	- 1	113,053.81		113,847.58
Trade receivables	43.90						20.67	64.57
Investments*	1,319.80	0.5	403.59				4,566,92	5,290.31
Other financial assets	168.39	1.0					1,002.70	1,171.09
Total	13,415.53	0.6%	4,047.15	793.77		113,053.81	6,054.97	137,365.23

^{*} Net of impairment loss allowance

(C) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the value of on and off-balance sheet positions of a financial institution will be adversely affected by novements in market rates or prices such as interest rates, foreign and capital.

exchange rates, equity prices, credit spreads and/or commodity prices resulting in a loss to earnings and capital.

Financial institutions may be exposed to market risk in variety of ways. Market risk exposure may be explicit in portfolios of securities / equities and instruments that are actively traded. Conversely it may be implicit such as interest rate risk due to mismatch of loans and deposits. Besides, market risk may also arise from activities categorized as off-balance sheet item. Therefore, market risk is potential for loss resulting from adverse movement in market risk factors such as interest rates, equity and commodity prices.

The Company's exposure to market risk is primarily on account of interest rate risk and equity price risk.

Total market risk exposure

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024	Primary risk sensitivity
ASSETS Financial assets			
51 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	1	2 212 26	F 18
Investments (Other than credit substitutes)**	19,644.23		Equity price
Credit substitutes and pass through certificate**	4,399.77	4,480 62	Interest rate
LIABILITIES			
Financial liabilities			
Debt securities	9,267.30	8,862.16	Interest rate
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	34,664.21	59,509.28	Interest rate

^{**}Gross of impairment loss allowance





(i) Interest rate risk:-

(r) interest rate rase.

Interest rate rases when there is a mismatch between positions, which are subject to interest rate adjustment within a specified period. The Company's lending, funding and investment activities give rise to interest rate risk. The immediate impact of variation in interest rate is on the Company's net interest income, while a long term impact is on the Company's net worth since the economic value of the assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet exposures are affected. While assessing interest rate risks, signals given to the market by RBI and government departments from time to time and the financial industry's reaction to them shall be continuously monitored.

Due to the very nature of financing, the Company is exposed to moderate to higher interest rate rsk. This risk has a major impact on the balance sheet as well as the income statement of the Company. Interest rate risk arises due to:

- i) Changes in regulatory or market conditions affecting the interest rates
- Changes in regulatory or market conditions affecting Short term volatility Prepayment risk translating into a reinvestment risk
- iii) Real interest rate risk.

Interest rate risk exposure

Variable Rate Borrowings **Fixed Rate Borrowings**

As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
23,945.52	52,994.37
19,985.99	15,377.07

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates (all other variables being constant) on the Company's statement of profit and loss:

rticulars	Effect on ne	t profit
	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Decrease in 50 basis points increase in 50 basis points	234,80 (234,80)	171 08 (171 08

	As at March 31,2025								
Impact on	Increase In equity price [36]	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease In equity price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity			
FVTOCI Investments	10%		39.10	10%		(39.10			
FVTPL Investments	10%	1,685.04		10%	(1.685.04)	-			

Impact on	As at March 31,2024									
	Increase in equity price	Effect on profit before	Effect on Equity	Decrease in equity price	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity				
FVTOCI investments	10%		114.15	10%	-	(114.15				
FVTPt Investments	10%		- 14	10%	(4)					

(III) Foreign Currency risk exposure

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company is exposed to foreign currency fluctuation

risk for its foreign currency receivables.
(a) The foreign currency exposures for the year ended are as follows:

Particulars	As at Marc	th 31,2025*	As at Mar	rch 31,2024"
English State Stat	Total	Unhedged	Total	Unhedged
Trade Receivables (INR - in millions)	0.13	0.13	1.46	1.46
Trade Receivables (USD - in millions)	9.00	0.00	0.02	0.02

Including indirect taxes

Note: There is no hedged foreign currency exposure

(b) Sensitivity Analysis
The following table demonstrates the sensitivity: a a reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates (all other variables being constant) on the Company's statement of profit and loss:

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the year ended March 31, 2024
Decrease by 1%	(0.00)	(0.01)
Increase by 1%	0.00	0.01





SI Financial instruments

Valuation principles

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measuvement date under current market conditions, regardeess of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using a valuation technique. In order to show how far values have been derived, financial instruments are classified based on a hierarchy of valuation techniques.

Valuation governance

The Company's process to determine fair values is part of its periodic financial close process. The Audit Committee exercises the overall supervision over the methodology and models to determine the fair value as part of its overall monitoring of financial cose process and controls. The responsibility of ongoing measurement resides with business units. Once submitted fair value estimates are also reviewed and challenged by the risk and finance functions.

Assets and liabilities by fair value hierarchy. The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments recorded at fair value by level of the fair value hierarchy:

		31 March 2025	th 2025			31 Mar	31 March 2024	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Leve 2	Level 3	Total
Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis financial investment measured at FVTP!								
Compulsorily convertible preference shares in DMI Capital Private Limited	*		÷		*	•	385.56	385.56
Mutual funds	16,850.43			16,850.43		٠	•	1.
Total financial investment measured at NTPL	16,850.43	*		16,850.43			385.56	385.56
Financial Investments measured at FVOCI								P.
Credit Substitutes	100		213.39	213.39		,	213 39	213 39
Compulsodly convertible preference shares in Saarathi Finbiz Private		-4	150 01	160.01	٠	٠	160.01	160.01
Limited								
7,500 Optionally convertible debentures in DMI Infotech Solutions	4	¥			9		752.88	752.88
Private Limited (Formerly known as DMI Consumer Credit Private								
Limited) of face value of Rs 1,00,000 each								
Loans								
Non-convertible debentures - unquoted	٠	٠	72.33	72.33	٠	٠	104.87	104.87
Equity Instruments								
DMI Infotech Solutions Private Limited (Formerly known as DMI	٠			•	٠	-	3.58	3 58
Consumer Credit Private Limited)								
Alchemist Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	*	٠	226.20	226.20			219.24	219.24
Other instruments								-
Units of DMI AIF Special Opportunities Scheme		*	4.76	4.76		*	5.80	5.80
Total financial investments measured at FVOCI		٠	69.929	676.69		٠	1,459.77	1,459.77
Total financial assets measured at fair value	16,850.43	*	676.69	17,527.12			1,845.33	1,845.33





(All Amount in Rs. millions, unless otherwise stated) DMI Finance Private Umited Notes to the standalone financial statements

Valuation techniques

Financial instruments measured at FVTPL (other than CCPS)

The equity ristruments which are traded on public stock exchanges with readily available active prizes on a regular basis and are classified as level 1. Units held in mutual funds are valued at NAV of respective investment and are classified as

Equity instruments measured at FVOCI Equity instruments in non-listed entities are valued on a case-by-case either based on net worth of investee company or valuation report issued by independent Valuer using discounted cash flow method, are classified as Level 3.

Debt Securities and loans at FVOCI

F. The Table of the School of descriptions.

F. The discounties great is calculated as summation of yields of G-Sec for similar tenure, sector specific spread, liquidity spread and spread based os score from internal risk rating model.

C. The risk rating model incorporates both quantitative and qualitative information on the borrower. Some of the factors that risk model considers are—

Area delivered in past across segments Financial strength (of the entity and group)

Dett track record (debt repaid in past, current & past delinquency)

Stages of various projects of developer

Asset cover (Cashillow and Security)
There have been no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 for the Year ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024.

Movements in Level 3 financial instruments measured at fair value

	Equity Shares	Units of DMI AIF Special Opportunities Scheme	Security receipts of Alchemist XV Trust	Credit Substitutes*	NCD Unquoted*	Compulsorily Convertible Debentures*	Optionally Convertible Debentures*	Compulsority convertible preference shares	Total
At March 31, 2023	1,365.35	9.73		537.43	137.80	2,160,27		385.56	4,596.14
Purchase	45.00	ž	*	,	٠		750.00	10.01	955.01
Change in classification			0.90	٠			*		,
Income Acorued	1(4		31#3	32.28	14,99	108.58	2.88		158.73
Sales / settlements	(1,270.55)	(5.23)	31	(356.32)	_	(2,274.32)			(3,954.34)
Transfers into Level 3	٠		٠	•				٠	•
Transfer from Level 3			20%			100	•		¥
Gains / loss for the period recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss	89.54	8	31 %			5.47	i i		95.01
Gains / lass for the period recognized in the other comprehensive income	(6.52)	1.30	*	×	¥	×	ě		(5.22)
At March 31, 2024	222.82	5.80	*	213.39	10487		752.88	545,57	1,845.33
Purchase	٠	100	(1)	14		*	9	12	
Change in classification	(3.58)	÷	٠	•			(752.88)	(385.56)	(1,142 02)
Income Accrued	٠		*	*		٠			
Sales / settlements	٠	(1.52)			(32.54)	*			(34.06)
Transfers into Level 3	*						.*		
Transfer from Level 3			E	٠		٠			¥
Gains / loss for the period recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss -			٠	٠			٠		2
Gains / loss for the period recognized in the other comprehensive income	96'9	0.48	*	٠		٠	٠	٠	7.44
At March 31, 2025	226,20	4.76		213.39	72.33		×	160.01	676.69







Impact on fair value of level 3 financial instruments measured at fair value of changes to key assumptions

The table summarises the valuation techniques together with the significant unobservable inputs used to calculate the fair value of the Company's level 3 assets and liabilities.

March 31, 2025	Fair value of Level 3 assets	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs
Compulsorily convertible preference shares in Saarathi Finbiz Private Limited	160.01	Comparable Company Method	Enterprise value
Equity shares in Alchemist Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	226,20	Discounted Projected Cash Flows	Discount margin / spread
Credit Substitutes	213.39	Discounted Projected Cash Flows	Discount margin / spread
Non-convertible debentures - unquoted	72,33	Discounted Projected Cash Flows	Discount margin / spread
Units of DMI AIF Special Opportunities Scheme	4.76	Assets under management of units of respective class of Investee Fund	Instrument price
Total	676.69	The Control of the Co	

March 31, 2024	Fair value of Level 3 assets	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs
Compulsorily convertible preference shares in DMI Capital Private			1
Limited	385.56	Net Worth of Investee Company	Instrument price
Equity shares in DMI Infotech Solutions Private Limited (formerly known as Consumer Credit Private Limited)	3.58	Net Worth of Investee Company	Instrument price
7,500 Optionally convertible debentures in DMI Infotech	752.88	Discounted Projected Cash Flows	Discount margin / spread
Solutions Private Limited (Formerly known as DMI Consumer			
Compulsorily convertible preference shares in Saarathi Finbiz	160.01	Adjusted Backsolve Method	Enterprise value
Private Limited			The state of the s
Equity shares in Alchemist Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	219.24	Discounted Projected Cash Flows	Discount margin / spread
Credit Substitutes	213.39	Discounted Projected Cash Flows	Discount margin / spread
Non-convertible debentures - unquoted	104.87	Discounted Projected Cash Flows	Discount margin / spread
Units of DMI AIF Special Opportunities Scheme	5.80	Assets under menagement of units of respective class of Investee Fund	Instrument price
Total	1,845.33		

Quantitative analysis of significant unobservable inputs

Instrument price

Given the nature of this approach, there is no range of prices used as inputs.

Discount margin/spreads

Discount margin/spreads represent the discount rates used when calculating the present value of future cash flows. In discounted cash flow models such spreads are added to the benchmark rate when discounting the future expected cash flows. Hence, these spreads reduce the net present value of an asset or increase the value of a liability. They generally reflect the premium an investor expects to achieve over the benchmark interest rate to compensate for the higher risk driven by the uncertainty of the cash flows caused by the credit quality of the asset. They can be implied from market prices and are usually unobservable for illiquid or complex instruments.





Sensitivity of fair value measurements to changes in unobservable market data

The table below describes the effect of a 10% movement in the significant unobservable input.

All changes, except for financial instruments at FVOCI would be reflected in Statements of Profit and Loss.

	March 3:	1, 2025	March 31	, 2024
Particulars	Favourable changes	Unfavourable changes	Favourable changes	Unfavourable changes
Instruments measured through FVTPL				
Compulsorily convertible preference shares in DMI Capital Private Limited			38.56	(38.56)
Total (A)	2.5		38.56	(38.56)
Instruments measured through FVTOCI				- United States
Equity shares in DMI Infotech Solutions Private Limited (Formerly known as DMI Consumer Credit Private Limited)	4		0.36	(0.36)
Equity shares in Alchemist Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	22.62	(22.62)	21.92	(21.92)
Credit Substitutes	21.34	(21.34)	21.34	(21.34)
Non-convertible debentures - unquoted	7.23	(7.23)	10.49	(10.49)
Units of DMI AIF Special Opportunities Scheme	0.48	(0.48)	0.58	(0.58)
Compulsorily convertible preference shares in Saarathi Finbiz Private Limited	16.00	(16.00)	16.00	(16.00)
Optionally convertible debentures in DMI Infotech Solutions Private Limited (Formerly known as DMI Consumer Credit Private Limited)		*	75.29	(75.29)
Total (B)	67.67	(67.67)	145.98	(145.98)
Total (A+B)	67.67	(67.67)	184.54	(184.54)
The above analysis has been made without considering the impact of tax.				

Valuation methodologies of financial instruments not measured at fair value

Below are the methodologies and assumptions used to determine fair values for the above financial instruments which are not recorded and measured at fair value in the company's financial statements. These fair values were calculated for disclosure purposes only. The below methodologies and assumptions relate only to the instruments in the above tables.

Borrowings - At Amortised cost

These includes term loans, securitisation and debt securities. The fair values of such liabilities are estimated using a discounted cash flow model based on contractual cash flows using actual or estimated yields and discounting by yields incorporating the counterparties' credit risk. These instrument are classified in Level 3. The carrying vaue of borrowings is approximately similar to fair value.

Investments - At amortised cost

These includes Credit substitutes, corporate loans, pass through certificates. The fair values of such instruments are estimated using a discounted cash flow model based on contractual cash flows using actual or estimated yields and discounting by yields incorporating the counterparties' credit risk. These instrument are classified in Level 3. The carrying vaue of investments classified at amortised cost is approximately similar to fair value.

Assets and liabilities other than above

The carrying value of assets and liabilities other than investments and borrowings at amortised cost represents a reasonable approximation of fair value





- 52 Disclosures in accordance with Master Direction ~ Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023, as amended from time to time
- (A) i) Registration/ license/ authorization, by whatever name called, obtained from other financial sector regulators;
 The Company is a private limited company registered with Reserve Bank of India as a Non- banking finance company vide certificate of registration no.14.03176 dated January 5, 2009
 - Ratings assigned by credit rating agencies and migration of ratings during the year; During the year the following ratings have been assigned to the Company

Name of the rating agency	Amount	Rating as on 31st March 2025	Type of facility	At the beginning of year	Change during Year	(Amount in Rs. crores
ICRA Ratings	90.53	NA	PTC Series A1 (PLUM-I)	[ICRA]AAA(SO)	Withdrawn	Withdrawn on 31 Jan 2025.
ICRA Ratings	77.27	NA	PTC Series A1 (PLUM-II)	(ICRA)AAA(SO)	Withdrawn	Withdrawn on 27 May 2024.
ICRA Ratings	149.12	(ICRA)AAA(SO)	PTC Series A1 (PLUM-III)	(ICRAJAAA(SO)	No change	Rating reaffirmed on January 27, 2025.
ICRA Ratings	83.00	NA	PTC Series A1 (PLUM 24-1)	[ICRA]AA(SO)	Withdrawn	Rating upgraded from [ICRA]AA(SO) to [ICRA]AAA (SO) on August 22,2024. Withdrawn on 31 January 2025.
ICRA Ratings	64.91	NA	PTC Series A1 (PLUM 24-2)	(ICRA)AA(SO)	Withdrawn	Rating upgraded from [ICRA]AA(SO) to [ICRA]AAA (SO) on April 08,2024 Withdrawn on 31 January 2025.
ICRA Ratings	150.45	(ICRA)AA(SO)	PTC Series A1 (PLUM 24-3)	[ICRA]AA(SO)	No change	Rating reaffirmed on October 29, 2024.
ICRA Ratings	127.24	[ICRA]AA(SC)	PTC Series A1 (PLUM 24-4)	(ICRA)AA(SO)	No change	Rating reaffirmed on December 30, 2024.
ICRA Ratings	97.76	(ICRA)AA(SO)	PTC Series A1 (PLUM 24-5)	[ICRA]AA(SO)	No change	Rating reaffirmed on December 30, 2024.
ICRA Ratings	51,43	[ICRA]AA+(SO)	PTC Series A1 (PLUM 24-6)	(ICRA)AA+(SO)	No change	Rating reaffirmed on January 20, 2025.
ICRA Ratings	186.28	[ICRA]AA(SO)	PTC Series A1 (PLUM 24-7)	(ICRA)AA(SO)	No change	Rating reaffirmed on January 27, 2025,
ICRA Ratings	48.33	(ICRA)AA+(SO)	PTC Series A1 (PLUM 24-10)	(ICRA]AA+(SO)	No change	Provisional rating reaffirmed as final [ICRA]AA+(SO) on April 29, 2024
ICRA Ratings	104,07	(ICRA]AA+(SO)	PTC Series A1 (PLUM 24-11)	(ICRA)AA+(SO)	No change	Provisional rating reaffirmed as final (ICRA)AA+(SO) on April 08, 2024
ICRA Ratings	146,00	[ICRA]AA (SO)	PTC Series A1 (PLUM 24-9)	NA	Newly Assigned	Provisional rating (ICRAJAA(50); Assigned on April 12, 2024 (ICRAJAA(50) Provisional rating confirmed as final on June 03, 2024
ICRA Ratings	215.52	Series A1- AAA (SO) Series A2- AA+ (SO)	PTC Series A1 (PLUM 24-8) PTC Series A2 (PLUM 24-8)	NA	Newly Assigned	PTC Series A1: Provisional rating (ICRA)AAA(SO); Assigned on April 08, 2024 PTC Series A2: Provisional rating (ICRA)AA+(SO); Assigned on April 08, 2024 PTC Series A1: (ICRA)AAA(SO) Provisional rating confirmed as final on May 24, 2024 PTC Series A2: (ICRA)AA+(SO) Provisional rating confirmed as final on May 24, 2024
ICRA Ratings	216.31	(ICRA)AA (SO)	PTC Series A1 (PLUM 25-1)	NA	Newly Assigned	Provisional rating [ICRA]AA(SO); Assigned on June 18, 2024 [ICRA]AA(SO) Provisional rating confirmed as final on June 26, 2024
ICRA Ratings	83.25	[ICRA]AA+ (SO)	PTC Series A1 (PLUM 25-2)	NA	Newly Assigned	Provisional rating (ICRA)AA+(SO); Assigned on June 26, 2024 (ICRA)AA+(SO) Provisional rating confirmed as final on July 29, 2024
ICRA Ratings	60.19	(ICRA)AA+ (SO)	PTC Series A1 (PLUM 25-3)	NA	Newly Assigned	Provisional rating (ICRA)AA+(SO); Assigned on July 01, 2024 (ICRA)AA+(SO) Provisional rating confirmed as final on July 08, 2024
ICRA Ratings	185.93	Series A1- AAA (SO) Series A2- AA+ (SO)	PTC Series A1 (PLUM 25-4) PTC Series A2 (PLUM 25-4)	NA	Newly Assigned	PTC Series A1: Provisional rating (ICRA)AAA(SO); Assigned on September 12, 2024 PTC Series A2: Provisional rating (ICRA)AAA(SO); Assigned on September 12, 2024 PTC Series A1: [ICRA)AAA(SO) Provisional rating confirmed as final on October 29, 2024 PTC Series A2: [ICRA)AA+(SO) Provisional rating confirmed as final on October 29, 2024
ICRA Ratings	88,13	(ICRAJAA+ (SO)	PTC Series A1 (PLUM 25-6)	NA	Newly Assigned	Provisional rating [ICRA]AA+(SO); Assigned on September 02, 2024 [ICRA]AA+(SO) Provisional rating confirmed as final on September 09, 2024
ICRA Ratings	282.07	(ICRAJAA (SO)	PTC Series A1 (PLUM 25-7)	NA	Newly Assigned	Provisional rating [ICRA]AA(SO); Assigned on September 30, 2024 [ICRA]AA(SO) Provisional rating confirmed as final on October 07, 2024
ICRA Ratings	199,89	(ICRAJAA (SO)	PTC Series A1 (PLUM 2S-8)	NA	Newly Assigned	Provisional rating (ICRAJAA(SO); Assigned on March 24, 2025 (ICRAJAA(SO) Provisional rating confirmed as final on April 02, 2025
ICRA Ratings	211.61	Series A1- AAA (SO) Series A2- AA+ (SO)	PTC Series A1 (APRIUM 25-1)	NA	Newly Assigned	PTC Series A1: Provisional rating [ICRA]AA4(SO); Assigned on October 10, 2024 PTC Series A2: Provisional rating [ICRA]AA+(SO); Assigned on October 10, 2024 PTC Series A1: [ICRA]AAA(SO) Provisional rating confirmed as final on August 23, 2024 PTC Series A2: IICRA]AA+(SO) Provisional rating confirmed as final on August 23, 2024





DMI Finance Private Limited Notes to the standalone financial statements

CRA Ratings	150.00	I		s. millions, unless	otherwise stated)	
icha katings	150.00	NA .	Long-term Market Linked Debentures	PP-MLD(ICRA)AA (Stable)	Rating Withdrawn	Ratings reaffirmed on 13 August 2024 Ratings reaffirmed on 20 September 2024 Ratings placed on Watch with Negative Implications on 24 October 2024 Ratings placed on Watch with Negative Implications on 24 October 2024 Ratings reaffirmed to PF-MILO[ICRA]AA (Stable), removed from Rating Watch and Withdrawn on 17 January 2025
ICRA Ratings	1,100.00	(ICRAJA1+	Commercial paper	(ICRAJA1+	Rating enhancement	Ratings reaffirmed on 13 August 2024 Ratings reaffirmed on 20 September 2024 Rating amount enhanced from Rs. 600 Crores to Rs. 1100 Crores on 24 October 2024. Ratings reaffirmed on 17 January 2025
ICRA Ratings	8,462.00	[ICRA]AA (Stable) [ICRA]A1+	Long-term/short- term fund- based/non-fund based others	(ICRA)AA (Stable)	Rating enhancement and (ICRA)A1+ assigned	Rating amount enhanced from Rs. S962 Crores to Rs.8462 Crores and (ICRA)A1+ assigned on 13 August 2024 Ratings reaffirmed on 20 September 2024 Long-term ratings placed on Watch with Negative Implications and ICRA)A1+ reaffirmed on 24 October 2024 Long term ratings reaffirmed to [ICRA)AA (Stable) and removed from Rating Watch. ICRA)A1+ reaffirmed on 17 January 2025.
CRA Ratings	1,235.00	[ICRA]AA (Stable)	Non-convertible debentures	(ICRA)AA (Stable)	Rating enhancement	Ratings reaffirmed on 13 August 2024 Ratings amount enhanced from Rs. 835 Crores to Rs. 1235 Crores on 20 September 2024. Ratings placed on Watch with Negative Implications on 24 October 2024 Ratings reaffirmed to [ICRA]AA (Stable) and removed from Rating Watch on 17 January 2025.

III) Penalties, if any, levied by any regulator; The following penalties were imposed on the company during Financial Year 2024-25:

- 1) Fine amounting Rs. 75,520/- (inclusive applicable taxes) cumulatively was levied by the Bombay Stock Exchange vide communications dated May 30, 2024 and August 29, 2024 for non-appointment of a qualified company secretary as the compliance officer.
- 2) Fine of Rs. 11,800/- (Inclusive applicable taxes) was imposed by the Bombay Stock Exchange on July 1, 2024 for delay in submission of the notice of Record Date.
- 3) Fine of Rs. 56,640/- (inclusive applicable taxes) was imposed by the Bombay Stock Exchange on May 03, 2024 for non-Compliance with respect to the requirement of the Para 8.4 of Chapter XVII of SEBI circular dated August 10, 2021.

Iv) Information namely, area, country of operation and Joint venture partners with regard to Joint ventures and overseas subsidiaries

The Company has its main operations in India situated in Delhi/NCR and also has offices situated in Mumbai, Bengaluru, Noida, Gurugram and Kolkata. The Company does not have any overseas subsidiaries. Further, the Company has entered into a Joint Venture with Ampverse DMI Private Limited during the FY 23-24.





	Capital to risk assets ratio (CRAR) Particulars	Numerator	Denominator	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
0.0	CRAR (%)	Adjusted Tier I and Tier II Capital	Risk weighted assets		
	RAR-Tier I capital (%)	Adjusted Tier I Capital	Risk weighted assets	51.06% 50.83%	44 76%
	RAR- Tier II capital (%)	Adjusted Tier II Capital	Risk weighted assets		43.88%
	Amount of subordinated debt raised as Tier-II capital	risjustes that it capital	hisk weighted assets	0.23%	0.88%
	Amount raised by issue of Perpetual Debt Instruments				(*)
000000				-	(Amount in Rs. crores)
				Year ended	Year ended
В	Sasis of Ratios			SACREMAN CONTRACTOR	
357	Adjusted Tier I Capital			31 March 2025	31 March 2024
	Adjusted Fier II Capital			6,436.59	6,476.44
	otal Capital			24.30	130.50
- 1	otal Capital			6,460,89	6,606.94
c. R	lisk weighted assets			10,581.20	14,760.35
	nvestments				(Amount in Rs. crores)
	articulars			March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
1) v	/alue of Investments *				
1)	Gross Value of Investments*				
	a) In India			2,404.40	669.39
	b) Outside India				003,33
il,) Provisions for Depreciation**				
	a) in India			40.36	40.36
	b) Outside India				1.13
16					
	a) In India			2,364.04	629.03
24121	b) Outside India				
	Movement of provisions held towards depreciation on inve	stments,			
()				40.36	111.72
11					2000
16		g the year			(71.36)
lv	v) Closing Balance			40.36	40.36
	The Company has investment in FVOCI, FVTPL and Amortic *Provision of depreciation comprises of Impairment loss a	llowance on the investments.	is included in the gross value of in	vestment	

investments include credit substitues and pass through certificate.

III) Derivatives

a. The Company has not dealt in derivatives during the FY 2024-25 and FY 2023-24, therefore no details are to be disclosed b. The derivatives do not include embedded derivatives as per IND AS 109.

c. Exchange Traded Interest Rate (IR) Derivatives
The Company has no dealings in exchange traded interest rate derivatives during the FY 2024-25 and FY 2023-24, therefore no details are to be disclosed.

d. Disclosures on Risk Exposure in Derivatives
The Company does not deal in derivatives therefore no details are to be disclosed.





(All Amount in Rs. millions, unless otherwise stated) Notes to the standalone financial statements **DMI Finance Private Limited**

IV) Asset Liability Management Maturity pattern of certain items of Assets and Liabilities Maturity Pattern of Assets and Liabilities as on Narch 31, 2025

										(Amo	(Amount in Rs. crores)
Particulars	1 to 7 days	8 to 14 days	15 days to 30 days	Over 1month to 2 month	Over 2 months to 3 months	Over 3 months to 6 months	Over 6 months to 1 year	Over 1year to 3 years	Over 1 year to 3 Over 3 years and years upto 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
Investments*	•0)		1,726.97	48.52	33.96	97.85	114.57	22,44		279 37	2 222 68
Borrowings"	x		176.48	203.50	357.22	926.30	1 104 95	1 634 70	51		2000
	-	-									7,000,00
Advances*	564.09	4.55	86.62	642.82	658.78	1,525.10	2,055.05	2,246.07	424.48	0.08	8.207.6
-Corporate	,		30.46		53.42	11.87	8.62	36.41	324.53		465.31
-Consumer	564.09	4.55	56.16	642.82	605.36	1,513.23	2.046.43	2.209.66	20 06	0.08	7 7/7 2
Other financial assets	*		0.31	23.15	14.01	2.71	10.81	5.53	1 00	7 77 7	1,176.33
							1200 CO	2,000,000	The same of the sa	***************************************	

Investments do not include Credit Substitutes, same have been considered as Advances. Advances are gross of impairment loss allowance.

Borrowings includes debt securities.

Maturity Pattern of Assets and Liabilities as on March 31, 2024

NASSESSES - STANDARD				The second second second						100000	Carlo and and an area
Particulars	1 to 7	8 to 14 days	15 days to 30	Over 1 month to Over 2 months	Over 2 months	Over 3 months	Over 6 months	Over 6 months Over 1 year to 3 Over 3 years and	0	Over 5 years	Total
	days		days	2 month	to 3 months	to 6 months	to 1 year	years	-		
Investments*			29.95	30.57	29.64	86.99	107.13	158.35		346.04	588.67
	0 53		20. 10.	100	200.00					******	200.00
Borrowings"	8.52	269.98	121.48	181.30	389,60	1,042.78	1,376.78	3,314.95	131,75	×	6,837.14
Advances*	972.44	2,30	44.30	950.15	894,79	2,233.21	2,887.50	3,819.59	415.95	159.12	12 379 35
Cornorate			17 92	757	1701	1207	200.00				
10000			48.00	0.07	10.71	10.01	124.20	TT-CTT	187.47	159.05	629.31
-Consumer	972.44	2.30	31.47	949.58	877.78	2,220.14	2,763.30	3,704.48	228.48	0.07	11 750 04
Other financial assets	0.08	0,01	2.50	5.58	34.98	68.89	0.94	0.05	1.99	1.09	117.11

^{*} Investments do not include Credit Substitutes, same have been considered as Advances. Advances are gross of impairment loss allowance.

Borrowings includes debt securities.

		March 31, 2025	1, 2025			March 3	arch 31, 2024	
Nature of fraud	No. of cases	No. of cases Amt. of fraud	Recovery	Amt. written off No. of cases	No. of cases	Amt. of fraud	Recovery#	Recovery# Amt. written off
ash embezzlement								
oan given against fictitious documents	93*	0.62	0.04	0.62	119*	1.67	010	116
Fraud by external party		×	•					4.40
Fraud Committed by Customer	•	3						

^{*} All the frauds reported during the financial year ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2024 are fraud committed by external party and reported to RBI upto March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024 respectively.
Recovered from selling partner under First Loss Default Guarantee (FLDG) arrangement.





DMI Finance Private Limited

Notes to the standalone financial statements (All Amount in Rs. millions, unless otherwise stated)

Exposures Exposure to Real Estate Sector

		(Am	ount in Rs. crores)
	Category	March 31, 2025	
а	Direct Exposure (Includes loans and credit substitutes)		Missing and and
i	Residential Mortgages -		
	Lending fully secured by mortgages on residential property that is or will be occupied by the borrower or that is rented	23.17	49.38
H	Commercial Real Estate -		
	Lending secured by mortgages on commercial real estates (office buildings, retail space, multipurpose commercial premises,	430.27	529.62
	multi-family residential buildings, multi-tenanted commercial premises, industrial or warehouse space, hotels, land acquisition.		3,3,02
	development and construction, etc.). Exposure would also include non-fund based limits		
iii	Investments in Mortgage Backed Securities (MBS) and other securitized exposures -		
	Residential	-	
	Commercial Real Estate		
b	Indirect Exposure	2	
	Total Exposure to Real Estate Sector *	453,44	579.00
	*Includes exposure to sub-standards assets as well		40.000
В	Exposure to Capital Market**		
	Category		
()	direct investment in equity shares, convertible bonds, convertible debentures and units of equity-oriented mutual funds the corpus of which is not exclusively invested in corporate debt;	278.90	220.75
(iii)	advances against shares / bonds / debentures or other securities or on clean basis to individuals for investment in shares		201
	(including IPOs / ESOPs), convertible bonds, convertible debentures, and units of equity-oriented mutual funds;		
(iii)	advances for any other purposes where shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual	38.49	4.23
	funds are taken as primary security;		
(iv)	advances for any other purposes to the extent secured by the collateral security of shares or convertible bonds or convertible		14
	debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds i.e. where the primary security other than shares / convertible bonds /		
	convertible debentures / units of equity oriented mutual funds 'does not fully cover the advances:		
(v)	secured and unsecured advances to stockbrokers and guarantees issued on behalf of stockbrokers and market makers;		
(vi)	loans sanctioned to corporates against the security of shares / bonds / debentures or other securities or on clean basis for meeting promoter's contribution to the equity of new companies in anticipation of raising resources;	2	
	bridge loans to companies against expected equity flows / Issues;	(30)	
(viii)	Underwriting commitments taken up by the NBFCs in respect of primary issue of shares or convertible bonds or convertible		
	debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds		
(ix)	Financing to stockbrokers for margin trading		
(x)	All exposures to Alternative Investment Funds:	100	
	(i) Category I (ii) Category II		
	(ii) Category III	0.48	0.58
	Total Exposure to Capital Market	317.07	225.55
	Total Exposure to capital market	317.87	225.56

**At carrying value

C Details of financing of parent company products

The Company has not financed any parent company product during the current year and previous year

Details of Single Borrower Limit (SGL) / Group Borrower Limit (GBL) exceeded by the NBFC

The Company has not exceeded any single or group borrower limits during the FY 2024-25 and FY 2023-24 as per prescribed RBI guidelines therefore no details are being provided

Unsecured Advances
The Company has not granted unsecured advances against collateral of intangible securities such as charge over the rights, licenses or authority.

	Additional Disclosures		(Am	ount in Rs. crores)
VII)	Provisions and contingencies		March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
	Break up of 'Provisions and Contingencies' shown under the head expenditure in Statement of Profit and Loss			
	Provisions for depreciation on Investment		18	(71.36)
	Provision towards NPA		41.17	(36.28)
	Provision made towards Income tax		15.23	222.61
	Provision made/(released) towards deferred tax	4	(12.82)	(91.64)
	Other provision and contingencies			
	Provision for gratuity		2.14	1.65
	Provision for compensated absences		2.82	2,93
	Provision for Standard Assets		94.48	95.95
	# Investments include credit substitutes			
	Figures in brackets represent amounts credited to Statement of Profit and Loss			

VIII) Draw Down from Reserves
The Company has not draw downed any amount from the Reserves during the current year and previous year





DMI Finance Private Limited

Notes to the standalone financial statements (All Amount in Rs. millions, unless otherwise stated)

101	Constanting (Paris)	(Amo	unt In Rs. crores)
IX)	Concentration of Deposits, Advances, Exposures and NPAs Concentration of Deposits	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
	Concentration of Advances*	*	
	Total Advances to twenty largest borrowers		
	Percentage of Advances to twenty largest borrowers to Total Advances	479.65 5.84%	636.80
		3,64%	5.03%
	Concentration of Exposures"		
	Total Exposure to twenty largest borrowers / customers	479.65	636.80
	Percentage of Exposures to twenty largest borrowers / customers to Total Exposure of the borrowers / customers	5.84%	5.03%
	Concentration of NPAs**		
	Total Exposure to top four NPA accounts **Represent Stage III loans including interest	296,49	289.14
	*considered gross of unamortised income		
X)	Movement of NPAs		
	Net NPAs to Net Advances (%) *	2.69%	1.58%
	Movement of NPAs (Gross)	2.03%	1.58%
	Opening balance	322.63	270,63
	Additions during the year	130.41	153.08
	Reductions during the year Closing balance	65.46	101.08
	•	386.58	322.63
	Movement of Net NPAs		
	Opening balance	193.24	110.13
	Additions during the year Reductions during the year	47.85	82.30
	Closing balance	25.08	(0.81)
	-	216.01	193.24
	Movement of provisions for NPAs (excluding provisions on standard assets). Opening balance		
	Provisions made during the year	129.39	160.50
	Write-off / write-back of excess provisions	82_56 41.38	70.78 101.89
	Closing balance	170.57	129.39
	* Net Advances are taken net of provisions against Stage 3 assets		
XI)	Overseas Assets (for those with Joint Ventures and Subsidiaries abroad)		
	The Company does not have any Joint Venture or Subsidiary abroad, therefore no details to be reported		
XII)	Off- Balance sheet SPVs sponsored		
	The Company does not have any Off- Balance sheet SPV, therefore no details to be reported		
XIII)	Disclosure of Gold Loan Portfolio		
	Total Gold Loan Portfolio Total Assets		12
	Gold loan portfolio as % of Total Assets		
(IV)	Disclosure of Gold Auction		
1177	Number of loan accounts		
	Outstanding Amount		•
	Value fetched on auctions		
XV)	Details of Off balance sheet exposure Refer note 44 for details of contingent (iabilities and commitments		
KVI)	Loan accounts past due 90 days and not treated as Impaired		
	Number of loan accounts	-	
	Loan outstanding		
	Overdue Amount		





XVII) Schedule to the Balance Sheet
As required in terms of Master Direction - Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company-Scale Based Regulations) Directions, 2023

		Particulars	Amount Outstanding	Amount
		Liabilities side	(March 31,2025)	Overdue
1		Loans and advances availed by the NBFC inclusive of interest accrued thereon but not		
		paid:		
	9	Debentures : Secured	382.69	
		Debentures : Unsecured	536.60	
		(other than falling within the meaning of public deposits)		
	ь	Deferred Credits		
	c	Term Loans	2,360.37	
	d	Inter corporate loans and borrowings	2,300.37	
	e	Commercial Paper	24.39	
	F	Public Deposit	24.33	1.5
	в	Other loans (lease liability, Cash credit & Securitization)	1,157.06	
2	Break not pa	-up of (1)(f) above (Outstanding public deposits inclusive of interest accrued thereon but iid)		
	a	In the form of Unsecured debentures	931	12
	ь	In the form of partly secured debentures i.e. debentures where there is a shortfall in the	•	
	53	value of security		
	c	Other public deposits		
	•	Other public deposits		
		Assets side	Amount Outstanding	
3	Break	-up of Loans and Advances including bills receivables (net) *	(March 31,2025)	
	а	Secured	1,705.25	
	ь	Unsecured		
	ី	United to	5,830.18	
4	Break	up of Leased Assets and stock on hire and other assets counting towards asset financing		
	1	Lease assets including lease rentals under sundry debtors	5	
	(a)	Financial lease		
		Operating lease		
	2	Stock on hire including hire charges under sundry debtors		
		Assets on hire		
	(b)	Repossessed Assets		
	3	Other loans counting towards asset financing activities		
	3000		-1	
	(a)	Loans where assets have been repossessed	*	
	(b)	Loans other than (a) above	*	
5		up of investments		
		it Investments		
	1	Quoted		
	(1)	Shares		
		(A) Equity	•	
		(B) Preference		
	(ii)	Debentures and Bonds	2	
	(iii)	Units of Mutual Funds		
	(iv)	Government Securities	2	
	(v)	Others (Please specify)	*	
	2	Unquoted		
	(1)	Shares		
		(A) Equity		
		(B) Preference		
	(iii)	Debentures and Bonds		
	1000	Units of Mutual Funds	1,685.04	
		THE TOTAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY	2,003.04	
	2000	Government Securities	200	





	Ascats side	Amount Outstanding (March 31,2025)
ong	Farm Investments	
1	Quoted	
(i)	Shares	
	(A) Equity	
	(B) Preference	
(ii)	Debentures and Bonds	
(iii)	Units of Mutual Funds	
(iv)	Government Securities	
(v)	Others (Please specify)	9
2	Unquoted	
(i)	Shares	
	(A) Equity	236.93
	(B) Preference	41.98
(iii)	Debentures and Bonds	40.36
(iii)	Units of Mutual Funds	40.00
(iv)	Government Securities	
(v)	Others - Units of Alternative investment Fund and investment in pass through certificate	22.92

6 Borrower group-wise classification of assets financed as in (3) and (4) above:

	Category	Amou	nt net of provision	
		Secured	Unsecured	Total
а	Subsidiaries	4	-	
ь	Companies in the same group	19		
c	other related parties			
Other	than related parties	1,705.25	5,830.18	7,535.44
Total			7,000.120	7,055.44

7 Investor group-wise classification of all investments (current and long term) in shares and securities (both quoted and unquoted)

	Category	Market Value	Book value (net of provisions) #
Rela	ted Party		
a	Subsidiaries	216.50	216.50
b	Companies in the same group	23.78	23.78
c	Other related parties		
Othe	er than related parties	2,123.76	2,123.76
Tota	£ 2	2,364.04	2,364.04
	C 2020 - 84 L C		
Othe	er information		
Section 1988	er Information Iculars		Amount
Parti			Amount
Parti	Iculars		Amount
Parti Gros	iculars ss Non Performing Assets		
Parti Gros a. b.	iculars is Non Performing Assets Related parties	v	7.
Parti Gros a. b.	Iculars is Non Performing Assets Related parties Other than related parties	· 6·	7.

* Net of impairment loss allowance # Book value is carrying value as per IND AS





XVIII) Disclosure relating to Securitization

As required in terms of paragraph 116 of Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Securitisation of Standard Assets) Directions, 2021

No	Particulars	As on	ount in Rs. crores
	r di decorats	As on March 31, 2025	As on March 31, 2024
1	No of SPEs holding assets for securitisation transactions originated by the originator	17	12
	(only the SPVs relating to outstanding securitization exposures to be reported here)	0.71	
2	Total amount of securitised assets as per books of the SPEs	1,560.71	898.85
3	Total amount of exposures retained by the originator to comply with MRR as on the date of		
	balance sheet		
	a Off Balance Sheet Exposure (i) First Loss		
	(ii) Others		
	b On Balance Sheet Exposure		
	(i) First Loss	213.98	108.26
	(ii) Others	310.20	130.87
4	Amount of exposures to securitisation transactions other than MRR		
	a Off Balance Sheet Exposure		
	(i) Exposure to own securitisations		
	First Loss Others		
	(ii) Exposure to third party securitisations		
	First Loss		
	Others		
	b On Balance Sheet Exposure		
	(I) Exposure to own securitisations		
	First Loss	•	*
	Others (II) Exposure to third party securitisations		
	First Loss		
	Others		
5	Sale consideration received for the securitised assets Gain/loss on sale on account of securitisation	2,744.64	1,230,39
6	Form and quantum (outstanding value) of services provided by way of, liquidity support, post-securitisation asset servicing, etc.	*	
7	Performance of facility provided	221	7
•	Please provide separately for each facility viz. Credit enhancement, liquidity support, servicing agent etc. Mention percent in bracket as of total value of facility provided.		
	(a) Amount paid	1,393.13	3
	(b) Repayment received	1,177.56	5
	(c) Outstanding amount	30,45	108,96
8	Average default rate of portfolios observed in the past, Please provide breakup separately for each asset class i.e. RMBS, Vehicle Loans etc	*	
9	Amount and number of additional/top up loan given on same underlying asset. Please provide breakup separately for each asset class i.e. RMBS, Vehicle Loans etc.	*	×
10	Investor complaints (a) Directly/Indirectly received and; (b) Complaints outstanding	*	NA
VIV)	Loans to Directors, Senior Officers and relatives of Directors		
nin)	As required in terms of paragraph 7 of Loans and Advances – Regulatory Restrictions - NBFCs		
	Sr. No. Particulars	As on	ount in Rs. crores) As on
	VI. 1197 01 11901017	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
	1 Directors and their relatives	-	
	2 Entities associated with directors and their relatives		4
	3 Senior Officers (including KMP) and their relatives		C.e.

- 3 Senior Officers (including KMP) and their relatives
- XX) There is no financing to Parent Company product in current and previous year.
- XXI) There is no postponement of revenue recognition in current and previous year.
- XXII) There is no drawdown from reserves in current and previous year.





DMI Finance Private Umited
Notes to the stancialone financial statements
(All Amount in Rs. millions, unless otherwise stated)

(xxxx) Related pany disclosure (as required by the NBFCs Master Direction – Reserve Bent, of India (Non-Banting Financial Compani – Scole Based Regulation) Directions, 2023) Transactions with related parties, amount outstanding at the year end and the maximum during the year:

£ 11 2 8 4 8 9 7 8 6

S I man E manen

	Parent (as pe	Parent (as per ownership or control)	Subsic	Subsidiaries	Associate/Joint venture	int venture	Directors	tors	Relatives o	Relatives of directors	Key management personnel	ant personnel	Relatives of key management	Management	\$	Others	Tot	Total
item/related party	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2025	Year ended March 31, 2024
Transactions during the year:																		
Advances given				(d)	•		,	0.52	•			98.0				-		
Repayment of advances given		0/4	•		*	. 1		0.52	6.08	3		0.50				17.00		18.33
Repayment of borrowings				•												13.40	• •	18,36
Proceeds from borrowings	0.		•		1		•		34	1.7					13.40		13.40	
Purchase of Investment			185.73	06.90	10 66	13,12	14		1		4	,			2	75.29	106 481	00.00
Sale of Investment					*	0.15				10					*	7.54		4 60
Interest expenses		2			*	*	•	(ª		*		219	٠		1.08	1.08		
Interest income			9,79	100	6	F	*			*	1			7		0.41	9.79	0.41
Cont chara recovery	-	100			2			90		•							*	
Special and a second			9 40	8 1		7 10			*				•		12.09	3.83	15.65	10,89
Dividend income						0.43	tut	200				K.	•		1.07	1.72	1.22	2.14
Other expenses			984	8.02		3.87	61.0						•	•	*		(*)	1.60
Remuneration		4					10.53	12.18	179	5.5	285				2.80	1.12	12.77	13.01
Professional fee			,		*		0.16			E/18		•					13.20	14.29
Others			-		9								•		•	0.40	0.16	0.40
						0.24	100	1.45		0 16		0.59		10	3.01	0.15	5.74	2.59
Balances outstanding at year end:																		
Investments			215 50	94.06	23.78	13.12	i i				-		3	,		20.00		
Barrowings					٠	*		570		•		600			44.60	75.83	240.28	182.83
Others			0.76	0.25	9					•	*				80 80	8.10	14.48	. 25 H
Maxmium balance outstanding during the year:	1.4																	2
Investments	*	*	185.73	94.15	10.66	13.55	*		,							100		-
Borrowings			4	*	٠	Ť			٠			-		500		1903	120.39	183.35
Advances		*	4	*	*	٠	*	0.52		٠		0.80			200	1900	13.40	13.00
Trade receivable	•		3.84		4.03		,	80.00	•		٠				1.65	2000	0.53	18.38
Other payable			177				0.28		•				200				-	







XXIV) Sectoral Exposure

lo Sectors	As	at March 31,2025		As a	t March 31,2024	
	Total Exposure (Rs. crore)*	Gross NPAs (Rs. crore)	Percentage of Gross NPAs to total exposure in that sector	Total Exposure (Rs. crore)*	Gross NPAs (Rs. crore)	Percentage of Gross NPAs to total exposure in that sector
1 Agriculture and Allied Activities			(i			
2 Industry						
(i) Real Estate	453.44	319.66	70.50%	529.62	239.77	45.27%
(II) Manufacturing and Services (III) Micro small and medium	(4)	360	W1		6	15.27
enterprises			7	79.92	0.23	0.299
(iv) Others	130.56	0.53	0.40%	52.24	52,24	100.009
Total of Industry	584.00	320.19	54.83%	661.78	292.24	44.169
3 Services						
(i) Financial Services	11.87			47.44		119
(ii) Others						
Total of Services	11.87	Q.	- 4	47.44		
4 Personal Loans						
(i) Consumer durables and credit lines	1,551.38	10.02	0.65%	4,249.17	6.59	0.16%
(ii) Other personal loans	6,060.40	56.37	0.93%	7,420.95	23.80	0.32%
Total of Personal Loans	7,611.78	66.39	0.87%	11,670.12	30.39	0.26%
5 Others		B	3	5		
Grand Total (1+2+3+4+5)	8,207.64	386.58	4.71%	12,379.35	322.63	2.61%

^{*} Total exposure includes investment in credit substitutes.





(XXV) Disclosure of complaints

1) Summary Information on complaints received by the NBFCs from customers and from the Offices of Ombudsman

S.no	Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
-		March 31,2025	March 31,2024
A.	Complaints received by the NBFC from its customers		The state of the s
	. Number of complaints pending at beginning of the year	45	73
ii	Number of complaints received during the year	6,620	8,637
iii	Number of complaints disposed during the year	6,607	8,665
	Of which, number of complaints rejected by the NBFC	155	0,000
iv.	Number of complaints pending at the end of the year	58	45
8.	Maintainable complaints received by the NBFC from Office of Ombudsman		
i,	Number of maintainable complaints received by the NBFC from Office of		
	Ombudsman	1,533	95
	Of (i), number of complaints resolved in favour of the NBFC by Office of	35	555
	Ombudsman	1,533	95
	Of (i), number of complaints resolved through conciliation/mediation/advisories		2.77
	issued by Office of Ombudsman	81	1
	Of (i), number of complaints resolved after passing of Awards by Office of		
	Ombudsman against the NBFC	0	
ii.	Number of Awards unimplemented within the stipulated time (other than those		,
133	appealed)	NA	N

Note: Maintainable complaints refer to complaints on the grounds specifically mentioned in Integrated Ombudsman Scheme, 2021 (Previously The Ombudsman Scheme for Non-Banking Financial Companies, 2018) and covered within the ambit of the Scheme.

2) Top five grounds of complaints received by the NBFCs from customers

S.no	Grounds of complaints	Number of complaints pending at the beginning of the year	Number of complaints received during the year	% increase/ decrease in the number of complaints received over the previous year	Number of complaints pending at the end of the year	Number of complaints pending beyond 30 days
March 31,202	5					
i. Incorrect	CIBIL updated	8	1,198	53.39%	24	
ii. Charged e	extra fee	15	1,049	(69.10%)	4	
III. Payment	not updated	2	857	(76,75%)	2	1.5
iv. Bounce cl	harges related			(100.00%)		
v. Collection	n related	17	3,197	545.86%	27	
vi. Other cor	mplaints	3	319	32.37%	1	-
		45	6,620	10.0	58	
March 31,202	4					
i, incorrect	CIBIL updated	4	781	(52.09%)	8	
ii. Charged e	extra fee	40	3,395	64.33%	15	
iii. Payment	not updated	24	3,686	2,62%	2	:
iv. Bounce of	harges related	2	39	(45.83%)	-	
v. Collection	n related	3	495	68.37%	17	
vi. Other cor	mplaints		241	72.14%	3	
		73	8,637		45	

(XXVI) Unhedged foreign currency exposure

For the details of unhedged foreign currency exposure, refer Note 50 (C)(iii)

(XXVII) Divergence in asset classification and provisioning

Additional provisioning assessed by RBI, exceeds 5 percent of the reported profits before tax and impairment loss on financial i (i)

nstruments for the reference period Additional Gross NPA Identified by RBI exceeds 5 percent of the Gross NPA for the reference period

There is no divergence assessed by RBI in asset classification and provisioning.

(XXVIII) Intra Group Exposure*

i) Total amount of intra-group exposures ii) Total amount of top 20 intra-group exposures

iii) Percentage of intra-group exposures to total exposure of the NBFC on borrowers/customers

*Comprises of optionally convertible debentures only

(XXIX) Net profit or loss for the period, prior period items and changes in accounting policies

There are no prior period items which are impacting Company's current year Profit and Loss,





Year ended

March 31,2025

March 31,2025

0

0.00%

Year ended

(Amount in Rs. crores)

March 31,2024

75.29 75.29

0.59%

March 31,2024

Additional disclosures pursuant to Annex III of Norms on Restructuring of Advances by NBFCs Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company – Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023 dated October 19, 2023 (as amended from time)-23

S.No.	Type of Restructuring			Others				Total		
	Asset Classification Details		Standard	Sub-Standard Doubtful Loss	Doubtful		Standard	Sub-Standard Doubtful Loss	Doubtfu	Los
н	Restructured Accounts as on April 01,2024	No. of Borrowers	9	1			,	1		
		Amount Outstanding	·	2.86				2.86		
		Provision thereon		0.29	4			0.29	£	
										L
7	Fresh restructuring during the year	No. of Borrowers	4	2		×			×	
		Amount Outstanding	,	c	,				,	
		Provision thereon								,
										L
m	Upgradations to restructured standard category during the FY	No. of Borrowers		i i						
		Amount Outstanding	•						*	
		Provision thereon						è	ı	
										L
4	Restructured standard advances which cease to attract higher	No. of Borrowers	•	,						
	provisioning and / or additional risk weight at the end of the FY	Amount Outstanding				-				L
	and hence need not be shown as restructured standard	6	•			r		٠	٠	٠
	advances at the beginning of the next FY	Provision thereon	٠		•				*	,
						_				L
S	Downgradations of restructured accounts during the FY	No. of Borrowers	4		,			á		
		Amount Outstanding	*			1			,	
		Provision thereon		*		4		,		
9	Write-offs of restructured accounts during the FY	No. of Borrowers	4	1				1	,	
		Amount Outstanding		2.86	*			2.86	*	,
		Provision thereon	*	0.29	*			0.29	a	
										L
7	Restructured Accounts as on March 31,2025	No. of Borrowers							,	
		Amount Outstanding		·		,	*	,		à
		Provision thereon				2	3			

1) CDR restructuring segment and SME Debt Restructuring Mechanism is Nil.





(All Amount in Rs. millions, unless otherwise stated) Notes to the standalone financial statements DMI Finance Private Limited

- 54 Pursuant to RBI circular no. RBI (JDoR/2013-24/106 DoR. FIN. REC. No. 45/03.10.118/2013-24 dated October 19, 2013 (as amended from time to time). Uquidity credit risk (LCR) disclosures are presented as below:
- Ξ

Main LCR drivers and evolution of the contribution of inputs in LCR calculation over time
The numerator of Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) is driven by the quantum and composition of High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA). The denominator of Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) is criven by various components of the stressed cash flows.

HQLAs comprise of Cash and cash equivalents which include cash in hand and balances with scheduled commercial banks, including any fixed deposit (except piedged)

|b) Unsecured and secured wholesale funding

Borrowing maturities failing due in the next 50 days form a major component of cash outflows. It includes all NCD, Term Loan & Cash credit form of funding. Unsecured wholesale funding includes Unsecured NCDs.

(c) Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements

During the reporting period, the Company did not have any derivative exposure.

Other contractual funding ob igations are taken from other financial liabilities that includes, Trade Payable, Current tax liabilities, Other non-financial liabilities and other operating expenses that are not due shown in the Balance Sheet which are expected to be paid in the next 30 days.

(e) Other contingent funding obligations
 Judrawn countited credit lines loans form a part of other contingent funding obligations.

(f) Secured lending

Secured Lencing Inflows include the Principa Inflows from the Wholesale Exposure of the Loan Book.

(g) Inflows from fully performing exposures. This head includes the Unsecured exposure of the ioan book.

Intraperiod changes and changes overtime
The Company endeavors to maintain a healthy level of LCR at all points of time. The LCR table shows the movement of changes in each component over the reporting period. The average LCR moved from 404% for the quarter ended June 30, (h) Other inflows
For the LCR calculation, under other inflows, the major components are interest income, Penal Interest, Cash income, PF fnrome, Trade receivables; balance with tax authorities which includes tax input credit and receivables from collection agencies and channe partners maturing in next 30 days.

Ξ

2024 to 1203% for the quarter ended March 31, 2025.

I

implementation of liquidity risk management strategy of the Company and ensure adherence to the risk tolerance/limits set by the Board. The Company maintains a robust funding profile, which is periodically monitored and reviewed by ALCO. Concentration of funding sources
The Uquidity Risk Management famework of the Company is governed by its Liquidity Risk Management Policy and Procedures approved by the Board. The Asset Liability Management Committee of the Board (ALCO) overse the

The Company has a diversified funding profile in the form of Bank term loans and Non-convertible debentures which are bng-term in nature. Also, the Company has availed Working Company loan (WCDL) from various Banks. The Company is a non-deposit taking NBFC and hence, reporting ni deposits. The Company has a wide array of investors / bankers who have funded the Company through various funding instruments.

3

Derivative exposures and collateral calls
The Company did not incluige in derivative tradity activities and hence was not exposed to derivative and collateral call risk during the reporting period.

Ξ

Currency mismatches The Company was not exposed to any major currency risk during the reporting period.





A. Uquidity coverage ratio	As at Juni	As at June 30, 2024	As at Septen	As at September 30, 2024	As at Decem	As at December 31, 2024*	Asat Marc	Asat March 31, 2025*
	Total un-weighted amount (Average)	Total weighted amount (Average)	Octal un-weighted Total weighted Total un-weighted Total un-weighted amount (Average) amount (Average) amount (Average) amount (Average)	Total weighted amount (Average)	Total weighted Total un-weighted amount (Average)	Total weighted amount (Average)	Total un-	Total weighted amount (Average)
High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLAs) Cash Outflows	685.87	585.87	632.85	632.85	2,007.10	2,007.10	2,714.05	2,714.06
Deposits (for deposit taking companies)								
Unsecured wholesale funding	87.84	101.02	75.92	87.31	129.21	148.59	13.70	15.76
Secured wholesale funding	382.42	439,78	729.62	839,06	579.14	666.01	647.61	744.75
Additional requirements, of which		•	•	*		٠		
Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral		•	**	*		*		
requirements								
Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products				**	*	×	*	
Credit and liquidity facilities							*	
Other contractual funding obligations	120.44	138.51	138.71	159.52	131,60	151.34	123.71	142.27
Other contingent funding obligations					*			
TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS	596.70	679 31	36 020	1 085 29	830 00	955 94	202 03	01.000

The state of the s

Total HQLA Total net cash outflows Liquidity coverage ratio (%)

1 The components of LCR is arrived at by taking a stock approach whereby from the month end outstanding of each component (as financial records), the portion expected to be paid in the next 30 days is considered.

2 The Average LCR is computed as simple averages of daily observations over the previous quarter.

3 Interest secrued but not due to be paid for the subsequent month is considered.

2,714.05 225.70 1203%

2,007.10 241.49 831%

632.85 271.47 233%

585.87 169.83 404%

85.629

906.11

0.31 918.40 3.53 922.24

0.41 1,224.53 4,70 1,229.64

2.57 997.51 0.93 1,001.01

3.43 1,330.01 1.24 1,334.68

1,001.96

1,335,95 1,349.46

Secured lending Inflows from fully performing exposures Other cash inflows TOTAL CASH INFLOWS

Cash Inflows

5.43

- 4 "Investment in mutual funds is included while computing High-quality liquid assets (HQLA) for Liquidity Coverage ratio.





Liquidity risk

Public Disclosure on Liquidity Risk for the year ended March 31, 2025 pursuant to Master Direction - Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company - Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023

i) Funding concentration based on significant counterparty (refer note 1 below)

(Amount in Rs. crores) % of Total % of Total deposits liabilities 4,074.45 86.45%

Number of counterpartles

20

20

6,369.49

11,566,35

- *Accrued interest but not due and unamortised transaction costs are included in borrowings.
- **Above mentioned amount includes borrowing through PTC amounting to Rs 703.49 Cr, which has been considered as a single counterparty.

II) Top 20 large deposits

As at 31 March 2025

As at 31 March 2024**

Number of significant counterparties

There are no deposits accepted by the Company during the year as Company is non-deposit taking NBFC.

III) Top 10 borrowings

(Amount in Rs. crores)

88.37%

	Total amount of top 10 borrowings*	Percentage of amount of top 10 borrowings to total borrowings
As at 31 March 2025	3,427.65	77,64%
As at 31 March 2024**	4,883.75	
*Accrued Interest but not due and unamortised transaction costs are included in horrowings	4,003.73	70.92%

**Above mentioned amount includes borrowing through PTC amounting to Rs 703.49 Cr, which has been considered as a single counterparty.

lv) Funding Concentration based on significant instrument/product (refer note 2 below)

(Amount in Rs. crores)

	P. HI WAS CIVI
Nature of significant Instrument/product	As at March 31, 2025 As at March 31, 2024
	Amount* % of Total % of Total Amount* liabilities Amount* liabilities
Debentures	919.29 19.50% 889.90 12.3
Term loans	2,360,36 50.08% 5,256.80 72.9
PTC borrowings	1,110.99 23.57% 703.49 9.70
Cash Credit Total	0.00% 11.29 0.10
Total .	4,390.64 93.16% 6.851.48 95.20

*Accrued interest but not due and unamortised transaction costs are included in borrowings.

v) Stock ratios:

(Amount in Rs. crores)

14.023.41

							(Amount	in Rs. crores
	As at March 31, 2025			As at March 31, 2024				
Particulars	Amount	% of Total public funds	% of Total	% of Total assets	Amount	% of Total	% of Total liabilities	% of Total
Commercial papers	24.39	0.55%	0,52%	0.21%	24.54	0.36%	0,34%	0.17%
Non-convertible debentures (original maturity of less than one year)			(*)		367	10		0.1770
Other short-term liabilities	2,997.02	67.88%	63.59%	25.91%	3,695.90	53.67%	51.28%	26.36%
Total sublication de José de Carte de 18					As at N	farch 31, 2025	As at M	arch 31, 2024
Total public funds (refer note 3 below)"						4,415.03		6,886,02
Total liabilities						4,713.15		7,207.48

Accrued interest but not due and unamortised transaction costs are included in public funds.

Total assets

- 1) Significant counterparty is defined as a single counterparty or group of connected or affiliated counterparties accounting in aggregate for more than 1% of the NBFC-NDSI's, NBFC-Ds total liabilities as defined in Master Direction - Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company - Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023
- 2) Significant instrument/product is defined as a single instrument/product of group of similar instruments/ products which in aggregate amount to more than 1% of the NBFC-NDSI's, NBFC-Ds total liabilities, as defined in Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company – Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023
- 3) Public funds include funds raised either directly or indirectly through public deposits, inter-corporate deposits (except from associate), deposits from corporates (except from associate), bank finance and all funds received from outside sources such as funds raised by issue of Commercial Papers, debentures etc. but excludes funds raised by issue of instruments compulsorily convertible into equity shares within a period not exceeding 5 years from the date of issue, as defined in Master Direction - Reserve Bank of India (Non-Banking Financial Company - Scale Based Regulation) Directions, 2023.

vI) Institutional set-up for liquidity risk management

- a) The company is pro-active in managing liquidity risk with buffer for all repayments as per our liquidity risk management policy.
- b) The company is diligent in managing the Asset Liquidity Management and the mis-matches are kept in check at all times.
- c) This is reflected in the ALM reported to R8I previously which shows there is no negative cumulative mismatch in any duration bucket.
- d) The positive mismatches are not significant showing the Company is efficient with their Liquidity Planning.





55 (a) Details of resolution plan implemented under the Resolution framework for COVID-19 related stress as per RBI circular dated August 6, 2020 (Resolution Framework – 1,0) and May 5, 2021 (Resolution Framework 2.0) are given below:

Type of borrower	Exposure to accounts classified as Standard consequent to implementation of resolution plan – Position as at the end of the previous year (A) March 31,2024	Of (A), aggregate debt that slipped into NPA during the year	Of (A) amount written off during the year	Of (A) amount paid by the borrowers during the -year	(Amount in Rs. srores) Exposure to accounts classified as Standard consequent to implementation of resolution plan - Position as at the end of this year March 31.2035
Personal loans					
Of which MSMEs	0.11			0.10	0.01
Others	4.00	0.01	0.95	2.42	
Corporate Persons*				7,17	0.01
Total	4.11	0.01	0.95	2.52	0.63

*As defined in Section 3(7) of the Insolvence and Bankruptcy Code, 2016

55 (b) Disclosures pursuant to Master Direction – Reserve Bank of India (Transfer of Loan Exposures) Directions, 2021 in terms of RBI circular RBI/DOR/2021-22 DOR STR REC.51/21, D4.048/2021-22 dated September 24, 2021:

Α.	Details of stressed loans transferred during the year ended March 31,2025			
	Perticulars		To ARCs	To permitted transferees
	i, No. of accounts	No's	-	106,591
9	Aggregate principal outstanding of loans transferred	Rs crores		438.11
ii	. Weighted average residual tenor of the loans transferred			N
	v Net book value of loans transferred (at the time of transfer)	Rs crores	2	
9	Aggregate consideration	Rs. crores		22.11
V	. Additional consideration realized in respec, of accounts transferred in earlier years			NA NA
В.	Details of loans acquired during the year ended March 31, 2025		From lenders *	From ARCs
	No. of accounts	No.s	17,688	
- 1	Aggregate principal outstanding of loans acquired	Rs.crores	102.64	
- 11	Aggregate consideration paid	Rs crores	102 64	
1	Weighted average residual tenor of loans acquired	In months	17 months	
V	Retention of beneficial economic interest by the originator	96		
vi	Coverage of tangible security			
vii	. Rating wise distribution of rated loans		NA.	
è	. Mode of acquisition of pool		Assignment	
	\$ Landary Vistad in places 2 of the Bosonia Back of Ladia (Transfer of Law Forence) Directors and Di	manufacture of the state of the state of		

* Lenders listed in clause 3 of the Reserve Bank of India (Transfer of Loan Exposures) Directions, 2021 in terms of RBI circular RBI/DDR/2021-22 DDR STR REC.51/21.04.048/2021-22 dated September 24.2021

56 Disclosure on significant ratios:

Particulars	Description	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024	
Debt-Equity Ratio	[(Debt securities+ Borrowings (other than Debt Securities)] / Total equity	0.64	1.00	
Net profit margin	Net profit after tax / total revenue from operations	0.17%	15.74%	
Total debts to total assets	((Debt securities+ Borrowings (other than Debt Securities)) / Total assets	37.98%	48.76%	
Gross Non-Performing Assets	Gross Stage III loans EAD / Gross total loans EAD	4.71%	2.61%	
Net Non-Performing Assets	(Gross Stage III loans EAD - Impairment loss allowance for Stage III) / (Gross total loans EAD-Impairment loss allowance for Stage III)	2,69%	1.58%	
Asset cover ratio (number of times)*	Amount of secured assets / Secured debt	1.30	1.25	
Provision coverage ratio (%)	(Impairment loss allowance for Stage III / Gross Stage III loans EAD)	44.12%	40.11%	

* Asset Cover ratio is given for listed non convertible debt securities only.





57 Other Statutory Information

- i. During the current financial year, Company has not undertaken any transactions with the companies struck off under section 248 of Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.
- ii. Penalties imposed by the regulator during the financial year ended 31 March, 2025 are mentioned in Note 52 (A)(iii)
- lii. There are no such transaction which are not recorded in the books of account earlier and have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the current financial year in the tax assessments under the income tax act, 1961.
- iv. The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.
- v. The Company has not received any fund from any person or entity, including foreign entity (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
 - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- vi. The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ics), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall
 - (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- vii. The Company, as part of its normal business, grants loans and advances, makes investment, provides guarantees to and accept deposits and borrowings from its customers, other entities and persons. These transactions are part of Company's normal non-banking finance business, which is conducted ensuring adherence to all regulatory
 - Other than the transactions described above, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries") with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall lend or invest in party identified by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries).
- The Company has not received any fund from any party(s) (Funding Party) with the understanding that the Company shall whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- viii. The Company has compiled with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017 for the financial years ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024.
- ix. The Company does not possess any immovable property (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) whose title deeds are not held in the name of the Company during the financial year ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024.
- x. The Company has utilised the funds raised from banks and financial institutions for the specific purpose for which they were borrowed, though idle and surplus funds which were not required for immediate utilization were temporarily invested in liquid funds.
- xi. The Company has not been declared as wilful defaulter by any of banks, financial institution or any other lender.
- xii. No proceedings have been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder in the financial year ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024.
- xiii. Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. During the year ended March 31, 2025, MCA has notified in AS 117 Insurance Contracts and amendments to Ind AS 116 Leases, relating to sale and leaseback transactions, applicable to the Company w.e.f. April 1, 2024. The Company has reviewed the new pronouncements and based on its evaluation has determined that it does not have any impact in its financial statements.
- The Company received an order dated October 17, 2024, from the Reserve Bank of India ("RBi") under section 45L(1L(b)) of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. This order directed the Company to cease and desist sanction or disbursements of loan with effect from October 21, 2024, until the specific issues outlined in the order are adequately addressed and the Identified deficiencies are resolved to the satisfaction of the RBI. RBI vide letter dated January 08, 2025 lifted the cease and desist order following the submission of the company's remediation steps.
- The Income Tax Department ('the Department') conducted a search operation (the 'search') under section 132 of Income Tax Act, 1961 on the Company in the month of April 2025, The Company has provided all support and cooperation and the necessary details to the Department, as requested by the Department. The Company is examining and reviewing the matter and will take appropriate action, including addressing regulatory actions, if and when they occur.

While the uncertainty exists regarding the outcome of the proceedings by the department, the Company after considering all available information and facts as on date, has not identified the need for any adjustments to the current or prior period financial statements.





60 Events occurring after reporting date

There are no significant events after the reporting period which require any adjustment or disclosure in the financial statements except as mentioned in Note number 59.

- Previous year/periods figures have been regrouped/rearranged to make them comparable with the current year/period classification in accordance with Schedule III.
- 62 During the year, the company has appointed Nangia & Co LLP as statutory auditor pursuant to mandatory auditor rotation as per applicable regulatory requirements.
- 63 There are no events observed after the reported period which have an impact on the Company's operation.
- The Company uses Microsoft Navision software for maintenance of accounting data. Navision has inherent feature that entry once posted cannot be edited/deleted.
- The financial statements were approved for issue by Board of Directors on May 23, 2025.

For Nangia & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 002391C/N500069

TERED

Jaspreet Singh Bedi

Partner

Membership Number: 601788

Place: Mumbai Date: May 23, 2025 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

DMI Finance Private Limited

CIN: U64990DL2008PTC182749

Shivashish Chatterjee (Managing Director)

DIN: 02623460

Place: New York Date: May 23, 2025

Arpit Baheti (Interim Chief Financial Officer)

Place: New Delhi Date: May 23, 2025 Yuvraja Chahakya Singh

(Director) DIN: 02601179

Place: New Delhi Date: May 23, 2025

Reena Jayara (Company Secretary)

Place: New Delhi Date: May 23, 2025